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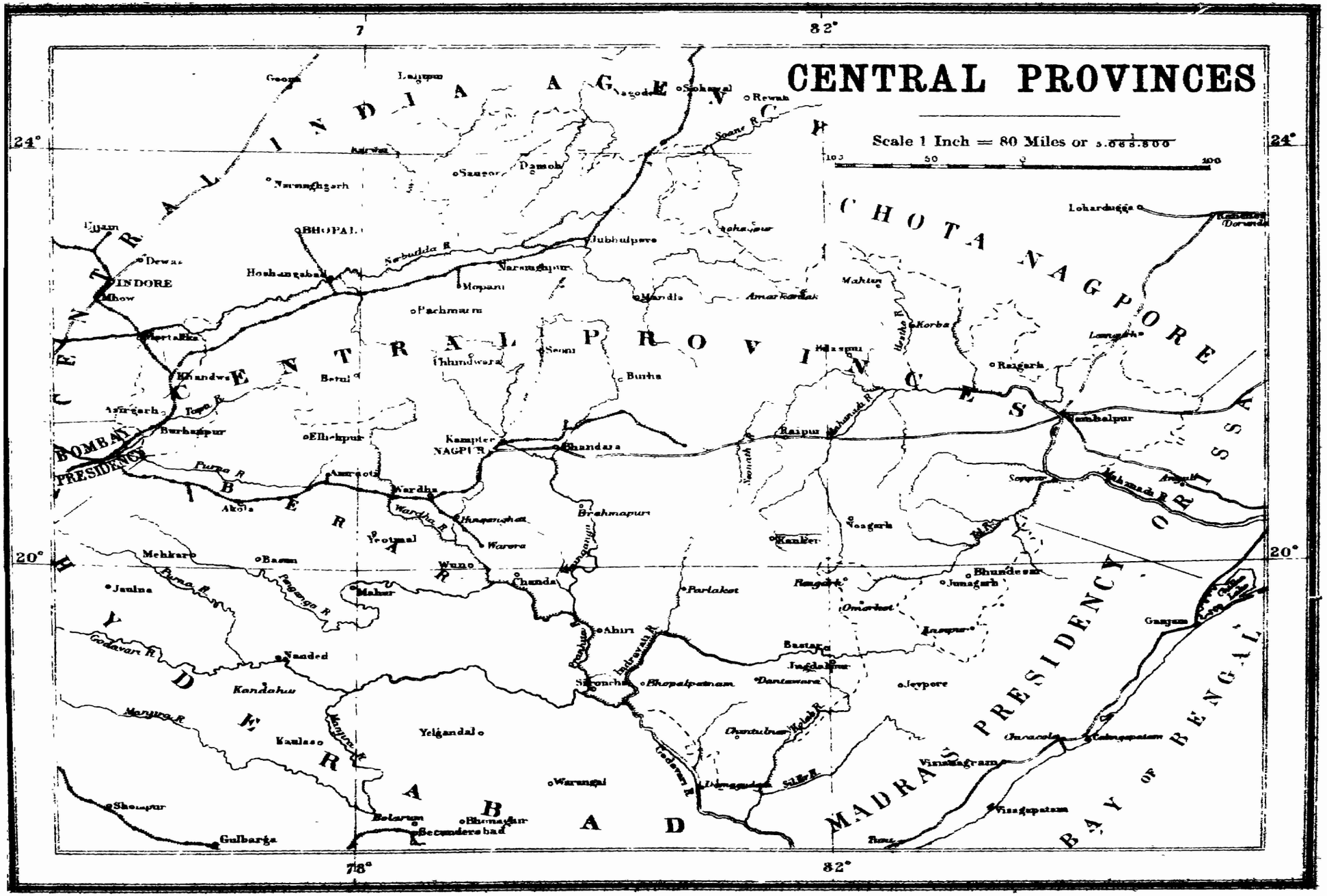

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ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

CENTRAL PROVINCES

FOR 1884-85.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

In the second Part of this Report detailed facts and figures are given for the calendar year 1884, in respect of the Judicial, Jail and Police Departments, and for the official year in respect of other Departments A summary of the official history of the same perio ls is given here, together with some general remarks on subjects of special interest.

Rain-fall and harvests.

2. The population being chiefly agricultural, the welfare of the people depends mainly on the out-turn of the harvests. The rain-fall of 1884 was remarkable for the absence of any break from the first burst of the monsoon (late in June) till near the close of September, and this incessant fall was prejudicial to all the autumn crops except rice, and prevented the usual preparation of the land for the spring crop sowings. The result was an out-turn considerably below the average as regards most of the staples of the autumn harvest, and a contraction of the area sown for the spring harvest. This was not, however, accompanied by any general rise in prices. On the contrary, prices on the whole fell, owing to the abundance of stock in hand, to the decrease in the general export demand, and, in the case of millet (juari), to the abundance of the harvest in Berar.

Land Revenue.

3. The Land Revenue was, as usual, collected without difficulty. No permanent addition was made to the assessment during the year.

Trade.

4. It was noticed in last year's Report that the system of registration of frontier and town traffic had been discontinued, because the figures obtained under that system were unreliable, and that attention had been turned to the improvement of the system for registering railway traffic. The trade by rail is now registered under what is known as the block system. English coal, cotton goods, gunny bags, metals, salt, sugar and tobacco are the most important articles of import, and accounted in the year under report for 61 per cent of the weight and 70 per cent of the value of the total import trade. The chief features in the import trade of the year were a great decrease in the import of English coal and Indian piece-goods, and a large increase in that of Indian yarn. The chief features in the export trade were a great decrease in the export of cotton and tilseed, owing to the shortness of the crop, and a large increase in the export of wheat and hides. The port of Bombay engrosses by far the largest portion of

the Provincial traffic, and the export trade of the Province with that port practically represents its export trade with Europe. The trade with the North-West Provinces and the Bombay Presidency is important, as supplying the Central Provinces with their sugar and salt respectively.

Revenue and Finance.

5. The total revenue of the year, including the receipts from Provincial State Railways and Public Works, amounted to Rs. 1,47,16,374, and the total expenditure, including charges on account of Provincial State Railways and Public Works, to Rs. 92,71,551. The surplus of revenue over expenditure was Rs. 54,44,823. The arrangements with the Government of India for the administration of the Provincial Services have remained the same as in the preceding year, but certain items of Provincial revenue and expenditure were transferred during the year to the administration of District Councils and Local Boards constituted under the Local Self-Government Act I of 1883. Further transfers in the same direction have been made since the commencement of the year 1885-86. The distribution of the total figures for 1884-85 under the three heads Imperial, Provincial and Local is given below :—

	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial ...	60,64,037	9,46,668
Provincial (including Public Works) ...	79,33,571	77,56,199
Incorporated Local ...	7,18,766	5,68,684

The finances of the Province are in a satisfactory state. The closing cash balance at the end of 1883-84 was Rs. 27,15,882. At the end of 1884-85 it amounted to Rs. 28,81,794 : these balances will be chiefly devoted to improving the communications of the Province, and the works to be undertaken and paid for from them have been carefully considered and determined. Large allotments were made for this purpose in the budget estimates of 1885-86. But owing to the check put on expenditure under the orders of the Government of India, the money has not been spent.

Communications.

6. The Jubbulpore and Mandla road, and the road connecting Saugor and Jubbulpore *vid* Damoh were completed. Work on the Tumsar-Katangi road, which is one of the many proposed feeders to the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway, was vigorously pushed on. The attention of the Administration is now directed chiefly to the construction of feeder roads to this railway and to the improvement of the communications between Nagpur and the Nerbudda valley *viâ* Saoner and Betul. This part of the Province, which includes the districts of Betul and Chhindwara, much needs opening up.

Wardha Coal State Railway.

7. The quantity of coal raised during the year was slightly below that raised last year. The cost of raising was Rs. 2-14-11 per ton. The Government of India reduced the price of coal at the pit's mouth from Rs. 5-8 to Rs. 4-8 per ton for large coal, and also reduced the rate for carriage from 6 to 4½ pies per ton per mile with the object of increasing the consumption of the coal and especially of bringing it into use on the Rajputana-Malwa Railway. This expectation has not been realized. There has been a small increase of consumption by private customers ; but the Great Indian Peninsula Railway has not taken more coal, while the Rajputana-Malwa line has practically refused to use the Warora coal. The result, so far, has been a loss to the State line of more than Rs. 25,000 and a like gain to the Great Indian Peninsula Railway and to private consumers.

Taken by itself the Colliery pays well, but there is loss on the Railway, the traffic on which is small and does not increase. The total loss on the combined undertaking was Rs. 46,798.

Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway.

8. The entire length of the line from Nagpur to Raj-Nandgaon and the branch line from Dowhali to Tumsur were open for traffic during the year. The gross earnings for the year were Rs. 13,23,014, and the total expenditure was Rs. 7,64,984. The net profit amounted to 5½ per cent on the capital outlay to the end of December 1884. The working expenses were abnormally high, and absorbed 57·82 per cent of the gross earnings. This was due to the extraordinary expenditure on account of the breaking of the Panoli bridge, to the collection and spreading of special ballast, and partly also to the reduced rates for the carriage of grain and salt which came into force from the 1st of April 1884. The passenger traffic increased during the year. The extension of the line towards Bengal was commenced, and much of the earth-work between Nandgaon and Raipur was completed. This work, however, was not under the charge of this Administration.

Early in the current year, in order to facilitate the work of extending the line and converting it into broad gauge, the Government of India took over charge of the line from the Chief Commissioner and placed it under the Director General of Railways. The surplus profits on the line are to be paid to the Central Provinces Administration, which retains a voice in the financial management of the line, until such time as it is converted or made over to a Company.

Military

9. The strength of the garrison remained as in former years. The remodelling of the Fort of Sitabaldi was continued and brought towards completion. The Volunteer force was increased, a Cadet Corps formed, and an Adjutant for the first time appointed. The expediency of instructing some of the Volunteers in Artillery practice was suggested.

Police.

10. This is the sixth year in succession in which a decrease of crime has been reported. Other satisfactory features in the year's returns are the greater energy displayed in prosecuting bad characters which resulted in a large increase in the number of convictions under the Vagrancy Sections of the Criminal Procedure Code and the increase in the number of convicted persons against whom previous convictions were proved. But success in proving previous convictions was by no means common to all districts, so that although the general result is good, in some districts there has been failure. An increase in the number of robberies, and a decrease in the percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested and in the percentage of persons convicted to persons tried, are unfavourable features in the statistics of the year. On the whole the working of the Department has not been quite satisfactory.

The endeavours made to effect the capture of the dacoit Tantia have unfortunately been unsuccessful.

A scheme for improving the pay and position of the higher subordinate grades of the Police force and thus attracting to the Police men of better education and good family was sanctioned by Government, and brought into force in June 1884. The general results of this scheme have been to increase the number of Assistant District Superintendents, to raise the pay while

decreasing the number of Inspectors, to increase considerably the pay of the Chief Constables of all grades, and to create a new grade of Head Constables on higher pay. The Assistants have also been divided into two grades, A and B. To the former have been posted young Officers who are now qualifying themselves for promotion to the grade of District Superintendent, while the latter has been filled up by the promotion of Inspectors of long and meritorious service. Special rules have also been made in regard to the appointment and position of Chief Constables, which, it is hoped, will induce men of good education and social position to take service as Chief Constables. The charge of a Station House is one of much responsibility, and it is essential to successful Police action that Station House posts should be held by thoroughly competent men. To secure such men is the object of these rules.

Criminal Justice.

11. Crime having decreased, there was a corresponding decrease in the number of cases which came before the Courts. In contrast with the fact that the decrease was common to most districts is the circumstance that there was an increase of nearly 700 offences against property in the Sambalpur district. This is attributed to the partial failure of the rice crop there in 1883, which was followed by a rise in the price of rice—the staple food grain of Sambalpur, and a concurrent increase in the number of petty thefts during the year under report. The strength of the Magistracy was increased by seven stipendiary Magistrates and six new benches of Honorary Magistrates, while the number of persons dealt with decreased from 39,061 to 37,612. The share of the criminal business which fell to Honorary Magistrates was larger than in the preceding year. Sentences to fine were more numerous, yet there was a decrease in the total amount imposed by way of fine, and realizations were proportionately smaller than in the previous year. The average duration both in police and complaint cases was higher. The number of appealable sentences declined, while the number of appeals increased and the percentage of successful appeals was higher. The proportion of sentences to imprisonment for short terms (not exceeding 15 days) was the same as in the preceding year. The working of the Courts has, therefore, been rather disappointing, and it has been found necessary to point out again how important it is that the Magistrate of the District should keep a constant watch over the proceedings of Subordinate Courts and instruct them when they go wrong. The diligence with which the controlling powers of the Judicial Commissioner have been exercised may be estimated from the fact that the revisional work of his Court has nearly doubled since last year.

Prisons.

12. The Jail statistics of the year are satisfactory, and Jail administration generally has improved. The number of convicts admitted fell from 7,661 (1883) to 6,932, and the daily average number of convicts in confinement from 3,741 to 3,254. There was also a decrease in the number of under-trial prisoners admitted. On the other hand, the number of Civil prisoners admitted increased from 596 to 639. The year under report was a much healthier one than 1883, the daily average number sick having decreased from 36·7 per mille to 33 per mille of average strength, while the total number of deaths was half the total of 1883. The number of corporal punishments in 1882 was 623; it fell in 1883 to 426, and has fallen in the year under report to 353. But there was an increase of other punishments, so that the percentage of all punishments to jail population was about the same as in 1883. A considerably larger number of convicts have been released on earning a remission of sentence, and during the course of the

year the good conduct rules were so amended as to admit habitual criminals to the full benefit of them. Habituals can now earn a remission of sentence as other convicts do, and are thus encouraged to conduct themselves well. It was also ordered towards the close of the year that habitual criminals should be eligible for the post of convict officer. There was an increase in the number of prisoners employed as convict officers, and the convict officer system will be gradually extended to all jails. The extension of the system, besides being good in itself, will diminish the expenditure now incurred on watch and ward.

Civil Justice.

13. The work of the Civil Courts was heavier than in 1883. The number of original suits instituted was larger and so was the number of appeals. The percentage, however, of appeals to appealable cases was about the same as in the preceding year. The total number of suits for disposal was 1,08,272 compared with 94,755 in 1883, and the number disposed of was 99,432 and 88,220 in the two years respectively. The total number of appeals for disposal was 6,218 compared with 5,265 in 1883, and the number disposed of, 5,357 and 4,661 in the two years respectively. But this apparently large increase of litigation is to a great extent nominal, for Tenancy suits formerly tried by the Revenue Courts are now tried in the Civil Courts and included in the Statistics of Civil Justice. The real increase of litigation was nevertheless considerable, and is mainly traceable to districts in which, under the influence of railway extension, trade is developing. It has been frequently pointed out that the great bulk of the litigation in the Central Provinces is of a very petty nature. This characteristic is as conspicuous as usual in the returns of the year. Of suits instituted 89 per cent were for sums not exceeding Rs. 100, and 48 per cent of the suits tried were disposed of by the Courts of the lowest grade (Naib Tahsildar). A large number of these simple suits are uncontested. Of the suits disposed of by all Courts 70 per cent were uncontested, compared with 72 per cent in 1883, the increase of contested cases being probably due to the inclusion in the returns of cases formerly tried by the Revenue Courts. The higher average of duration is an unsatisfactory feature in the returns, and the attention of the Courts has been called to this blemish. The results of appeals too are not very satisfactory, a considerably larger percentage of judgments having been modified or reversed by the higher Appellate Courts.

The question of reorganizing the Civil Courts of the Province was taken up during the year. The appointment of Additional Commissioner, which had been sanctioned as a temporary expedient, was abolished, and proposals were made to the Government of India for the introduction of a scheme, whereby the Civil Courts of the Province from the lowest grade up to that of the Commissioner's Court should be strengthened. For this purpose an amendment of the Courts Act was found necessary and legislation had to be undertaken. The principal feature of the scheme is the gradual separation of the work of the administration of Civil Justice by the establishment of new Civil Courts in all places where there is enough work to occupy a separate Judge. The Deputy Commissioners of heavily worked districts will be relieved of much of the appellate work, while, at the same time, Commissioners' Courts will also have less to do. Since the close of the year the scheme has been partially introduced and will come into full force after the first January 1886.

Registration.

14. There was a small decrease in the number of registrations and a corresponding decrease in the income of the Department. Expenditure on the other hand rose, the percentage of expenditure to income being 52·5 compared with 42·3 in the preceding year. This increase of expenditure was caused by the introduction of several important reforms, and is therefore no matter for regret. The chief reforms introduced were the appointment of special Sub-Registrars in the place of Tahsildars (hitherto Sub-Registrars *ex-officio*) to offices in which Registration business is heavy, and the appointment of an Inspector of Registration offices, whose duty it is to assist the Inspector-General in supervising the work of the registering agency. The system of remunerating Sub-Registrars by a percentage on the receipts of their offices also gave way to a new system of remunerating them in proportion to the number of documents which they register. A portion of the large surplus income of the Department has in this way been spent in promoting the convenience of the public and in improving the working of the Department.

Forests.

15. The purchase of the Ahiri Forest, with an area of 94 square miles, from the Zamindar of Ahiri in the Chanda district was completed during the year. The property is a very valuable one and its acquisition by Government is matter for congratulation. The Forest revenue amounted to Rs. 10,27,203 and the expenditure to Rs. 4,95,821, giving a net revenue of Rs. 5,31,384, compared with Rs. 5,58,712 in the preceding year. There would have been a considerable increase in the net revenue but for the exceptional expenditure (Rs. 60,000) incurred in purchasing the Ahiri Forest. The area of forests successfully protected against fire was 1,399 square miles, and the percentage of failure in the whole area over which protection was attempted was greatly reduced. These results are very good. The estimated out-turn from the forests was much smaller than in 1883, and this is attributed to the occurrence of the Singhast year, which diminished the demand for timber for building purposes. There are several questions connected with the administration of the 2nd class Reserves which call for earnest attention. Fair progress was made during the year in surveying and demarcating the boundaries of these forests, but the work is not yet finished, and until it is finished, the important work of excluding from the permanent Forest Estates such waste lands as may best be made over to cultivation cannot be taken up. The subject of establishments is also one of importance. A very large temporary establishment is now entertained in the 2nd class Reserves. They possess scarcely any permanent establishment. The question of what permanent establishment is required for the management of the 2nd class Reserves in each district has still to be settled. These and other matters will, it is hoped, shortly receive the attention they deserve, when Mr. Thompson, who was specially deputed to examine the various systems of management in force in the 2nd class Reserves of the Province, has submitted his report on the results of his enquiries. His report will, it is believed, supply the necessary data for introducing a more complete and more uniform system of administration.

Stamps.

16. The Stamp revenue amounted to Rs. 13,69,881 compared with Rs. 13,10,736 in 1883-84, the increase of Rs. 59,145 being almost wholly due to a rise of revenue from the sale of Court Fee stamps. The revenue from the sale of General stamps declined slightly.

Excise.

17. The Excise revenue amounted to Rs. 24,92,932 compared with Rs. 23,56,435 in 1883-84, the increase of Rs. 1,36,497 being mainly due to the

higher fees paid for the monopolies of vend of country spirits. It is satisfactory to find that this large increase of revenue was obtained without any change of system, and without extending the facilities for drinking; the opium revenue fell a little, while the revenue from ganja increased. In districts bordering on the Holkar State and Bhopal, the administration of the opium revenue is attended by much difficulty. Opium can be purchased very cheaply in the Native States across the border, and there is every temptation to smuggle. Contraband opium therefore competes with the Government opium sold for the treasury, and our revenue suffers. In spite of the fact that several heavy seizures of contraband opium have been made, and severe punishments have been inflicted on the offenders, smuggling continues.

Local Self-government.

18. The constitution of the District Councils and Local Boards in all districts except Sambalpur was completed during the year. In the course of his tour, the Chief Commissioner met the members of the District Councils of all the districts which he visited, and was generally pleased with the intelligence they showed and the interest they take in their work. The financial position of each Council was carefully examined during the course of the year. The duties to be entrusted to them, the charges which they would have to meet, and the income which they will receive were determined. In some cases allotments will have to be made from Provincial Revenues in order to make them solvent. The amount of these allotments have been settled and fixed in each case for a term of three years. The manner in which the accounts of these local bodies are to be kept and controlled has been considered in communication with the Comptroller, and rules on the subject have been drafted and brought into force experimentally.

Municipal administration.

19. With one or two exceptions, Municipal Committees are composed now of elected and nominated members only, and the ordinary rule is, that nominated members shall not exceed one-third of the whole Committee of any municipality, leaving two-thirds of every Committee to be elected by the people. Ordinarily too Municipal Committees elect their own Presidents and Vice-Presidents. Revised election rules have now been sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner for most municipalities; and, in the majority of cases, the payment of Pandhri tax, or of Government revenue assessed upon land, has been made the basis of a right to vote. Payment of Municipal rates is the prescribed qualification in a few cases, but as the Municipal income is ordinarily derived from Octroi, this form of qualification cannot be generally adopted. Municipalities now enjoy considerable independence of action in the matter of making appointments and of undertaking public works, though their annual budgets require the sanction of the Chief Commissioner. They are encouraged in the ways of independence, but at the same time they are made aware that their action is not altogether uncontrolled. The management of dispensaries within municipal limits has lately been transferred to Municipal Committees, and proposals for effecting a similar transfer in respect to schools are under consideration.

There are 61 Municipalities, and in 33 of these Octroi is the principal source of income. Licenses on trade, a house-tax and bazar dues are other forms of taxation. Octroi schedules are being revised with a view to limiting the number of taxed articles to a few remunerative items, and more liberal refund rules are being generally adopted.

Education.

20. The publication of the report of the Education Committee and the measures taken for the promotion of Local Self Government have had much influence on the progress of Education during the year. The system prevailing in these Provinces has always been so much in accordance with the principles advocated by the Commission, that no radical changes of system have been found necessary. The labours of the Commission have, however, stimulated the efforts both of the Administration and of private individuals. The management of rural schools, which are principally supported from the school cess levied from the Malguzars, was placed under the District Council, and the relations of the Council to the Departmental officers were defined. From the report of the Inspector General of Education it is evident that the result has been good, and the transfer of the control of the schools to the local bodies has in no way impaired the progress of Education. In Municipalities the schools are for the most part under the direct control of the Department. The policy of the Chief Commissioner is to relieve the Department as much as possible of the direct management of all but the High schools, and he has invited the Municipal Committees to take over the charge and financial responsibilities of schools situated within their jurisdiction and attended chiefly by scholars residing within their limits. It is believed that Municipal Committees will then take a more lively interest in the success of these institutions.

In the matter of University education great efforts were made during the year. Large subscriptions had been raised for the purpose of establishing a College or Colleges to commemorate Sir John Morris' administration. It was decided that the Jubbulpore High School should be raised to the status of a College, remaining under the management of the Department, and that a College under independent management, but aided by Government, should be established at Nagpur. The subscribers of the Southern districts acting under the advice of the Chief Commissioner registered themselves as a Society under Act XXI. of 1860, and have established a College at Nagpur, which is now working. The necessary classes were added to the Jubbulpore College. The Free Church Institution at Nagpur has established F. A. Classes, and is preparing to compete with the Morris College. The wants of the Province have therefore been more than sufficiently supplied.

The system of Scholarships for all classes of schools has been revised during the year, and an attempt has been made, hitherto without much success, to induce Eurasians and Native lads to take technical scholarships for the purpose of receiving instruction in the Railway Workshops.

In order to bring the managers of the independent Institutions and the representatives of various classes of the public into systematic communication with the Education Department, and to give them ready means of expressing their views on all matters which affect their business, a Standing Committee of Education has been appointed. The intention of the Chief Commissioner in appointing this Committee is not in any way to supplant the authority of the Inspector General, who at present is the President of the Committee. The expenditure on Education is rapidly reaching the limit of aid which the Provincial Revenue can afford to give; for the future the efforts of private liberality, and in the higher grades of schools the increase of fees paid by the scholars, must be largely relied on.

Public health.

21. The year was a healthy one, and food was generally cheap and abundant. The mean death rate per thousand of the population was 27·30 compared with an average for the five preceding years of 32·13. The mean birth rate per thousand was 41·75, or 14·45 in excess of the mean death rate. There was scarcely any cholera, and fever claimed fewer victims than in the preceding year. On the other hand, small-pox was more prevalent.

Medical relief.

22. The number of in-patients admitted to the Dispensaries decreased, owing partly to a more careful observance of the rules regulating admissions; but there was a large increase in the number of out-patients treated. That these institutions are much appreciated by the people there can be no doubt. It appears too that the popularity of particular Dispensaries depend to a great extent on the Hospital Assistant in charge. A popular Hospital Assistant means a crowded Dispensary. The financial condition of the Dispensaries is, on the whole, satisfactory. It has been noticed elsewhere that the management of Dispensaries within municipal limits has been lately transferred to Municipal Committees.

Vaccination.

23. The total number of primary vaccinations and re-vaccinations was 3,60,448 compared with 3,52,643 in the preceding year. The reported percentage of success in primary vaccinations was 96·56 and in re-vaccinations 71·27. The average cost of each successful operation was somewhat higher than last year. Hostility to the Vaccinator may now be almost said to be a thing of the past. In many places vaccination is decidedly popular, and it is satisfactory to find that there has been no falling off in the amount of vaccination work in the Feudatory States which support vaccine departments.

Revenue administration.

24. Mention was made in last year's report of the introduction of measures for securing agricultural statistics of a reliable character. The carrying out of these measures has been pushed on vigorously during the course of the year under report. Rules have been brought into force regarding the appointment, removal and duties of Lambardars, Mukaddams and Patwaris, and the revision of Patwaris' circles has in many districts been completed. These measures will prove of the greatest assistance in the re-settlements of the Land Revenue which will have to be made during the course of the next ten years. Special attention has been paid to the instruction of Patwaris in surveying and to their being trained in the preparation of correct agricultural statistics.

The working of the Tenancy Act which came into force on the 1st January 1884 is being watched. It is still too early to judge of its effect in regulating the relations between landlords and tenants. But so far no difficulties in applying it have arisen, and there has been little litigation under it.

Survey and Settlement.

25. Before the close of the year a Settlement officer was appointed to the Sambalpur district, in which a traverse survey is being carried out by professional agency. The plotting in of the field details has been entrusted to the Patwaris under the supervision of the Settlement officer. A Summary Settlement of the Drug pargana of the Raipur district was completed just after the close of the year. This settlement will continue in force until the pargana has been re-surveyed. The training of junior officers of the Commission, in view to their being hereafter employed in Settlement work, is a matter to which the Chief

Commissioner attaches much importance, and five Assistant Commissioners were taught surveying in the field and put through a practical course, which included the principal operations to be conducted in preparing a district for settlement.

datory States. 26. During the year the Feudatory State of Raigarh was added to those under the direct management of Government. The maladministration of the Chief was referred to in last year's report. He has now been removed and the State has been placed under the control of the Deputy Commissioner of Sambalpur. In our relations with the other States nothing worthy of prominent notice occurred.

PART II.

CHAPTER I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY, &c.

1. At pages 1 to 24 of the Administration Report for 1882-83, an account of the following subjects, drawn up for standard reference, will be found:—

1.—*Physical features of the country, area, climate, &c.*
2.—*Historical Summary.*
3.—*Form of Administration.*
4.—*Character of Land Tenure.*
5.—*System of Survey and Settlement.*
6.—*Civil divisions of British Territory.*

7.—*Changes in the Administration.*

2. On the 2nd April, 1884, Mr. W. B. Jones, C. S. I., C. S., made over charge of the Chief Commissionership of the Central Provinces to Mr. C. H. T. Crosthwaite, C. S., who held charge of the Administration throughout the year 1884-85.

8.—*Relations with Tributary States.*

3. Of the fifteen Feudatory States attached to the Central Provinces, Makrai is in the Nerbudda Division, and the remaining fourteen are in the Chhattisgarh Division. Six of the latter were under Government management during the year, viz., Patna, Kalahandi, Sarangarh, Raigarh, Sakti and Kawardha.

Nerbudda Division—1 State.

4. *Makrai* (Hoshangabad district).—No complaints were preferred against the administration of this State during the year. The Chief gave his loyal co-operation in the measures taken to check the incursions of Tantia Bhil and his gang: and maintained special Police out-posts for this end.

Area in square miles	...	215
Population	...	16,764
Income	...	Rs. 38,000

Chhattisgarh Division—14 States.

5. *Khairagarh* (Raipur).—Kanhiya Lal, the Chief of this State, has shown in his report (written in English) on the year's administration that both income and expenditure, (but especially the latter) increased considerably; that at the end of the year there was a financial deficit of Rs. 21,391; and that at one time he was reduced to the necessity of borrowing money. The considerable sum that was saved for him during the management of the estate by Government has been spent. The increase in expenditure during the year was in the shape of allowances (amounting to Rs. 94,000) to himself and to his family. The increased income was mainly derived from Forest dues, Excise receipts and Pandhri. No serious complaints were preferred against the administration of the State during the year: but the progress of taxation will have to be carefully watched. In accordance with representations made to him, the Chief at the close of the year reduced the Bazaar dues levied in Dongargarh market from 6 annas to 2 annas per cart.

Area in square miles	...	940
Population	...	166,138
Income	...	Rs. 1,68,000
Government tribute	...	„ 49,000

Raipur district.

6. *Nandgaon* (Raipur).—The Chief has submitted a report, in English, on the administration of Khairagarh, prepared by the Diwan. The trade of Raj-Nandgaon, the capital of the State, and the present terminus of the Chhattisgarh Railway, is on the increase. The objectionable practice of levying what was in effect a transit duty on grain has now been discontinued. No duty at all is levied on grain consigned, for export, to the Raj-Nandgaon Railway Station. On grain brought to the Raj-Nandgaon market for sale, the rate of bazaar due levied has been reduced from 8 annas to 2 annas per cart.

Area in square miles	...	905
Population	...	154,339
Income	...	Rs. 79,000
Government tribute	...	„ 600

The expenditure of the State is kept well within the income: and it possesses considerable surplus funds. The necessity of making feeder roads through the State has been frequently impressed on the Diwan, and the matter seems, at last, about to be taken up in earnest. A qualified Overseer has been appointed, and surveying instruments have been purchased.

The young Chief, Balram Dass, is now of age, and will shortly take up the responsible duties attaching to his position. The administration has so far been fairly well conducted by the Diwan; and there have been no serious complaints of injustice or oppression.

7. *Chhuikadan* (Raipur).—No officer was able to visit this Chiefship during 1884-85. No complaints were preferred by any of the subjects of the State. The Chief is in debt; and has no money to spare for administrative improvements.

Area in square miles	...	174
Population	...	32,979
Income	...	Rs. 35,000
Government tribute	...	„ 11,000

8. *Kanker* (Raipur).—Raja Narhar Deo, the Chief of Kanker, has submitted a report on its administration, in English. The income is small and half of it is absorbed in meeting the expenses of the ruling family. No expenditure is incurred on improvements, therefore, although traffic roads are much needed.

Area in square miles	...	639
Population	...	63,610
Income	...	Rs. 17,000

The new jail, to which reference was made in last year's report, is still far from completion: but some progress has been made with it.

The only complaints received during the year were in connection with the misbehaviour of the Diwan, Sheoram Panth, who was ultimately convicted of Criminal Breach of Trust and expelled from the State.

Sambalpur district.

9. *Bamra* (Sambalpur).—This State continues to be well governed by its intelligent ruler, Raja Sudhal Deo. The Raja has introduced system into his administration, and which exercising an effective personal control over his subordinates he refrains from interfering in matters of detail. The Commissioner of the Chhattisgarh Division marched through the State in January last. He reports that the land revenue system in force has been excellently planned and carried out, and that the State is being opened to trade by the construction of good metalled roads. The people are contented and are making progress under a ruler who displays a real interest in their welfare and their education.

Area in square miles	...	1,988
Population	..	81,286
Income		Rs. 32,100
Government tribute	„	350

10. *Rehrakol* (Sambalpur).—The income of this State is very limited, and the Raja, who is old and blind, is not very able to control affairs, and is in debt. Under these circumstances the State cannot make much progress. At the same time, there are no complaints. The Commissioner of the Chhattisgarh Division visited the Chiefship during the year.

Area in square miles	... 883
Population	... 17,750
Income	Rs. 22,200
Government tribute	,, 580

11. *Sonpur* (Sambalpur).—Three-fourths of the annual income of Sonpur are absorbed by the Raja and his family. The Raja keeps the whole of the work of the State in his own hands, and has necessarily, therefore, to trust more than is advisable to the reports of subordinates. The administration is consequently inefficient. Many complaints were received during the year: and in one case the Chief Commissioner was obliged to demand the dismissal of a Police official, who had systematically abused his authority. In the matter of the Raja's dispute with Karm Singh Zamindar, to which reference was made in last year's report, it has been necessary to intervene and to assume the management of the Zamindari till the difficulty can be finally arranged.

Area in square miles	... 906
Population	... 178,180
Income	Rs. 54,000
Government tribute	,, 5,000

12. *Bastar* (Sambalpur).—The arrangements made for improving the administration of Bastar have been so far satisfactory that the system of reckless extravagance which formerly prevailed has been stopped, no new debts have been incurred and no further harassing imposts have been imposed upon the people. On the other hand, there is very little real control by the Raja or his Diwan; the officials and the Police are few and badly paid; and no improvements of any kind are attempted. Lal Kalandar Singh, the Diwan—to whom the Raja leaves the management of affairs—is lacking in energy: and the Naib Diwan, who is an ex-Tahsildar of these Provinces, has not succeeded in acquiring sufficient influence to be useful. Beyond the birth of a son to the Raja, no event of any importance occurred during the year.

Area in square miles	... 13,062
Population	... 196,248
Income	Rs. 100,000
Government tribute	,, 3,056

Feudatory States under Government management.

13. *Patna*.—This State has now been 14 years under Government management. Since the 1st October 1883 it has been in the charge of the Political Agent at Bhowanipatna. The most noticeable feature in the year's administration of this Chiefship is the fact that a summary settlement of the land was successfully carried through by the Political Agent, Mr. Berry. The revised assessments were sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner on the 21st August 1885. They are moderate in their pressure on the cultivating classes, but increase considerably the land revenue of the State, owing to the great extension of cultivation that has taken place during the last ten years of direct management. The State is in a satisfactory financial condition, and besides having a good balance in hand, has a considerable annual surplus.

Political Agency, Bhowanipatna.

Area in square miles	... 2,399
Population	... 257,959
Income	Rs. 64,000
Government tribute	,, 600

Political Agency, Bhowanipatna (in Kalahandi.)

14. *Kalahandi.*—The Political Agent estimates the present annual surplus of this State to be Rs. 20,000: and if this amount were devoted strictly to liquidating debts, they would be completely cleared in four years. There are however certain charges—such as expenditure on the construction of a Jail and other much needed public buildings—which must be met, if the administration is to be properly carried on, and which will defer the final discharge of all liabilities. It has been decided that there is to be no revision of the Land Revenue demand which was assessed in 1883-84 (as a three years' settlement): the circumstances of the country being such that the agricultural classes require to be given time to recover lost ground and to extend cultivation. With general quiet, which now seems assured, future years should show great progress. There has already been a considerable increase of population and cultivation.

Area in square miles	...	3,745
Population	...	224,548
Income		Rs. 1,00,000
Government tribute		„ 3,975

Sambalpur district.

15. *Sarangarh* (Sambalpur).—This State has been 7 years under Government management. The young Chief, Raja Bhowani Pratap Sing, is now of age, and with a view to fitting him for his responsible position he is to be trained under the Superintendent of the State in all the duties which he will have to discharge when in due course he is installed. A summary settlement of the land revenue was in part effected during the year; and in this work the young Chief gave much assistance, evincing considerable interest and energy in the performance of the task made over to him. Public buildings and roads are earnest wants. Owing to the difficulty experienced in procuring the services of a competent Overseer, the works have been delayed: but materials have been collected, and a beginning is to be made this cold season. The Commissioner of the Chhattisgarh Division marched through the State during the year. He reports that the people are prosperous and contented.

Area in square miles	...	540
Population	...	71,274
Income	...	Rs. 38,500
Government tribute	...	„ 1,350

16. *Raigarh* (Sambalpur).—Owing to the long continued mis-government of Raja Ghansham Sing, this State was taken under direct management in February 1885. Affairs have, since then, progressed smoothly; and, as a first step towards good administration, arrangements are being made for placing the disordered finances of the State upon a proper footing. The difficulties of the Raja arose from extravagant expenditure and consequent debt. For years he had always been in great straits for money, and this led him to auction his villages and impose exactions on his people. He is old and infirm, and accepted with gladness the administrative change which relieved him from his embarrassments.

The State is of considerable importance, as in addition to forests abounding in the best kinds of timber, it is said to possess both coal and iron mines.

Area in square miles	...	1,486
Population	...	128,943
Income	...	Rs. 28,000
Government tribute	...	„ 400

Bilaspur district.

17. *Sakti* (Bilaspur).—This Chiefship has been under direct management for the last ten years. Its financial position may be stated as follows. The income is about Rs. 18,000 and the expenditure about Rs. 16,000. There is no debt, Rs. 10,000 of savings have been invested in Railway stock. The elder son of the Chief has been called in to Raipur to receive such a training in administrative work as will enable him to fittingly manage the State hereafter.

Area in square miles	...	570
Population	...	71,277
Income	...	Rs. 18,400
Government tribute	...	„ 1,350

18. *Kawardha* (Bilaspur).—Owing to gross mal-administration by the Chief, Thakur Rajpal Sing, this State was brought under direct management early in October 1884. It is in a satisfactory financial condition, and the annual surplus will admit of the construction of certain roads and buildings which are much needed. An Overseer has been entertained; and it is hoped that considerable progress will be made during the current year. A specially selected Tahsildar holds charge of the State and acts under the orders of the Deputy Commissioner, Bilaspur. Thakur Rajpal Sing will reside at Raipur until his Chiefship is restored to him.

Area in square miles	...	887
Population	...	86,362
Government tribute	...	Rs. 1,600

Non-Feudatory Zamindaris.

19. There are 116 Non-Feudatory Zamindaris, the majority of which are of small size.

Chanda district.

20. The purchase of the valuable teak forest which the Zamindar of Ahiri in the Chanda district (who is insolvent) had offered for sale to Government was arranged during the year. There is nothing of importance to be recorded with regard to the other Zamindaris of the Chanda district or with respect to those situated in the Balaghat, Bhandara and Chhindwara districts.

Bilaspur district.

21. The Non-feudatory estates in the Bilaspur district are 13 in number. Four of these are under Government management. With regard to the remaining 9, viz. Bhatgaon, Bilaigarh, Chapa, Pandaria, Uprora, Lafa, Chhuri, Kenda and Korba, the Commissioner of the Chhattisgarh Division writes as follows :—

"There has been nothing of a special character in any of the Zamindaris during "the year which called for the interference of this office or required report to "the Chief Commissioner. The fact that all action in the Zamindaris is subject to "the jurisdiction of the ordinary Courts prevents the prevalence of any thing like "injustice or oppression. In revenue matters the ryots are completely protected, "while lessees of villages have either recognised rights recorded at Settlement or "hold under leases for fixed terms."

Sambalpur district.

22. The three most important of the Sambalpur Zamindaris are Phuljar, Bora Sambhar and Chandarpur-Padampur. The indebtedness of the two former has long been a subject of report, and it seems probable that it will be necessary to take them under direct management. The defective Police arrangements in the Zamindaris of this district generally have been before referred to, and a scheme for making the Police more effective without at the same time weakening the direct responsibility of the Zamindars is now under consideration. Another important object to be achieved is the protection of the Zamindari forests from reckless waste: and proposals to that end are being matured.

CHAPTER II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

1.—*Survey and Settlement.*

Sambalpur district—Skeleton survey

1. The skeleton survey of the Sambalpur district by professional agency was commenced during the year under report. The survey, as at first planned, was to include the plotting of the boundaries of villages and of blocks of fields within their limits, but experience showed that the assistance which these survey details gave the plotting establishment was not worth their cost. They were in consequence abandoned, and the professional operations were restricted to a traverse survey.

The plotting in of field details by the agency of patwaris was commenced just before the close of the year, when the Settlement officer, who had been appointed to the district, took charge of his duties. He had during the cold weather been deputed to the North-West Provinces to study the system of survey which is being followed in the Gorakhpur district.

Raipur district—Summary Settlement.

2. The Summary Settlement of one pargana of the Raipur district (Drug) was carried on during the year and was completed just after its close. The Settlement of this pargana expired in June 1885, and it was therefore impossible to bring it under regular Settlement in time to avoid a loss of revenue. The Summary Settlement now concluded will continue in force until the pargana has been resurveyed.

Instruction of Civilians.

3. Survey operations were carried on in the Raipur district, with the object of giving practical instruction to junior civilians and other officers, as well as of giving practical trial to the system of surveying by patwari agency. The plotting was based on skeleton maps which had been previously made by the Survey department. The results were very satisfactory. Five civilians were put through a practical course which included the principal operations to be conducted in preparing a district for Settlement; and for a period of from six weeks to two months they were each in immediate charge of a number of patwaris engaged in field plotting as well as in the preparation of village registers of area and rental.

Training of Patwaris.

The principal object of the operations being instruction, the Surveyors were drafted out of the staff as soon as they had become fully up to their work; and in this way practical training was given to 90 Revenue Inspectors and 150 Patwaris during the season, though the number of Surveyors at work at any one time did not exceed 80.

Field maps and records were, in the course of the work, prepared for 75 villages which are now ready for re-settlement. The maps and records were subjected to very careful testing and were found to be exceedingly accurate.

2.—*Waste Lands.*

The orders prohibiting the breaking up of waste lands under the Clearance Lease Rules (with exceptions in respect to the districts of Mandla and Hoshangabad) are still in force.

3.—*Wards Estates.*

Separate annual report on Wards' Estates.

A separate annual report on the estates under Government management was for the first time prepared during the year; and information respecting these estates was collected and tabulated. The question of the establishments required for effective management was taken up; and existing establishments were revised in many districts.

CHAPTER III.—PROTECTION.

1.—*Legislative Authority.*

1. The legislating authority for the Central Provinces is the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

2.—*Course of Legislation.*

2. The Acts of the Imperial Legislature passed during the year 1884, which affect the Central Provinces, are as follows :—

(*a*).—Acts specially applicable to the Central Provinces.

Nil.

(*b*).—Acts applicable to the Central Provinces in common with other parts of, or the whole of, British India:—

Act III. of 1884.—An Act to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.

Act IV. of 1884.—An Act to regulate the manufacture, possession, use, sale, transport and importation of Explosives.

Act IX. of 1884.—An Act to amend the Legal Practitioners' Act, 1879, and the Indian Stamp Act, 1879.

Act XII. of 1884.—An Act to amend and provide for the extension of the Northern India Takavi Act, 1879.

Act XV. of 1884.—An Act for the validation of certain licenses to solemnize marriages granted to Ministers of Religion under Act XXV. of 1864.

3.—*Police.*

Total of "true" crime.

3. What is known as the "true" crime of the year was represented in 1884 by 19,367 cases, as compared with 20,275 in 1883. The total of "true" cases is arrived at by deducting those declared by Magistrates to be false from the number of cases reported to the Police or to a Magistrate. The decrease in crime indicated by the above figures occurred under every class except "Offences against public tranquillity, &c" and "Other offences." The increase under the former head is slight.

Serious offences.

4. Serious offences against the person were fewer in number by 83. The decrease occurred chiefly under the head of Murder, Culpable Homicide and Attempts at Suicide. On the other hand, there was an increase of 22 in the number of Grievous Hurt cases.

Serious offences against the person and property, or against property only, showed a slight decrease on the whole, though two of the more important descriptions of offences coming under this class were more largely represented than in 1883. Thus Dacoities increased from 12 to 23 and Robberies from 60 to 69. On the other hand, Burglaries were fewer by 19. Of the 23 Dacoities, 9 were committed in the Hoshangabad district: and 6 of these were attributed to Tantia and his gang.

Minor offences.

5. Under minor offences against property, the decrease which has been going on for several years was again continued. The decrease occurred under every heading of offence comprised in the class—*viz.* Theft ordinary, Cattle theft, House Trespass, &c.—and is attributable to the comparatively easy circumstance of the poorer classes. An auxiliary cause may have been the increased activity of the Police in the matter of prosecuting bad characters.

Other offences.

The number of convictions under the vagrancy sections of the Criminal Procedure Code increased from 81 in 1883 to 169 in 1884. The only other head falling within the class "Other offences" under which there was any noticeable increase was that of "Public and Local Nuisances," and this increase appears to have occurred chiefly in those districts in which there are Cantonments.

Results of Police action.

6. The results of Police action in regard to cases investigated show a slight improvement, owing to the exercise of greater caution in the matter of taking up complaints; but there was at the same time a falling off in the proportion of convictions to arrests. The percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested was, in 1883, 72·03, and in the year under report it was 69·71. The percentage of persons convicted to persons tried declined from 76·76 to 74·52. In the matter of the recovery of property, the Provincial percentage of value recovered was the same as in 1883, *viz.* 31. There was an increase of 37 in the number of convicted persons against whom previous convictions were proved.

The number of non-cognizable cases in which the Police were employed to make an enquiry decreased from 1,189 in 1883, to 724 in the year under report.

7. Thus while, in some respects, the Police returns for 1884 are not satisfactory, yet the decrease in crime is the most striking feature and throws the faults in procedure into the background.

Strength and cost of Police force.

8. The scheme for improving the pay and position of the higher subordinate grades of the Police force was finally sanctioned by the Government of India during the year and was brought into force on the 1st June 1884. The force is now constituted as follows :—

1	Inspector General.
18	District Superintendents.
6	Assistant District Superintendents, Class A.
5	Do. do. do. B.
38	Inspectors.
7	European Constables.
211	Chief Constables.
1,016	Head Constables.
6,871	Constables.
191	Mounted Police, Head Constables and Constables.
6	Boy orderlies.
8,450	costing Rs. 13,15,525 per annum, inclusive of salary, clothing and all other charges.

This shows an increase of 4 Chief Constables, 13 Head Constables and 71 Constables in the strength of the force and of Rs. 29,338 in the total cost. The increase is, however, merely nominal. It is due to the Cantonment Police having been incorporated with the District Police.

4.—*Criminal.*

Decrease in crime.

9. As might be anticipated from what has been said under the head of Police, the Criminal (Judicial) returns show that there was a decrease both in reported and in "true" crime in 1884. In 12 out of the 18 districts of the Province, the number of offences believed to have been committed was smaller than in the preceding year. The only heads of crime under which there was a noticeable increase, are offences relating to weights and measures, and offences affecting the human body (these were chiefly assaults); but the excess over last year's figures under both these heads taken together is not a hundred cases, and was due to special causes which need not be here detailed. In other classes of offences there was either a decrease—or an increase which is too small to merit attention. The increase in the number of robberies and dacoities, although not great, is, however, an unsatisfactory feature in the returns.

Except in 6 districts.

10. The six districts in which there was an increase in the total of offences, are Nagpur, Wardha, Narsinghpur, Nimar, Sambalpur and Bilaspur; and in only three of these, *viz.*, Narsinghpur, Nimar and Sambalpur was the increase considerable. In Narsinghpur, assault cases caused the increase. The addition of nearly 700 offences against property to the Sambalpur total was probably due to the partial failure of the rice crop in that district in 1883, which caused a rise in the price of the food grain—an occurrence commonly followed by an increased number of petty thefts.

Action of Tribunals.

11. While, on the whole, the crime returns of the year showed satisfactory results, the action of the tribunals was disappointing in some respects. The strength of the Magistracy was increased by seven Stipendiary Magistrates and and six new Benches of Honorary Magistrates during the year. The number of persons to be dealt with by Magistrates' Courts decreased from 39,061 to 37,612. The percentage of convictions and committals, however, decreased from 56· to 55·4; and the percentages were less favorable in the more important cases, *e. g.* theft, robberies and dacoities.

The proportion of work done by Honorary Magistrates increased, the percentage done by Stipendiary Magistrates other than Deputy Commissioners falling from 69·2 to 63·6. The decrease in the percentage of convictions was possibly to some extent due to the injudicious action of some Honorary Magistrates in entertaining petty complaints.

Punishments.

12. The punishment returns show that sentences of fine slightly increased, while sentences of whipping decreased. Sentences of imprisonment were in the same proportion as last year. The increase in the sentences of fine was probably connected with the larger proportion of work done by Honorary Magistrates, as in the case of persons who are sentenced at a distance from Headquarters this form of punishment is more appropriate than short terms of imprisonment. The proportion of sentences of imprisonment for a term not exceeding 15 days, does not show any improvement, remaining at 10 per cent. While the number of sentences of fine increased, the total amount imposed was less than in 1883, the percentage of penalties not exceeding ten rupees rising from Rs. 86 to Rs. 88.

Duration of cases.

13. The average duration in Police cases was 3·4 days against 2·9 in the preceding year; and in Complaint cases 16 days as compared with 15. As the work

to be done was less and the number of tribunals was greater, these results were not satisfactory, and the careful attention of all District Officers was called to the matter.

Appeals.

11. Although there was a decrease in the number of appealable sentences, the number of appeals rose from 1,327 to 1,936. The increase was common to all classes of Courts. At the same time there was a rise in the percentage of successful appeals, which seems to indicate that there was good reason for the additional institutions.

Revision.

15. The revisional work of the Judicial Commissioner has nearly doubled since 1883, the increase being due to the large number of cases called for with the object of checking the procedure of the subordinate Magistrates.

5.—*Prisons.*

Decrease in number of admissions.

16. The admissions into Prisons during the year numbered 10,812 prisoners of all classes. Of these, 6,932 were convicts. The daily average number of persons in confinement was 3,406, of whom 3,254 were under criminal sentence,

The following are the admissions of convicts for five years:—

1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
9,565	7,568	8,569	7,661	6,932

It will be seen that (if a temporary rise in 1882 be excepted) there has been a steady yearly decrease in the number of convicts admitted since 1880.

Increase in releases on appeal.

17. Releases from Jail upon expiry of sentence have similarly—though not proportionately—declined. Releases upon appeal have not, however, shown a like tendency. During the year under report the number of releases of the latter kind was greater than in the preceding year, and is larger than the total of 1880.

	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
Releases on appeal	302	209	305	234	348
,, expiry of sentence ...	8,242	6,515	6,740	6,491	5,592

Population of Prisons at close of year.

With a decrease of 729 in the number of admissions and an increase of 114 in the number of releases on appeal—to say nothing of the more numerous releases under the Remission rules—the convict population of the prisons at the close of 1884 should apparently have shown a larger decrease upon the total at the close of 1883 than 183—the actual difference. The explanation is to be found in the fact that releases on expiry of sentence did not (as stated above) decrease proportionately to the decrease in admissions. This is because (*a*) the percentage of convicts admitted in 1884 whose sentences did not exceed one year was 88 per cent as compared with 90 per cent in 1883: and (*b*) there were fewer convicts at the beginning of 1884 whose sentences would expire during the year than there were at the beginning of 1883—as the following figures show:—

	1882.	1883.	1884.
Number of prisoners at close of year serving out sentences not exceeding one year ...	1,729	1,449	1,413

Although short sentences were still the rule, yet the year under report showed a small comparative decrease in such sentences.

Working of Remission Rules.

18. The releases under the remission rules exhibited a satisfactory increase. The figures of four years are given below. The new Remission rules have been in

force since September 1882 but they were recently amended:—

1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
12	41	209	283

19. The number of convict officers rose from 138 to 163, the increase being partially due to the amendment of the Good Conduct Rules, by which habituals are now placed on the same footing as ordinary convicts. Convict officers.

The number of persons admitted into Jail during the year who had been previously convicted, increased from 635 to 640.

20. There were 7 escapes as against 8 in 1883. Four of the escaped convicts were recaptured, and four others who had escaped in previous years. Escapes.

21. There was a slight decrease in the ratio of punishments to the total number of prisoners. In eight Jails there was an increase in the ratio and in ten a decrease. Punishments.

There was again a considerable decrease in the number of corporal punishments inflicted—the total being 353 as compared with 426 in 1883 and 623 in 1882.

22. The Vital Statistics show that the year was a much healthier one than 1883. The number of admissions to Hospital was fewer by 401, and the daily average number sick decreased from 36·7 per mille to 33 per mille of average strength. The total number of deaths was half the total of 1883. There was a considerable increase of sickness in the Jubbulpore Jail in the latter half of the rainy season. The Superintendent is unable to explain this, except on the supposition that it was due to the wetness of the sub-soil. The rain-fall of 1884 was excessive, it may be remarked. Fever was the chief ailment. There was no cholera in any of the Jails: and much less dysentery and diarrhœa. Vital Statistics.

23. The cost of each prisoner increased from Rs. 53-6-4 to Rs. 55-13-4. The increase was chiefly under the head of Establishment, the explanation being that with fewer prisoners the cost of the fixed establishment was proportionately greater. The substitution of convict officers for paid officials, which is in progress, will decrease the absolute cost of watch and ward. Cost of each prisoner.

6.—*Civil.*

24. The number of Civil Courts open in the Provinces at the close of the year was three in excess of the number shown last year. One Court of Assistant Commissioner and 3 Courts of Naib Tahsildars were added to the list; while, on the other hand, the Court of the Additional Commissioner was closed. The Tribunals.

25. The number of suits instituted and re-instituted in 1884 was 101,193 against 89,470 in 1883. Number of suits.

This number exceeds the number of suits in any of the last four years. A large portion of this increase, namely 7,283 suits, was due to the inclusion for the first time in the returns of suits which by virtue of the Tenancy Act are now tried by Civil Courts instead of by Revenue Courts. Deducting this number from the total institutions, we have 93,910 as the sum of the civil litigation *proper* in 1884. Comparing this sum with the total for 1882 we find that the increase is only 1,262 suits, although as compared with last year the rise is 4,440.

Analysis of increase.

An analysis of the district figures shows that the bulk of the increase occurred at certain places, such as Tirora, Warora, Dhamtari, Simga, Bargarh and Bilaspur, where there has been a more or less steady rise in litigation in the last four years under the influence of Railway extension, and development of trade. In the Jubbulpore, Nagpur and Kamptee Small Cause Courts there was a slight increase over the figures for 1883, and in the Saugor Small Cause Court a slight decrease.

Values of suits.

26. Classifying them according to values, it is found that of the 101,193 suits instituted, 28 per cent did not exceed ten rupees in value; 49 per cent were valued for sums between ten and fifty rupees; 12 per cent were for sums between fifty and one hundred rupees; 10 per cent for sums between one hundred and five hundred rupees: and only 1 per cent for sums in excess of five hundred rupees. The relative value of suits instituted did not greatly change therefore. There was an increase of 1 per cent in the suits of lowest value and a corresponding decrease in suits of high value, the intermediate classes remaining unchanged. The bulk of the suits instituted were for money due on a bond or contract in writing, such suits forming 45 per cent of the whole. Suits on unwritten contract gave a percentage of 17·5 and for goods sold 8·8.

Distribution of business.

27. The suits before the Courts were disposed of in the following proportions by the various classes of judges:—

By Judges of Small Cause Courts	...	11,103	or 11·2 per cent.
„ Naib Tahsildars	...	47,759	„ 48· „
„ Tahsildars	...	29,163	„ 29·3 „
„ Assistant Commissioners	...	11,195	„ 11·3 „
„ Deputy Commissioners	...	212	„ ·2 „

As usual, the Naib Tahsildars had to cope with growing work, and they disposed of nearly 48,000 cases, or 48· per cent of the total litigation. There are now 42 Naib-Tahsildars exercising civil jurisdiction; and, as might have been anticipated from the character of the litigation and the small values of which it is composed, over three-fifths of the total institutions were in their Courts.

Results of trials.

28. The general results of trials were:—

In 695	suits or	·7	per cent the plaints were rejected or returned.
„ 18,935	„	19·1	„ dismissal was ordered in default of appearance of parties.
„ 1,000	„	1·	„ leave to withdraw was granted.
„ 11,476	„	11·5	„ compromises were effected.
„ 21,399	„	21·5	„ decrees passed on confession.
„ 16,217	„	16·3	„ „ *ex parte*.
„ 979	„	1·	„ dismissal was ordered in default of the appearance of plaintiffs.

The proportion of uncontested cases was 70·4, and the results in contested cases were that judgments in 12 per cent were given for the plaintiff in whole: in 9·1 per cent for the plaintiff in part, and 7·8 per cent for the defendant in whole.

The percentage of contested cases is somewhat higher than in 1883, and this is probably due to the inclusion of cases formerly disposed of by the Revenue Courts.

The average number of hearings has not materially varied, but durations were somewhat longer.

29. Although there was an increase in the number of appeals heard by Deputy Commissioners and Commissioners, the percentage of appeals to appealable cases was practically the same as in the preceding year. Appeals.

The scheme submitted to the Government of India for the redistribution of civil work, will, it is hoped, provide adequate relief for those Deputy Commissioners who at present have too much civil appellate work.

30. The general results of appeals are that the Judicial Commissioner and Commissioners modified and reversed a considerably larger percentage of judgments than in 1883, whilst Deputy Commissioners reversed slightly more. Results of appeals.

31. Applications for execution of decree increased largely, following and proportionately surpassing the increase in original suits ; but it must be borne in mind that in 1883 such applications *decreased* largely. Execution cases.

32. Insolvency cases were comparatively few. The number dealt with during the last three years were :— Insolvency cases.

	1882.	1883.	1884.
By Deputy Commissioners ...	42	46	64
,, Assistants ...	111	91	115
Total ...	153	137	179

As the insolvency provisions of the Civil Procedure Code have now been in operation for a considerable number of years, their nature and effect must be generally understood. The practice of renewing agreements and acknowledging old debts, however remote the prospect of payment may be, no doubt tends to keep down the number of applications to be declared insolvent.

7.—*Registration.*

33. During the year under report some very important reforms in the constitution of the Registration Department were carried out or inaugurated. These were :— Reforms in Establishment.

(*a*).—The relief of Tahsildars from registration work by the appointment of Special Sub-Registrars in all Tahsils where the number of registrations is over 200 per annum.

(*b*).—The relief of Assistant Commissioners from the work of the Sub-Registry offices performed by them in certain districts.

(*c*).—The abolition of tour registration and of the office of Joint Sub-Registrar.

(*d*).—The breaking up of Registration circles into Sub-districts and the appointment of rural Sub-Registrars.

(*e*).—The strengthening of office Establishment.

(*f*).—The improvement of the system of remunerating Sub-Registrars and their Establishment.

(*g*).—The appointment of an Inspector of Registration offices.

Reforms (*a*), (*d*) and (*e*) were in progress at the close of the year : the others had already been accomplished.

34. At the end of 1883-84, the Registration offices were as under :—

Registrars' offices	...	18
Ex-officio Sub-Registrars (Tahsildars)	...	40
Special Sub-Registrars— Salaried 8	...	17
Special Sub-Registrars— Unsalaried 9	...	
Total	...	75

The division of Special Sub-Registrars into two classes (*a*) salaried and (*b*) unsalaried, was effected during the year. Special Sub-Registrars are to belong as a rule to class (*a*) and those of class (*b*) may be appointed only with the Chief Commissioner's sanction. Officers of class (*a*) receive a salary of Rs. 30 per mensem with a commission of annas 5 per registration : officers of class (*b*) receive a commission of annas 10 per registration.

Total Registrations during the year.

35. The total number of registrations was 22,289, being a decrease of 91 on the previous year's total. The following figures compare the registrations under the principal heads with those of the preceding year :—

	Affecting immoveable property.			Affecting moveable property.	Wills and authorities to adopt.	Total.
	Compulsory.	Optional.	Total.			
1883-84 ...	14,232	4,176	18,408	3,825	147	22,380
1884-85 ...	14,038	4,202	18,240	3,886	163	22,289

Increase in optional Registration.

36. The downward tendency of the percentage of optional registrations to the total number of registrations was arrested in the year under report. This percentage for each of the last five years is as follows :—

1880-81	45·8
1881-82	42·7
1882-83	38·7
1883-84	36·3
1884-85	37·

The increase in the percentage of 1884 is slight : but it is an improvement, for the amount of optional registrations forms one of the most important tests of the work of the department.

Miscellaneous operations.

37. The number of miscellaneous operations again showed an increase. The figures for the last three years are :—

1882-83	7,350
1883-84	7,651
1884-85	7,986

The number of refusals to register, which had advanced from 159 in 1882-83 to 165 in 1883-84, again fell to 155. There is no ground, however, for thinking that the law with regard to refusing registration was loosely applied.

Income and Expenditure.

38. The income and expenditure of the department for the last three years have been as follows :—

	Income.	Expenditure.	Percentage of expenditure to income.
	Rs.	Rs.	
1882-83 ...	68,508	28,735	41·9
1883-84 ...	68,536	28,987	42·3
1884-85 ...	68,054	35,766	52·5

The increase in expenditure is due to the reforms above referred to.

8.—*Municipal Administration.*

Number of Municipalities.

39. At the beginning of the year under report the number of towns enjoying a Municipal constitution under Act XI. of 1873, and their aggregate population were 61 towns and 697,271 persons (census of 1881).

On the 1st April 1885, the small municipalities of Tendukhera, Kauria, Zainabad and Borgaon, which seemed unfitted for independent existence, were abolished.

In November 1882, the town of Kareli in the Narsinghpur district was brought under the Municipal Act: but the Committee did not commence to exercise their powers until after the commencement of the year under report.

Revision of constitution of Committees.

40. Municipal Committees now for the most part consist of nominated and elected members only, and it is the ordinary rule that Committees elect their own Presidents and Vice-Presidents. At the beginning of the year under report more than thirty municipalities had submitted revised election rules for the sanction of the Chief Commissioner. In the majority of cases these rules were approved and published: in a few instances only they were returned for revision. The principle adopted was to refrain from insisting upon a rigid uniformity and to allow the evolution of the best practical franchise scheme by experience of the working of various sets of rules. The result is that the rules sanctioned reflect to some extent the varying composition of the communities to which they relate. Thus in the Jubbulpore, Nagpur and Raipur rules, Graduates of Universities, Licentiates of Medicine, Barristers, Pleaders, Durbaris and Honorary Magistrates are specially referred to as entitled to votes: while in Hoshangabad, Sohagpur and Khandwa, Gomashtas and Mukhtars in receipt of Rs. 200 per annum are considered of sufficient importance to form a descriptive head in the list of electors. Similarly in Damoh and Hatta, Chowdris are distinguished from other voters. Again in the small towns of Ramtek and Umrer the possession of a certain number of plough-bullocks is made a qualification for the Municipal franchise. The nearest approach to manhood suffrage is made in the town of Khapa, where ability to read and write entitles a citizen to be brought on the electoral roll. The municipality of Kalmeshwar has preferred the guarantee of respectability implied in the enjoyment of an income of Rs. 150 per annum; and the town of Sambalpur is content with a property qualification, viz: the possession of moveables valued at Rs. 250.

The bulk of the rules, however, make payment of Pandhri tax or of Government revenue assessed upon land the basis of a right to vote. Only a few municipalities (including Nagpur, Jubbulpore, Raipur, Damoh and Hatta) have adopted the principle so familiar to Englishmen, that payment of rates should give a voice in the nomination of the persons to whom the expenditure of the rates is to be entrusted.

Development of Autonomy.

41. While the independence of Municipalities has thus been strengthened internally, their authority and discretion in external matters is acquiring a larger scope. At the beginning of the year 1884—1885, Circular orders were issued giving Municipalities at the head-quarters of districts and sub-divisions larger financial powers in the matter of making appointments and of undertaking public works and contingent expenditure.

Municipalities were also called upon to decide whether they would employ the Police to superintend conservancy in their towns; and the rate of contribution to the pay of the Police so employed was under discussion during the year.

Twenty five Municipalities have preferred to engage or retain their own establishments for supervising conservancy.

The Chief Commissioner further directed that in the Budgets for 1885-86, Municipalities at Civil Stations should be relieved of the expense of contributing to the maintenance of such station gardens as are kept primarily for the advantage of European residents.

The transfer of schools and dispensaries within Municipal limits to the management of Municipal Committees is in progress.

Income from taxation.

42. Leaving out of sight the tax on vehicles, which exists only in Jubbulpore, the water rate levied in Nagpur, and the special tax on wire-drawing realised at Burhanpur—the income derived from taxation by the Municipalities of the Central Provinces is of the following four descriptions :—

1. Income from Octroi.
2. „ „ Licenses on trades.
3. „ „ House tax.
4. „ „ Bazaar dues.

Octroi is the principal source of income in 33 out of the 61 Municipalities. It is the sole source of income (with insignificant exceptions) in 23 towns. The amounts realized by different towns under this head vary from over a lakh and a quarter (in Jubbulpore and Nagpur) to the trifling sum of Rs. 2,186 (in Mohari). The schedules of Octroi are in course of revision with a view to limiting the number of taxed articles to a few remunerative items. More liberal Refund Rules are also being generally adopted. New schedules and Refund Rules were published by several Municipalities during the year.

9.—*Military.*

43. The Military force stationed in these Provinces, on the 31st December 1884, consists of—

2 Batteries of European Artillery.
2 Battalions and a detached company of European Infantry.
2 Regiments of Native Cavalry.
1 Company of Native Sappers and Miners.
7 Regiments of Native Infantry.

The Company of Sappers and Miners, who arrived at Nagpur in December 1881, continued to be employed in remodelling Sitabaldi Fort.

Number and distribution of troops.

The total number of fighting officers and men was 8,120, of whom 2,301 belonged to the European Army. The cost of the force was about the same as in the year previous, *viz.* 27½ lakhs of rupees or £ 275,000.

The distribution of the troops was as follows :—

BENGAL ARMY.

Saugor Cantonment.

1 Battery of European Artillery.
1 Wing of European Infantry.
2 Squadrons of Native Cavalry.
1 Regiment of Native Infantry (Madras.)

Jubbulpore.

1 Wing (Head Quarters) of European Infantry.
2 Squadrons of Native Cavalry.
1 Regiment of Native Infantry (Madras.)

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*These Regiments though serving in Bengal belong to the Madras Army.

MADRAS ARMY.

Kamptee Cantonment.

1 Battalion of European Infantry.
1 Battery of European Artillery.
1 Regiment of Native Cavalry.
2 Regiments of Native Infantry.

Sitabaldi.

1 Detachment of the European Infantry stationed at Kamptee.
1 Company of Sappers and Miners.
1 Wing (Head Quarters) of a Regiment of Native Infantry.

Hoshangabad.

1 Wing of a Regiment of Native Infantry.

Raipur.

1 Regiment of Native Infantry.

Sambalpur.

1 Wing of a Regiment of Native Infantry.

BOMBAY ARMY.

Asirgarh Fort.

1 Company of European Infantry.

Volunteer Corps.

The Nagpur Volunteer Rifle Corps was during the year under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas and Captain Baily. The enrolled strength of the Corps on the 1st April 1885 was 319 compared with 212 in the previous year. The Corps was inspected in April last, by the Brigadier General W. K. Elles, C. B., A. D. C., Commanding Nagpur Force, who made the following observations:—

"The Corps has recently undergone a change; the number of members has been largely increased and efforts are still being made to develope the movement. The Chief Commissioner is also taking steps with a view to the formation of a Volunteer Reserve, mounted and dismounted, in connection with the Corps."

"The Head Quarters of the Corps being at Nagpur, where the Fort of Sitabaldi is situated, it has been suggested by Mr. Crosthwaite, the Chief Commissioner, that an Artillery Company would be appropriate to the Corps. The proposal is in accordance with the wishes of the members, and I beg to recommend the step. As heavy ordnance of various descriptions is about to be mounted on the ramparts, the means of instruction will probably be available without the special appointment of an Artillery Instructor; but even if it should be necessary to attach a Royal Artillery Non-Commissioned Officer to the Corps as Instructor, the increased usefulness of the Corps would well repay the additional expense. Since the appointment of an Adjutant, the Corps has made very satisfactory progress."

10.—*Marine.*

44. There is nothing to be recorded under this section.

CHAPTER IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

1.—*Agriculture.*

The following figures show the variations in the cultivated area of the Provinces during the last three years :—

1882-83.	1883-84	1884-85.
155,16,800	156,22,400	140,76,800.

The figures for 1884-85 exclude, while those for the two preceding years include, the cultivated area of the Zamindaris, and the decrease must be entirely attributed to this change. The percentage of cultivated to total area was 34 in 1884-85, against 29 in the previous year,—thus showing that if Zamindaris be excluded from both years' returns, the cultivated area will be found to have increased in the year under report.

2. The returns of the areas under different crops are not given, as the system under which they are prepared is undergoing revision, and the figures at present obtainable are not to be relied upon for accuracy.

2.—*Weather and Crops.*

3. The following Table gives details of the rain-fall in each district during 1884-85, with the average for the preceding 18 years :—

Districts.	April and May 1884.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November 1884 to March 1885.	Total Rain-fall 1884-85.	Total Rain-fall 1883-84.	Average Rain-fall of past 18 years.
Saugor ...	·08	9·86	15·36	19·71	9·67	·67	2·06	57·41	32·85	53·01
Damoh ...	·29	10·95	18·05	25·92	18·28	·91	2·34	76·74	38·66	63·17
Jubbulpore ...	·40	12·07	36·55	25·52	14·83	2·33	2·22	93·92	50·16	75·55
Mandla ...	·23	12·09	24·58	14·00	14·71	·94	3·87	70·42	43·91	61·93
Seoni ...	·38	16·17	18·49	10·68	20·63	·27	3·71	70·86	60·53	61·07
Narsinghpur ...	·42	9·06	16·85	16·49	15·16	·13	2·70	60·81	59·81	55·84
Hoshangbad ...	·08	6·95	18·31	22·52	29·86	·44	1·67	79 83	66·73	64·71
Nimar ...	·20	8·06	12·76	2·69	15·33	·96	1·07	39·07	38·86	36·72
Betul ...	·22	4·21	19·89	7 32	21·26	·55	3·11	56·56	41·50	50·19
Chhindwara ...	·43	7·57	13·97	6·71	17·52	2·91	3·52	52·63	63·12	48·31
Wardha ...	·20	2·32	20·52	12·60	16·96	·42	3·51	56·56	64·35	47·85
Nagpur ...	·31	3·96	19·23	13·82	13·51	·05	4·65	55·53	59·66	50·34
Chanda ...	·34	8·08	29 01	10·03	11·40	·20	4·27	63·33	59·06	55·41
Bhandara ...	·18	4·57	24·39	16·41	14·19	·15	5·46	65·35	68·05	59·36
Balaghat ...	·35	13·86	38·61	22·47	19·00	2·67	4·37	101·33	58·67	83·53
Raipur ...	...	20·64	37·65	11·25	11·18	2·13	3·48	86·33	46·66	68·25
Bilaspur ...	·35	7·57	16·64	11·65	20·17	1·52	2·68	60·58	35·82	54·39
Sambalpur ...	·23	8·47	20·17	14 10	21·33	·06	2·52	66·88	75·69	63·53

Rain-fall.

4. The rain-fall of 1883 had consisted of two main bursts separated by a long break in July and August; that of 1884, besides being considerably above the average in quantity, was remarkable for the absence of any break from the first burst of the monsoon (late in June) till near the close of September. This feature occurred in nearly every district but Nimar, the most westerly district of the Provinces, which usually receives far less rain than any other, but where the distribution in 1884 is reported to have been seasonable.

Rice the only crop favoured by the rain-fall.

5. In the other districts, the incessant fall for nearly three months was fatal to all the kharif crops except rice, and prevented the usual preparation of land for the rabi sowings. The monsoon terminated suddenly in October, or the end of

September, and was succeeded by clear open weather, during which the surface of the land rapidly dried and hardened to such an extent as to render ploughing exceedingly difficult. The cultivators were unable to pulverize the soil enough for wheat, the sowing of which was thus carried out under disadvantageous circumstances. The usual October and November showers were wanting; but in most districts there was a considerable fall of rain in December and January which did great good on the whole to the wheat crop, though it is reported to have caused mildew in Saugor and Damoh. The linseed crop suffered considerably from the cloudy weather in January.

The character of the rain-fall was generally prejudicial to all crops but rice; and the out-turn of most of the staples was considerably below the average.

Rice.

6. The principal rice-growing districts are Sambalpur, Raipur and Bhandara; and all these had a rice crop exceeding, or not below, the average. In the two former districts, the price of rice rose, notwithstanding the good harvest; and this was due (at all events in Sambalpur,) to an export demand. In Bhandara the price of rice is reported to have been lower in May 1885 than in the preceding hot weather.

Millet.

7. Except in Nimar, where the yield of juari was only 2 annas short of an average crop, the out-turn was very small. Juari is an important food crop in Wardha and Nagpur; and in both districts the yield was only from a third to a half of an average crop.

Cotton.

8. The season was very adverse to the production of cotton, as the plant likes alternate showers and sunshine. In Nimar the out-turn was about two-thirds of an average crop; in Wardha it is reported to have been one-third only, and it did not exceed this in Nagpur. In some parts of these districts the crop totally failed.

Wheat.

9. Wheat did best in the Raipur district, where the crop was above the average, and in Nimar, where an average crop was reaped. In the other wheat-growing districts the out-turn is reported to have been about two-thirds of an average crop—except in Saugor, where the yield approximated more nearly to the ordinary estimate.

Linseed.

10. Linseed was much damaged by cloudy weather in December and January, but did best, on the whole, in the southern districts constituting the Nagpur division, and in Nimar, where the yield was from two-thirds to five-sixths of an average crop. It was slightly below this in the other Nerbudda Valley and Satpura districts; and in Saugor it is reported that only a half crop was reaped.

Prices.

11. It has already been stated that the price of rice was affected by other causes than the amount produced during the year, and this was the case also with other kinds of grain. The general export demand was less than it had been in some preceding years, linseed alone being sufficiently in demand to maintain its price in most districts. In Raipur, the price even rose. The price of wheat fell, in spite of the yield having been under the average, and that of other grains slightly fell. The deficiency of millet in Nagpur and Wardha was relieved by a more than ordinarily good harvest in Berar.

The following table compares the prices in each district in June, December and March of 1883-84 and 1884-85 of the four principal food-grains—Wheat, Gram, Juari and Rice.

Price Current.—1884-85.

District.	Year.	June.								December.								March.							
		Wheat.		Gram.		Juari.		Common rice.		Wheat.		Gram.		Juari.		Common rice.		Wheat.		Gram.		Juari.		Common rice.	
		s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.
Saugor ...	1883-84	23	0	27	0	...		10	0	25	0	29	0	32	0	11	0	26	0	31	0	35	0	11	0
	1884-85	28	0	29	0	...		11	0	29	0	29	8	35	0	13	0	35	6	36	10	...		15	7
Damoh ...	1883-84	26	0	39	4	...		14	8	27	0	37	0	...		13	8	29	8	34	0	...		14	8
	1884-85	32	0	39	0	...		12	8	32	0	34	8	34	8	18	8	34	4	40	0	...		18	7
Jubbulpore ...	1883-84	19	0	25	0	25	0	16	0	23	0	28	0	35	0	13	0	23	8	28	0	29	0	13	0
	1884-85	22	0	28	0	24	0	12	0	25	0	30	0	32	0	16	0	23	0	30	0	28	0	17	0
Mandla ...	1883-84	25	0	42	0	...		18	8	27	8	45	0	...		23	0	32	0	45	0	...		18	0
	1884-85	32	0	45	0	...		17	8	36	0	42	0	...		21	8	26	0	35	0	...		20	0
Seoni ...	1883-84	23	0	26	0	...		18	0	24	0	26	0	...		20	0	24	8	27	0	...		19	0
	1884-85	25	0	28	0	...		16	8	31	0	31	0	...		19	0	26	0	27	0	...		18	0
Narsinghpur ...	1883-84	18	0	24	8	...		12	8	20	8	25	0	29	0	12	8	23	0	28	0	...		12	0
	1884-85	21	0	31	0	...		11	8	22	8	31	0	32	0	13	8	20	13	32	2	...		14	15
Hoshangabad ...	1883-84	14	5	21	11	21	0	9	9	17	7	23	8	24	0	11	4	19	11	29	4	30	0	11	4
	1884-85	20	4	27	0	...		9	8	24	12	28	2	31	8	12	6	26	7	32	1	33	13	12	1
Nimar ...	1883-84	16	0	19	0	19	0	15	0	17	8	20	4	25	5	15	15	18	9	25	13	22	8	14	14
	1884-85	21	10	23	15	22	8	13	13	24	12	25	13	26	4	15	15	25	10	30	3	30	0	16	2
Betul ...	1883-84	19	0	18	0	21	0	11	0	18	0	18	0	22	0	14	0	20	0	21	0	21	0	13	0
	1884-85	24	0	26	0	22	0	12	0	28	0	26	0	30	0	15	0	25	0	26	0	29	0	12	8
Chhindwara ...	1883-84	25	0	29	0	30	0	11	0	24	0	23	8	28	0	13	0	24	0	24	8	27	0	13	0
	1884-85	28	0	31	0	27	0	12	8	23	10	26	3	26	12	14	5	25	8	28	0	32	0	16	0
Wardha ...	1883 84	20	0	25	0	27	0	13	0	24	0	19	0	26	0	12	0	23	0	26	0	31	0	10	0
	1884-85	25	0	21	0	19	0	13	0	26	0	22	0	27	0	12	0	26	10	26	10	34	12	14	9
Nagpur ...	1883-84	17	4	23	12	31	12	16	0	23	8	22	4	35	12	14	12	22	4	22	4	26	12	14	12
	1884-85	22	12	22	12	27	12	14	12	25	4	23	4	29	12	14	4	29	12	24	12	30	0	16	0
Chanda ...	1883-84	19	0	21	8	27	8	13	8	24	0	19	8	45	0	17	0	22	0	26	8	24	0	15	0
	1884-85	25	0	25	0	25	0	16	4	23	0	27	0	24	8	17	8	27	8	26	3	...		19	3
Bhandara ...	1883-84	22	8	26	8	35	0	20	0	22	0	22	0	35	0	17	8	23	0	25	0	22	0	17	8
	1884-85	24	12	24	12	24	8	15	12	27	0	26	0	25	12	19	0	29	6	31	6	...		19	6
Balaghat ...	1883-84	20	0	28	0	...		26	0	20	0	25	0	...		27	0	21	0	25	0	...		24	0
	1884-85	24	0	26	0	...		21	0	25	0	27	0	...		24	0	30	2	30	10	...		26	12
Raipur ...	1883-84	22	0	30	0	...		36	0	25	0	26	0	...		24	0	32	0	26	0	...		25	0
	1884-85	28	0	23	0	...		23	8	36	0	24	0	...		25	0	46	11	23	4	...		22	7
Bilaspur ...	1883-84	32		36	0	...		54	0	28	8	34	0	...		34	0	38	0	34	0	...		29	4
	1884-85	47	0	42	8	...		34	0	56	12	48	0	...		36	8	57	11	24	0	..		31	15
Sambalpur ...	1883-84	17	8	19	8	...		40	0	17	8	12	0	...		28	0	21	0	16	8	...		28	0
	1884-85	22	12	16	8	...		24	8	33	4	19	8	...		29	12	26	4	19	8	...		29	12

3.—*Horticulture.*

12. There were, during 1884-85, 35 public gardens maintained from Local and Municipal Funds, besides the Maharaj Bagh (the Nagpur Horticultural gardens). The net cost of these 35 gardens was Rs. 14,014-2-5. The net cost of the Maharaj Bagh was Rs. 4,859-1-3. The district gardens distributed 2,671 seedlings gratis and 1,166 on payment. District Gardens.

The Maharaj Bagh distributed gratis and sold 1,832 fruit trees and 1,505 ornamental trees and shrubs. The last-named garden was considerably improved during the year and is now a pleasure-resort for crowds of people. A small menagerie has been established in the grounds which will form the nucleus of a Zoological collection. Maharaj Bagh.

13. The heaviness of the monsoon rain-fall which ruined all kharif crops, save rice, throughout the Nagpur country, did not spare the crops of the Experimental Farm. The experiments made there during the year were therefore less fruitful of results than they would otherwise have been: but the following particulars may be recorded. Experimental Farm.

(1). A field sown with the American variety of cotton known as Upland Georgian was the only one of the cotton fields which yielded an out-turn worth picking and ginning; and this was due to the fact that it continued to bear cotton till late in the hot weather and profited, therefore, by the cold weather rain. One of the most marked characteristics of this variety is that it actually gains in value by being saw-ginned, whereas local cotton is greatly injured by this process and must be cleaned by rollers. Experiments with—(1) Cotton.

(2). The Maize which was grown was of two American varieties—Golden dent and Maryland. The seed used had been produced in the country. The ground was heavily manured with poudrette (at the rate of 300 maunds to the acre) and the seed was sown in the middle of July. The crop was cut on October the 24th and yielded cobs with a dry weight of 1,019 lbs. (Golden dent) and 479 lbs. (Maryland) per acre. This is equal to about 679 and 319 lbs. of grain. The maize was grown as an ordinary rain-crop and not a single watering was given. The cobs of both these varieties are double or treble the size of the maize cobs ordinarily grown and are, of course, much admired. The kachis on the sewage farm have taken to growing the Golden dent variety and some was grown by a cultivator in the Raipur district with marked success. (2) Maize.

(3). Green juari was successfully ensilaged. The silo was simply a rectangular pit 16 feet long, 10 feet broad and 6 feet deep, the inside of which was plastered with cowdung. The juari was cut in green condition in November, and when the pit was opened in April its contents were found in excellent condition. The juari had developed a sweetness which it does not ordinarily possess, and was greedily eaten by cattle. (3) Ensilaging Juari.

(4). The experiments made with Agricultural Machinery have shown that the ploughs which are best fitted for working black cotton soil of any yet tried are the Swedish ploughs. Two of these were obtained from the Saidapet farm and worked admirably. Though ploughing to a depth of 5 inches, they can be drawn by one pair of bullocks—ploughing, that is to say, as deep as the heavy plough or "Nagar" of the country, with only half the labour. They have the further advantage over the Nagar of thoroughly breaking up and inverting the soil. The cost of the ploughs at Saidapet was Rs. 18 each, which was increased to Rs. 21 by cost of carriage to Nagpur. Their cost in Sweden is £ 1-5-0. (4) Swedish Ploughs.

4 6 5 8

(5) Hand Thresher and Grain Winnower.

The Hand Thresher supplied by Messrs. Mayfurth and Co., of Frankfort-on-the Maine, Germany, worked as satisfactorily as during the preceding year and was in constant use throughout harvest time. The Grain Winnower, by Messrs. Dill and Co., of London, also worked well, delivering 4½ maunds wheat and 2½ maunds linseed per hour.

4.—*Forests.*

Increase in area of First Class Reserves.

14. The area of the Forests was modified during the year 1884-85, as under:—

First class reserves,	*increase*	45,042 acres.
Second „ „	*decrease*	37,966 „
Unreserved Forests,	*increase*	54,874 „

The increase in the First class reserves is due to the transfer of the Bhandak Forest (Chanda district) and the Malaigaon Forest (Wardha district) from the Second class to the First class reserves. The Bhandak Forest (area 43,764 acres or 68 square miles) is capable of supplying the vast open populated country to the west and south-west with forest produce; and the projected Chanda Railway will pass through or very near this forest. The Malaigaon forest (area 6,590 acres, or over 10 square miles) is of unquestionable importance as a permanent source of supply to the town of Wardha and the villages lying in the open country south-west of the forest. The area of the First class reserves was, however, reduced by the retransfer to the Second class of 5,312 acres (or about 8 square miles) in the Jubbulpore district. This block had been transferred in June 1883 to the First class; but further enquiry convinced both District Officers and the Conservator that this was inexpedient, owing to the position and character of the forest. The action of June 1883 was accordingly cancelled. The net increase in the area of the First class forests was, therefore, 45,042 acres, or over 70 square miles.

15. Of course a corresponding decrease took place in the area of the Second Class Reserves, owing to these transfers. But against this decrease has to be set off 629 acres acquired in 1882 by exchange, and 3,837 acres by purchase, in the Balaghat district, and 2,107 acres in that district not hitherto included in any Notification. This total area of 6,573 acres, or over 10 square miles, was notified as reserves during the year: to which has to be added 503 acres excluded by mistake. The total decrease in the area of the Second Class Reserves is, therefore, shown as 37,966 acres, or over 59 square miles.

Increase in Unreserved Forests—Purchase of Ahiri Forest.

16. The great increase in the area of the Unreserved Forests is due mainly to the successful completion of the purchase of the Ahiri Forest (area 60,591 acres, or over 94 square miles) from the Zamindar of Ahiri. This important purchase had been under consideration for about two years, but was delayed owing to the Zamindar having had recourse in his financial difficulties to the Insolvency Court. His affairs were settled during the year; and the purchase was completed. The purchase of 232 acres of the Muljhari and Puljhari villages in the Chanda district at a small cost (Rs. 40) was also advantageous, as securing to Government the rights of these private proprietors within the Muharli Reserve. The necessary proceedings for declaring the Ahiri, Muljhari and Puljhari areas to be reserves had not been completed at the year's end. The other variations in area are due to the operation of the old Clearance Lease Rules.

Boundaries.

17. The total length of boundaries of the First class reserves is 2,522 miles. Of this length, 2,159 miles are reported as cleared, while 363 miles remain to be attended to. In regard to the Second Class Reserves, the checking of boundaries has been carried on in twelve districts. A total length of 1,623 miles has been surveyed and a length of 1,086 miles has been demarcated.

Breaches of Forest law.

18. The total number of cases of breaches of Forest law for the last two years, may be thus compared:—

	Taken into Court.	Compounded.	Total.
1883-84	341	9,853	10,194
1884-85	312	11,160	11,472
Difference	−29	+1,307	+1,278

As the percentage of convictions to prosecutions has risen from 82·2 to 86·4 for cases and from 74·1 to 75·9 for persons, there is good ground to believe that prosecutions were not unnecessarily instituted.

Protection against fire.

19. The results of protection against fire during the year under report may be compared with those for the preceding year as follows:—

Year.	Area in square miles.				Cost per square mile.
	Attempted.	Failures.	Actually protected.	Percentage of failure in area attempted.	
					Rs.
1883-84 ...	1,429	63	1,366	4·4	12-8-8
1884-85 ...	1,434	35	1,399	2·4	13-4-0

These figures afford ground for satisfaction; for, though the cost was slightly greater than in the preceding year, the area protected was also greater and the proportion of failures is reduced by nearly one-half.

Grazing.

20. The following statement shows the number of cattle grazed in the forests for the last two years:—

Year.	In 1st class reserves.		In 2nd class reserves.		Total.	
	Cattle.	Income.	Cattle.	Income.	Cattle.	Income.
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1883-84 ...	165,251	25,747	3,014,640	3,62,203	3,179,891	3,87,950
1884-85 ...	273,323	43,081	3,009,168	3,60,478	3,282,491	4,03,559

Of the animals grazed during 1884-85, about 72 per cent were cows and bullocks, and about 12 per cent buffaloes: the remaining 16 per cent were chiefly sheep and goats. The chief grazing districts are Chanda and Mandla.

Yield of Forests.

21. The yield of the forests as reported for the last two years may be thus compared:—

Description of produce.	Quantity removed in tons.					
	By departmental agency.		By purchasers.		Total.	
	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.
Teak and Sal timber ...	2,023	1,151	1,613	1,602	3,636	2,753
Other timber	1,020	161	41,024	25,884	42,044	26,045
Fencing wood	...	...	4,895	...	4,895	...
Firewood and charcoal ...	650	756	113,762	69,758	114,412	70,514
Bamboos	443	536	15,293	17,582	15,736	18,118
Grass	242	417	15,560	17,166	15,802	17,583
Other minor produce ...	260	118	9,647	7,952	9,907	8,060
Total ...	4,638	3,139	201,794	139,934	206,432	143,073

There can be little doubt that the reduced out-turn is due to the fact that the year under report was the Singhast year, a year unfavourable to building and similar operations (among Hindus).

Financial results.

22. The financial results for the year under report may be thus compared with those for the preceding year :—

	1883-84.			1884-85.		
	First class.	Second class.	Total.	First class.	Second class.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Receipts	1,79,788	8,14,981	9,94,769	2,20,487	8,06,716	10,27,203
Charges	1,74,612	2,61,445	4,36,057	2,37,482	2,58,339	4,95,821
Net Revenue ...	5,176	5,53,536	5,58,712	—16,995	5,48,377	5,31,384

There is thus shown to be a decrease in net revenue amounting to Rs. 22,171 for the first class forests and to Rs. 5,159 for the second class—making a total of Rs. 27,330. But it must be borne in mind that a sum of Rs. 60,040 spent in purchasing the Ahiri forests and two small villages in the Chanda district has been debited against the first class forests, to which class these forests will soon belong. If this exceptional item be omitted, there will be found an increase of Rs. 37,869 in the net revenue of the first class forests; and a total increase in the net revenue of Rs. 32,710. These results are very satisfactory in view of the circumstances of the year under report.

5.—*Mines and Quarries.*

Warora Colliery.

23. The total earnings of the Warora Colliery for the year 1884, were Rs. 3,98,291; and the expenditure was Rs. 2,85,957—giving a net profit of Rs. 1,12,334, which is 11·22 per cent on the capital spent on this work (viz., Rs. 10,00,936, to the end of December 1884).

24. The Colliery earnings during the year show a decrease as compared with the figures for 1883. This was due to the reduced rate at which coal was sold to the public—a reduction which was referred to in last year's report—and also to issue of coal to the Home Line and Colliery at the cost rate, instead of at the the selling rate, as formerly.

Quantity of coal raised.

25. The quantity of coal raised during the year ending 31st March 1885, was 97,456 tons, or about the same quantity as was got out in the preceding year.

26. The fire in the 2nd seam of coal which broke out in 1882, continues to be a source of anxiety. It has, however, been successfully stopped off; and although one out-break gave some trouble, it did not interfere with the workings in other parts of the mines.

Average out-put.

There are at present 5 pits, three of which are winding and two are pumping shafts. The out-put averages 12,000 tons a month.

6.—*Manufactures.*

Cotton Mills.

27. Excluding Government and Railway Workshops, the only important factories which were at work in the Province during 1884-85, are the Cotton Mills at Nagpur and Hinganghat. A third Cotton Mill was in process of construction at Jubbulpore: and is now finished. The following statement shows the position and out-turn of the two former Mills during the year under report.

Place of working.	Proprietors.	Nominal capital.	No. of looms.	No. of spindles.	Amount of cotton worked up.	Description of goods manufactured.	Average daily attendance of hands.				
							Men.	Women.	Young persons.	Children.	Total.
		Rs.			Cwts.						
Nagpur ... (The Empress Mills.)	Joint stock Company. Limited.	15,00,000	348	31,192	31,483	Cotton twist and piece goods.	930	297	410	142	1,689
Hinganghat ... (Wardha District.)	do.	3,50,000	...	10,788	12,396	Yarn.	143	71	169	36	419

It will be observed that the manufacture at the Hinganghat Mill is at present limited to cotton twist, and no woven goods are made. In both Mills the number of spindles at work, and the average number of hands employed, have increased.

7.—*Trade.*

28. Speaking generally, the traffic of the year under report shows a decrease of 16 per cent in the Imports, and an increase of 9 per cent in the Exports.

The principal items in the import traffic.

29. The trade of the last two years in the principal commodities which are imported into these Provinces is contrasted below :—

	Amount, Maunds.		Value, Rupees.	
	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.
Coal	5,68,489	1,75,685	1,70,547	52,706
Cotton twist and yarn—				
European	20,646	23,259	14,45,220	16,28,130
Indian	21,246	25,636	6,37,380	7,69,080
Cotton piece-goods—				
European	90,749	83,446	77,13,665	71,81,470
Indian	32,741	18,888	16,37,050	9,53,475
Gunny bags	1,97,122	2,16,517	15,76,976	11,36,714
Metals—				
Iron	1,71,712	1,28,915	8,15,632	6,92,918
Others	9,304	30,773	1,02,344	3,07,730
Salt	11,93,695	11,91,484	43,27,144	42,44,662
Sugar—				
Drained	82,367	1,19,669	9,57,516	14,21,069
Undrained	4,24,288	2,57,545	22,80,548	12,55,532
Tobacco	92,186	58,525	9,39,145	5,77,935

Coal.

30. The great decrease in the import of coal is due to a falling off in the English coal received from Bombay by the Nimar block, which includes the Khandwa Railway junction. During 1883-84, the coal imported into the Nimar block from Bombay amounted to 3,48,140 maunds. During the year under report it only amounted to 81,847 maunds. This points to an increase in the consumption of coal produced in the Provinces.

Cotton goods.

31. The imports of European yarn show a small increase (from 20,646 to 23,259 maunds), and the imports of Indian yarn show a large increase (from 21,246 to 25,636 maunds). The European yarn comes almost entirely from Bombay, Calcutta only subscribing 5,008 maunds. A large proportion of the Indian yarn (11,726 maunds) comes from mills in the Berars, and mills in the Bombay Presidency, and Bombay itself subscribed almost the whole of the remainder.

The Nagpur block in these Provinces received nearly half of the total quantity of yarn imported. This was to be expected, as the places in which the weaving of fine cloth is an industry of importance are almost entirely confined to the Nagpur, Bhandara and Chanda districts.

While the imports of yarn increased, the imports of piece-goods decreased considerably, the falling off being especially noticeable in the case of Indian piece-goods, the imports of which declined from 32,741 maunds to 18,888

maunds. The decrease occurs in the imports into every Provincial block except Nimar, and appears to indicate an over-import in the year preceding.

Of the European piece-goods, 82 per cent were imported from Bombay, and only 8 per cent from Calcutta. Of the Indian piece-goods 60 per cent came from the Bombay Presidency and 30 per cent from mills in the North-Western Provinces (Cawnpore).

Metals.

32. The import of metals shows a decrease of 53,268 maunds, of which 42,797 maunds are accounted for by the falling off in the import of iron. There was a decrease in the import of iron in the case of every block of the Provinces; but it is especially marked in the case of the Nimar block, the imports of which sank from 48,328 to 12,282 maunds.

The greater part of the metals which are imported into these Provinces are despatched from Bombay, and the share which Calcutta takes in the trade barely amounts to 10 per cent.

Salt.

33. The imports of salt remain at almost precisely the same figure as in the preceding year, but the character of the trade suffered a change in the decrease in the import of Rajputana salt, which sank to 34,421 maunds from 1,23,996 maunds in the preceding year. The salt imported during the year under report was practically all Bombay salt.

Sugar.

34. The traffic under the head of Sugar has been classified according as it consists of drained or undrained sugar. By the former is meant sugar from which the treacle has been extracted, often improperly termed "refined;" and by the latter is meant sugar compost (*gurh*), in which sugar crystals and treacle are mixed.

The import of drained sugar shows a considerable increase, which is chiefly due to a large rise in the import of Mauritius sugar from Bombay (from 23,021 to 83,961 maunds). This is interesting as indicating a change in the habits of the people, amongst whom Mauritius sugar has been anything but popular. It now seems to be gaining ground at the expense of the produce of the North-Western Provinces and Behar, the import of which has sunk from 58,271 maunds to 34,209 maunds. No drained sugar is manufactured in these Provinces.

For undrained sugar the North-Western Provinces and Behar continue the main sources of supply; and it constitutes indeed the only important commercial link between these tracts and the Central Provinces. The returns show however a very great decrease in the imports, which sank from 4,24,288 maunds to 2,57,545 maunds. There is no apparent reason for this. The price of undrained sugar was lower during the year under report than during 1883-84, and a larger consumption might have been expected. It is noticeable, however, that the imports of 1883-84 exceeded those of the preceding year by 90,000 maunds, and it may be that the imports of 1883-84 were in excess of requirements.

Tobacco.

35. The import of tobacco shows a decrease of 33,661 maunds, due to a great contraction in the imports from Bengal, which affected the receipts of the Jubbulpore and Nerbudda blocks. For this decrease no reason can be assigned.

Kerosine oil, and umbrellas.

36. The items of import above mentioned account for 64 per cent of the weight and 70 per cent of the value of the total import trade. A brief mention may be made of two other items—kerosine oil and umbrellas—which are worthy of note, not for their intrinsic importance, but for the indications which they

give of the prosperity of the country and of the extent to which the people can afford luxuries.

The import of kerosine oil rose from 31,038 to 49,802 maunds.

The import of umbrellas was separately registered for the first time during the year under report. The import amounted to 1,919 maunds, which may be roughly taken as representing 50,000 umbrellas.

The principal items in the export traffic.

37. The principal items in the Export traffic of the last two years are contrasted below :—

	Amount, Maunds.		Value, Rupees.	
	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.
			Rs.	Rs.
	10,73,744	12,99,836	3,22,123	3,89,951
Coal	1,12,865	72,723	16,92,975	10,77,209
Cotton	77,08,223	97,91,130	1,54,16,446	1,46,86,695
Wheat	10,68,865	12,83,019	30,05,939	28,06,604
Rice	15,19,796	11,88,774	25,76,906	17,86,913
Other grains	36,883	67,139	5,04,836	9,06,376
Hides	20,99,558	25,11,181	65,61,119	73,76,594
Linseed	9,02,675	2,60,781	34,41,448	9,94,227
Tilseed	...	2,24,193	...	5,74,495
Myrabolans	73,729	67,282	9,58,477	12,11,076
Stick lac	23,733	26,600	6,02,225	7,81,375
Ghi				

Coal

38. Almost the whole of the quantity of coal exported was the produce of the Warora mines, and was consigned to stations in the Berars and in the Bombay Presidency. Very little of the Mohpani coal left the Provinces; and its supply was restricted to places within the Nerbudda and Jubbulpore blocks.

Cotton.

39. The export trade in cotton sank during the year under report to a lower figure than it had stood at for many years. This was due to the extraordinary shortness of the crop of 1884. The excessive rain of the monsoon period of that year was very prejudicial to all crops except rice, and was ruinous to cotton, which yielded a miserable out-turn. The rain-fall of all districts in these Provinces except Nimar and Wardha is too heavy for cotton production, and its cultivation appears to be practically giving way to that of cold weather crops, especially of linseed, which grows well on the soils ordinarily appropriated to cotton.

Wheat

40. The expansion of the export traffic in wheat is perhaps the most striking feature in the trade of the year. It exceeded the export of 1883-84 by 20 lakhs maunds and was 3 lakhs maunds in excess of the export of 1881-82, which has hitherto been the largest on record. The total amount exported (nearly 98 lakhs maunds) represents the produce of at least 14,00,000 acres, or 41 per cent of the total recorded wheat area of the Provinces.

The increase in export was the result of two exceedingly good harvests which brought down prices to a very low figure. It will be seen that although the wheat exports of the year *in weight* exceed those of 1883-84 by 27 per cent, *in value* they actually fall short of them by 5 per cent. This is the result of the great decline in prices, which sank from an average of Rs. 2 per maund in 1883-84 to an average of Rs. 1-8-0 per maund in 1884-85.

Practically speaking, the whole of the wheat exported from these Provinces was consigned to Bombay.

Rice.

41. The increase in the export of rice was due to an increase in the export from the Nagpur block, resulting from the expanding trade of Gondia station on the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway. But the traffic in rice is mainly supported by the Chhattisgarh country, which contributed $\frac{2}{3}$rds of the amount exported.

Other grains.

The exports were distributed between Bombay and places in the Bombay Presidency and the Berars, Rajputana also taking a considerable share.

42. The exports under the head of "Other grains" chiefly consist of gram, which was sent in large quantities (5,65,894 maunds) to Bombay from the Jubbulpore and Nerbudda blocks.

The Nimar block exported 1,82,962 maunds of millet to Bombay and places in the Bombay Presidency. Nimar is the district which grows the best juari in the Provinces.

Hides.

43. The export of hides nearly doubled itself. This was mainly due to the unprecedented mortality of cattle in the Chhattisgarh Division during the rains of 1884—when an epidemic of pleuro-pneumonia carried off cattle in thousands. Nearly half the quantity of hides exported was subscribed by the Chhattisgarh block. Rinderpest was also prevalent in parts of the Nagpur Division, and the exports of hides from the Nagpur block rose from 12,114 maunds in 1883-84 to 22,112 maunds in 1884-85. The increase in the amount of hides exported from the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh Divisions represents an increase in cattle mortality amounting to about 13,000 and 1,31,000 head respectively.

Linseed.

44. The increase in the export of linseed is principally due to an increase in the amount contributed by the Chhattisgarh block, which rose from 5,48,787 maunds in 1883-84 to 9,06,039 maunds in 1884-85.

The linseed crop of 1884 was a very good one; and half the amount exported during the year under report was despatched during the first three months of the year, the period immediately following the harvest. The crop of the current year was a deficient one, and a falling off in export may be expected.

The linseed, like the wheat, was almost wholly absorbed by Bombay.

Tilseed.

45. The great decrease in the export of til was due, like that in the export of cotton, to the unfortunate character of the monsoon season of 1884. The til crop was a very short one, and export fell off by 72 per cent.

Myrabolans.

46. The export of myrabolans was separately registered for the first time during the year under report. It is of comparatively recent origin and has before it great possibilities. The trees from which the berries are produced (the Harra and Bahera) are found abundantly in many parts of the Provinces and promise to become a most productive source of forest income. The export is at present principally derived from the Satpura forests in the Jubbulpore and Nerbudda Divisions, and the Chhattisgarh forests only contribute a quarter of the quantity despatched. But the extension of the Chhattisgarh Railway towards Calcutta will bring into the market very great supplies of myrabolans, which are now wasted in the jungles of Raipur, Sambalpur and the Native States surrounding them.

Stick lac.

47. The stick lac exported is derived from forests in the Jubbulpore and Chhattisgarh Divisions, and is all consigned to the lac factories at Mirzapur in the North-Western Provinces. The exports of the year fell off, owing to a short supply from Chhattisgarh.

Ghi

48. The exports of ghi show an increase; but it is only a small step toward the amount which they attained in 1881-82 (53,574 maunds).

Value of trade with other Provinces.

49. It will have been seen from the remarks already made that the port of Bombay engrossed by far the largest portion of the Provincial traffic. Of the imports it contributed by *weight* 35 per cent, but the goods which it supplied constituted the most valuable part of the traffic, and the *value* of its contributions amounted to 53 per cent of the total. Of the exports it received 78 per cent by *weight*, and 71 per cent by *value*. Even when the exports are valued according to Central Provinces rates, the sum in which Bombay stands indebted to these Provinces is close upon 1⅓ crore of rupees. It is unnecesary to add that the traffic which these Provinces transact with Bombay practically represents the traffic which they transact with Europe.

The share which *Calcutta* took in the traffic was exceedingly small, only amounting (by value) to 6 per cent of the imports and 1 per cent of the exports. The shares taken by the Lower Provinces of Bengal and by Southern India (Madras and Hyderabad) were also insignificant.

The trade with the *North-West Provinces and the Bombay Presidency* is important, as supplying these Provinces with their sugar and salt respectively.

The value of the goods imported from the *North-West Provinces* was 12 per cent of the total value of the imports and amounted to 33½ lakhs of rupees, of which sugar contributed 9 lakhs, cotton goods 3 lakhs, dyes 3½ lakhs, spices nearly 1 lakh, and railway plant 4 lakhs. Two-thirds of the imports were paid for in kind, the stick lac exported being alone worth 11 lakhs of rupees. There remained a balance of 9 lakhs rupees against these Provinces.

The value of the imports from the *Bombay Presidency* was 19 per cent of the total value of the imports and amounted to 53¾ lakhs of rupees, of which salt alone contributed 40 lakhs. These Provinces repaid nearly 37 lakhs in kind,—grain, cotton and hides being the principal exports; and a balance of 17 lakhs rupees remained against them.

Trade with the *Berars and Rajputana* was relatively unimportant. In both cases the value of the exports exceeded that of the imports, the balance in favour of these Provinces amounting to 24 lakhs rupees.

8.—*Public Works.*

50. The total expenditure incurred during the year under the principal heads of Public Works Expenditure (excluding Railways) amounted to Rs. 16,63,106, as shown below:—

		Rs.
Imperial, Military Ordinary	...	1,38,654
Do. Other Services	...	59,596
Provincial ...	...	14,04,989
Contribution Works ...	...	25,185
Incorporated Local Funds	...	34,682
	Total ...	16,63,106

Imperial Military.

51. Under the head of Imperial Military, the principal work was the Remodelling of Fort Sitabaldi. The *cavalier* emplacements Nos. 1 and 6 Batteries, with their sub-chambers, were completed during the year. The escarp revetment was nearly finished. The out-work on the lower hill was finished. The outlay during the year was Rs. 38,060.

Imperial Other Services.

52. The principal outlay incurred under Imperial Other Services, was on the construction of an office for the Chief and Assistant Superintendent of Telegraphs and of two blocks of Quarters for Signallers, at Jubbulpore.

53. The construction of Provincial buildings absorbed a larger expenditure than in 1883. The detached Record-house for the District Court House at Nagpur was completed at a cost of Rs. 19,738. The other chief works were the remodelling of four male wards in the Lunatic Asylum, Jubbulpore, at a cost of Rs. 16,151; and the erection of 6 Police Station Houses at a cost of Rs. 20,292.

Communications.

54. The outlay on Communications amounted to Rs. 3,85,213. The principal roads on which work was done are :—

The North-West Road (from Itarsi *via* Betul and Saoner to Nagpur.)
„ Tumsar Katangi Road (Nagpur and Chhattisgarh Railway Feeder.)
„ Gondia and Balaghat do.
„ Great Northern do. (Nagpur to Jubbulpore.)
„ Great Eastern do. (Nagpur to Raipur.)
„ Raipur and Bilaspur do.
„ Raipur and Sambalpur do.
„ Saugor and Jubbulpore do. (*via* Damoh)
„ Seoni and Chhindwara do.
„ Piparia and Pachmarhi do.

55. The expenditure on repairs to roads throughout the Province amounted to Rs. 4,95,361, as compared with Rs. 3,25,389 in the preceding year.

Contribution works.

56. Under the head of Contribution Works, Civil Buildings, the chief outlay was on the construction of a Church at Mandla ; on additions to Christ Church at Jubbulpore ; and on the Water-works at Nagpur, Jubbulpore, Hinganghat and Khandwa. A new pumping-engine was purchased for Khandwa.

9.—*State Railways.*

Two State Lines.

57. The lines under the control of this Administration during 1884-85 were :—

i.—The Wardha Coal State Railway, broad gauge, length 45 miles.
ii.—The Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway, narrow gauge, length 149½ miles.

The entire length of both lines was open for traffic during the year, and worked without accident of any serious nature. During a heavy flood in August 1884, the centre pier of the Panoli bridge on the Chhattisgarh line gave way, and a temporary interruption in the traffic was the result.

Earnings.

58. The earnings of the two lines are shown below :—

Line.	Gross earnings.	Expenditure.	Net Profit.	Percentage on Capital outlay.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Wardha Coal Railway ...	6,81,037	4,69,177	2,11,860	3·20
Nagpur Chhattisgarh Railway ...	13,23,014	7,64,984	5,58,030	5·5

Coaching traffic.

59. The number of third and fourth class passengers carried by each line during the year 1883 and 1884 is given below :—

	1883.		Total.	1884.		Total.
Wardha Coal Railway ...	3rd class	1,910	128,527	1,880		134,458
	4th do.	126,617		132,608		
Nagpur Chhattisgarh Railway ...	3rd class	14,662	661,291	138,338		867,136
	4th do.	646,629		728,798		

The increase in coaching traffic is due to the natural growth of traffic, assisted by the running of a second through mixed train on the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh line during the hot weather of 1884.

Goods traffic

60. Goods receipts on the other hand decreased. This was partly due to a reduction of rates.

CHAPTER V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

1. The following is an Abstract of the Accounts of the Central Provinces, for the year 1884-85:— Abstract of accounts for 1884-85.

	Receipts.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
Cash Balance on 1st April 1884 ..	69,71,812	...
REVENUE AND SERVICE HEADS.		
Imperial Revenue and Expenditure	53,02,034	1,84,665
Provincial Services—Revenue and Expenditure ...	55,69,818	45,72,416
Local Revenue and Expenditure	7,18,765	5,34,001
DEBT AND REMITTANCE HEADS.		
Excluded Local Funds—Revenue and Expenditure ...	1,44,978	2,07,417
Government Stock Notes	463	...
Savings Bank Deposits	2,77,180	2,74,375
Civil Deposits	25,83,488	23,85,400
Municipal Funds	9,54,673	9,45,454
Miscellaneous Debt Accounts	29,36,650	29,18,500
Account Current with Native States	42,403	61,270
Coinage Accounts	1,000	...
Departmental Accounts	5,404	2,950
Loans to Municipalities, Native States, &c. ...	1,01,219	70,000
Cash Remittances and Adjustments	79,62,210	79,61,417
Remittances by Bills—Local and Foreign ...	21,51,047	22,47,918
Foreign Remittances	4,00,000	39,27,698
Cash and Bill Remittances to and from other Governments ...	14,28,034	17,67,795
Post Office Department	25,97,692	2,51,139
Telegraph Department	29,398	1,15,475
Account Current with Marine	...	30
Military Department	1,15,924	36,02,964
Public Works Department (including State Railways) ...	15,25,001	36,70,380
Account between England and India	348	...
Cash Balance on 31st March 1885 ...	...	61,18,477
Total ...	4,18,19,741	4,18,19,741

TOTAL REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

2. The total Revenue of the year, including the receipts from Provincial State Railways and Public Works, amounted to Rs. 1,47,16,374; and the total expenditure, including charges on account of Provincial State Railways and Public Works, to Rs. 92,71,551. The surplus of Revenue over Expenditure was thus Rs. 54,44,823. Surplus of Revenue over Expenditure—fifty-four lakhs.

DISTRIBUTION BETWEEN IMPERIAL, PROVINCIAL AND LOCAL.

3. The arrangements with the Government of India for the administration of the Provincial Services have remained the same as in the preceding year, but certain items of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure were transferred during the year to the administration of District Councils and Local Boards constituted under the Local Self-Government Act I. of 1883. Further transfers in the same direction have been made since the commencement of the year 1885-86. The distribution of the total figures for 1884-85 under the three heads Imperial, Provincial and Local, is given below:—

	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial	60,64,037	9,46,668
Provincial (including Public Works)	79,33,571	77,56,199
Incorporated Local	7,18,766	5,68,684
	1,47,16,374	92,71,551

The following paragraphs contain a detailed review of the Revenue and Expenditure of the year as compared with the figures for the year 1883-84.

A.—Revenue.

Distribution of gross revenue between Imperial, Provincial and Local accounts

4. The Abstract Statement given in paragraph 1 includes the entire cash transactions of the year, both under the Revenue and Service heads and the Debt and Remittance heads of the Accounts. The details of the net Imperial, Provincial and Local Revenue and of the Expenditure will be found in the Statistical Tables—A., Finance I. and II., appended to this report.

The subjoined Statement gives the distribution under the several major heads in the Government accounts of the gross revenue as shown in column 1 of Table A., Finance I. Also the amount of revenue credited in the accounts of the Public Works Department on account of Provincial State Railways and Public Works, and included in the amount shown against the head "Public Works Department" in the Abstract Statement in paragraph 1.

Major head of Revenue.	Imperial Revenue.	Provincial Revenue.	Incorporated Local Revenue.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Land Revenue	31,03,618	29,59,468	...	60,63,086
II.—Opium	2,15,040	...	...	2,15,040
IV.—Stamps	6,84,941	6,84,940	...	13,69,881
V.—Excise	12,46,466	12,46,466	...	24,92,932
VI.—Provincial Rates	...	2,75,336	3,72,881	6,48,217
VIII.—Assessed Taxes	1,19,534	1,19,535	...	2,39,069
IX.—Forest	5,13,601	5,13,601	...	10,27,202
X.—Registration	34,046	34,046	...	68,092
XI.—Tributes	1,35,908	...	...	1,35,908
XV.—Law and Justice	...	4,26,361	...	4,26,361
XVI.—Police	...	88,850	1,63,143	2,51,993
XVIII.—Education	...	1,04,596	1,525	1,06,121
XIX.—Medical	...	8,697	13,900	22,597
XX.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	...	4,038	12,880	16,918
XXI.—Interest	10,411	...	...	10,411
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation.	...	6,870	...	6,870
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing ...	...	21,366	...	21,366
XXIV.—Miscellaneous	297	9,143	80,997	90,437
XXXV.—Civil Buildings, Roads and Services	...	40,502	73,440	1,13,942
XXXVIII.—Exchange on transactions with London	175	...	...	175
Total Civil ...	60,64,037	65,43,815	7,18,766	1,33,26,618
Public Works Department Revenue, Buildings and Roads	...	27,364	...	27,364
State Railways ...	...	13,62,392	...	13,62,392
Grand Total ...	60,64,037	79,33,571	7,18,766	1,47,16,374

5. Under the arrangements referred to in paragraph 3, certain heads of revenue and expenditure are wholly reserved as Imperial: others are divided between Imperial and Provincial, and the rest are made wholly Provincial. The figures entered in the columns headed "Imperial" and "Provincial" of the Statement given in the preceding paragraph, show under what heads the revenue is wholly Imperial or wholly Provincial, and in what cases it is divided between the Imperial and Provincial Governments. The figures in the column headed "Local" represent only the revenue of the Incorporated Local Funds, namely, the Patwari Fund and the District Fund, the receipts of the former being credited against the head VI. Provincial Rates, and those of the latter distributed under different major heads of revenue, according to the nature of the receipts. The figures do not include the receipts of Municipal and Excluded Local Funds, which are separately shown (paragraphs 51—53).

I.—Land Revenue.

Percentage of Land Revenue credited to Provincial accounts.

6. Under the existing scheme of Provincial Finance, a fixed percentage on the Land Revenue of the Province is credited to the Provincial Revenues of the Administration to cover the difference between the Provincial revenue and Provincial expenditure, the balance of transfers of revenue and expenditure under other heads being against the Local Administration. This percentage is 49·2047 under the Provincial contract at present in force, and the Land Revenue is therefore divided between the Imperial and Provincial Governments in the following proportions :—

Imperial	...	50·7953
Provincial	...	49·2047

The total Land Revenue collected in the year 1884-85 amounted to Rs. 60,63,086, as compared with Rs. 61,92,976 in the year 1883-84. The decrease in 1884-85 is attributable principally to revenue falling due in that year having been collected in advance in the year 1883-84.

The distribution of the revenue between Imperial and Provincial according to the percentages mentioned above is as follows :—

	1883-84.	1884-85.
	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial share	31,71,157	31,03,618
Provincial share	30,21,619	29,59,468
Total Rs.	61,92,976	60,63,086

II.—Opium.

Sale proceeds of Opium how credited.

7. The revenue credited under this head is wholly Imperial. It represents the cost price of opium supplied to the Excise Department—that is to say, on the sale of the opium the credit for the gross proceeds is divided between Opium and Excise. A sum (at present Rs. 7-4-0 per ser) equal to the cost of the drug is credited to Opium, and the balance as Excise revenue, no charge being made to the Excise Department for the opium supplied to it by the Opium Department. The amount credited as Opium revenue in 1884-85 is somewhat less than in the preceding year (see para. 9). The figures are :—

	Rs.
1883-84	2,18,511
1884-85	2,15,040

IV.—Stamps.

Increase of Revenue from Court Fee stamps.

8. The revenue derived from Stamps is divided equally between Imperial and Provincial. The total amount collected in 1884-85 was Rs. 13,69,881, as compared with Rs. 13,10,736 in 1883-84. The details for the two years are given below :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Sale of general stamps ...	4,09,994	4,08,020
„ of Court Fee stamps ...	8,84,710	9,42,581
„ of plain paper ...	2,895	2,498
Duty on impressed documents...	7,122	7,779
Fines and penalties ...	5,589	8,879
Miscellaneous ...	426	124
Total Rs.	13,10,736	13,69,881

The figures for 1884-85 show an increase of revenue amounting to Rs. 59,145, in comparison with 1883-84. The increase is almost entirely under the head "Sale of Court Fee Stamps." In 13 out of 18 districts the income from this source rose.

Sales of Document stamps and of Hundi stamps decreased during the year. The decline under the former head was mainly caused by a sudden check in the progress of this branch of the revenue in a single district (Hoshangabad). The decrease under Hundi stamps was probably due to the slackness of the export trade.

The number of Sub-Postmasters licensed to sell Non-judicial stamps rose from 135 to 165. Although it is questionable whether the total sales of Document stamps in the Province is increased by the employment of this agency, there seems to be little doubt that it has a stimulating effect upon the income from One Anna Revenue stamps. The discount allowed to Sub-Postmasters upon the purchase of the last-named stamps was increased during the year under report from 2 to 6¼ per cent, with marked effect.

V.—Excise.

Increase of Revenue due to competition for Country Spirit monopolies.

9. The Excise Revenue is also divided equally between Imperial and Provincial. The total amount credited in the accounts for the year 1884-85 was Rs. 24,92,932. The comparison with the year 1883-84 is as follows :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
License and distillery fees and duties on sale of liquor and drugs ...	19,24,396	20,60,001
Gain on sale proceeds of Excise opium ...	4,29,138	4,24,146
Fines, confiscations and miscellaneous ...	2,901	8,785
Total ...	23,56,435	24,92,932

The increase, amounting to Rs. 1,36,497, in the revenue collected in 1884-85 as compared with the figures for the previous year, is attributable, in the main, to the higher fees paid for the monopoly of sale of country spirits, owing to competition among the bidders. There was a falling off in the income from duties levied upon the manufacture of liquor at Sadar distilleries and Contract

stills. With regard to Opium, while the number of shops for the sale of the drug and the consumption in the *khalsa* decreased during the year under report, the total demand was still above the average in almost every district. At the same time, the opium revenue to be collected under all heads of income showed only a trifling decrease : and the returns for several years show that (with exception in the case of four districts, which are particularly open to smuggling) even this small depression was due to fluctuations in the demand.

Ganja, on the other hand, showed an increase in consumption in all districts save four. The improved quality of the issues of the drug attracted anew the consumers who had been driven to seek their supplies elsewhere by the poorness of the stuff sold by Government licensees in 1882-83.

VI.—Provincial Rates.

10. The details of the revenue credited under this head are as follows :— Increase in Patwari fund receipts.

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Additional rates on land ...	1,28,007	1,28,324
Education cess ...	1,36,352	1,11,785
District Post cess ...	36,695	35,227
Local.—		
Road cess ...	1,46,518	1,38,466
Education cess ...	...	17,951
Patwari Fund Receipts ..	1,42,444	2,16,464
Total ...	5,90,016	6,48,217

The receipts from Education cess in the Nagpur district were transferred during the year 1884-85 from Provincial revenue to the District Fund, under the provisions of the Local Self-Government Act, and a similar transfer has been made from the commencement of 1885-86 in all other districts in the Province to which the Act has been extended.

The large increase in the Patwari Fund receipts is attributable to administrative reforms now in progress.

VIII.—Assessed Taxes.

11. The figures under this head represent the revenue derived from the Pandhri tax. The total amount collected in 1884-85 was Rs. 2,39,069 as compared with Rs. 2,54,733 in 1883-84. The decrease of Rs. 15,664 is attributed to a more careful assessment of the tax under orders issued by the Chief Commissioner in January 1884. Half the collections under this head are credited to Imperial, and the other half to Provincial Revenues. Pandhri shows a decrease.

IX.—Forest.

12. The revenue under this head is equally divided between Imperial and Provincial. The total amount realized in 1884-85 was Rs. 10,27,202 as compared with Rs. 9,94,769 in 1883-84. Increase in Forest Revenue.

The details of the receipts are as follows :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government agency ...	80,336	84,152
Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers ...	8,74,040	9,07,878
Confiscated drift and waif wood ...	4,857	5,258
Revenue from forests not managed by Government ...	11,822	9,884
Miscellaneous ...	23,714	20,030
Total ...	9,94,769	10,27,202

X.—Registration.

Slight decrease in Registration receipts.

13. The following figures show the revenue credited under this head :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Fees for registering documents ...	38,395	37,123
Fees for copies of registered documents...	18,363	19,006
Miscellaneous	11,742	11,963
Total ...	68,500	68,092

The collections are credited in moieties to Imperial and Provincial Revenues.

In Section 7 of Chapter III. an account is given of the Registration operations of the year.

XI.—Tributes.

14. The receipts under this head are wholly reserved as Imperial revenue. The amount realized in 1884-85 was Rs. 1,35,908, as compared with Rs. 1,61,820 in 1883-84. It was explained in the Administration Report for 1883-84 that the fixed annual amount receivable under this head is Rs. 1,36,000, and that the amount collected in 1883-84 includes certain tributes amounting to Rs. 27,500, which fell due in 1882-83, but, with the sanction of the Chief Commissioner, were not paid on the due dates.

XV.—Law and Justice.

Decrease under Law and Justice.

15. The whole revenue under this head is Provincial. The total amount credited in 1884-85 was Rs. 4,26,361, as compared with Rs. 4,70,653 in 1883-84. The receipts are classified as follows :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Sale proceeds of unclaimed and escheated property	18,921	17,685
Court fees realized in cash	3,364	4,408
General fees, fines and forfeitures ...	96,186	90,492
Jails	3,47,452	3,09,530
Pleadership examination fees ...	224	208
Miscellaneous fees and fines —	210	490
Miscellaneous	4,296	3,548
Total ...	4,70,653	4,26,361

Mainly due to decline of Jail manufactures.

The decrease in the revenue of last year as compared with that of the year preceding, amounts to Rs. 44,293. The figures given above show that of this decrease, Rs. 37,922 fall under the head "Jails." There has been a marked decrease for some years in the receipts on account of Jail manufactures arising from the issue of orders by the Government of India to curtail certain Jail industries which competed with private trade. The decline in last year's receipts from Jail manufactures is, however, also attributed to a falling off in the Jail population and to a lack of demand for Jail manufactured articles. The following figures show the extent to which the receipts on account of Jail manufactures have fallen off since 1882-33, and the decrease during the same period in the charges of Jail manufactories.

Jail Manufactures —

	1882-83. Rs.	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Receipts	2,78,633	2,20,154	1,93,905
Expenditure	2,13,207	1,68,328	1,50,092
Net ...	+65,426	+51,826	+43,813

School of Industry Manufactures—

Receipts	1,60,307	1,24,111	1,13,455
Expenditure	1,82,679	92,181	98,674
Net ...	—22,372	+31,930	+14,781

XVI.—Police.

Increase under Police due to changes of system.

16. The receipts under this head are partly Provincial and partly Local. The details of the amounts credited during the two years 1883-84 and 1884-85 are as follow :—

Provincial.—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Police supplied to Railways ...	53,527	27,026
Do. to Municipal, Cantonment and Town Funds	346	14,822
Do. to Public departments, private persons, &c.	7,355	6,110
Superannuation receipts	606	589
Miscellaneous	6,717	40,253

Local.—

	1883-84.	1884-85.
	Rs.	Rs.
Cattle trespass fines ...	... 1,38,677	1,38,640
Sale proceeds of unclaimed cattle ...	31,261	23,811
Miscellaneous ...	... 1,099	692
Total	... 2,39,588	2,51,993

Under the head "Police supplied to Railways" the amount receivable yearly from the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company as its share of the cost of the Police force employed on the portion of the line which traverses these Provinces, is about Rs. 26,000; but, as explained in last year's Administration Report, delay took place in settling the claim for 1882, and consequently the amount due by the Company for the two years (1882 and 1883) was credited in the accounts for 1883-84. It may be noted, in connection with this item of receipts, that upon a representation made by the Railway Company, certain alterations have recently been made, with the sanction of the Government of India, in the method of calculating the contribution payable by the Company towards the cost of the Police; and under the revised arrangements the amount receivable yearly from the Company will be reduced to about Rs. 24,000.

The increase in the receipts under the head "Police supplied to Municipal, Cantonment and Town Funds" is due to contributions having been recovered from Municipalities, under orders of the Chief Commissioner, on account of the cost of the Police employed in supervising conservancy arrangements in Municipal towns.

The increase in the miscellaneous receipts under "Provincial" is attributable to the adjustment in the accounts for 1884-85 of certain exceptional items, amounting to Rs. 38,170-13-8, on account of expenditure incurred in the two previous years in connection with the suppression of the Kalahandi insurrection and the supply of arms and ammunition to the Kalahandi State. The charges were in the first instance treated as Provincial Police expenditure, but were subsequently transferred, with the approval of the Government of India, to debit of the Kalahandi State by a corresponding credit to Provincial Revenues.

The receipts classified under "Local" revenue are connected with Cattle Pounds, and have been credited up to the end of the year 1884-85 to the District Funds. But since the commencement of the year 1885-86, the receipts and charges of Pounds situated within the limits of Municipal towns have been transferred under orders of the Chief Commissioner, to the Municipal Funds, and have ceased to be incorporated in the accounts as Government revenue and expenditure.

XVIII.—Education.

17. In the year 1883-84, the revenue under this head wa
cial, but in 1884-85 certain receipts and charges on account of s
ferred to the District Fund of the Nagpur District, under the
Local Self-Government Act, and similar transfers have been
districts from the commencement of the year 1885-86. The details of the receipts

credited under the head "Education" in the two years 1883-84 and 1884-85 are as follow :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Fees, Government schools ...	33,166	27,566
Contributions ...	36,108	42,473
Sale proceeds of books ...	34,296	30,185
Miscellaneous ...	5,269	4,372
Local.—		
School fees ...	...	455
Contributions ...	...	1,070
Total ...	1,08,839	1,06,121

Mainly due to a falling off in fees of the Rajkumar School, Jubbulpore.

The decrease in the receipts against the head "Fees, Government Schools," is chiefly due to a falling off in the receipts on account of fees of the Rajkumar School at Jubbulpore. The amount credited against this school in the year 1884-85 being Rs. 6,150, as compared with Rs. 11,125 in the year preceding. The amount received by sale of books was also considerably less in 1884-85 than in the previous year, the figures being Rs. 34,296 in 1883-84 and Rs. 30,185 in 1884-85. There is, however, a corresponding decrease in the charges of the Government Book Depôts.

XIX.—Medical.

Increase under Medical due to transfer of balances of certain Dispensaries.

18. The receipts credited under this head comprise the following :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Lunatic Asylum receipts ...	2,277	2,430
Contributions ...	480	3,250
Miscellaneous ...	3,162	3,017
Local.—		
Contributions ...	...	60
Miscellaneous ...	354	13,840
Total ...	6,273	22,597

Under orders of the Chief Commissioner, the Dispensary Fund, which was hitherto treated as an Excluded Local Fund in the Government accounts, was abolished as a separate fund at the close of the year 1884-85, and the increase as shown above, in the Provincial receipts under "Contributions" and in the Local receipts under "Miscellaneous," is caused by the transfer to Provincial Revenues of the cash balances on 31st March 1885 of certain dispensaries which had been made Provincial institutions under the orders of the Chief Commissioner, and by the transfer to the District Funds of the cash balances of the dispensaries situated within the areas subject to the authority of the District Councils.

B.—Expenditure.

26. The subjoined Statement shows the distribution of the expenditure of the year under the several Major heads in the Government Accounts.

	Imperial Expenditure.	Provincial Expenditure.	Incorporated Local Expenditure.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Interest on Ordinary debt (Stock Notes)	10,466	...	...	10,466
2. Interest on other obligations (Savings Bank Deposits) ...	22,527	...	...	22,527
3. Refund and Drawbacks ...	14,730	14,658	1	29,389
4. Assignments and Compensations ...	72,419	...	...	72,419
5. Land Revenue ...	6,009	6,66,332	...	6,72,341
8. Stamps ...	18,610	18,610	...	37,220
9. Excise ...	32,924	32,924	...	65,848
12. Assessed Taxes ...	170	170	...	340
13. Forests ...	2,47,123	2,47,124	...	4,94,247
14. Registration ...	17,878	17,878	...	35,756
15. Post Office ...	...	50,660	...	50,660
18. General Administration ...	60,590	3,60,451	1,40,231	5,61,272
19. Law and Justice ...	...	11,61,879	...	11,61,879
20. Police ...	2,472	13,67,707	53,415	14,23,594
22. Education ...	...	5,71,747	25,755	5,97,502
23. Ecclesiastical ...	43,360	...	...	43,360
24. Medical ...	...	2,81,153	25,905	3,07,058
25. Political ...	16,526	...	...	16,526
26. Scientific and other minor Departments.	...	57,639	54,976	1,12,615
27. Territorial and Political Pensions ...	3,76,027	...	...	3,76,027
29. Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	...	1,47,765	612	1,48,377
30. Stationery and Printing ..	...	1,37,100	57	1,37,157
31. Miscellaneous ..	4,837	28,529	18,667	52,033
39. Charges in respect of Capital ...	...	3,71,718	...	3,71,718
46. Civil Buildings, Roads and Services . .	...	12,369	2,14,383	2,26,752
Total Civil ...	9,46,668	55,46,413	5,34,002	70,27,083
Public Works Department.—				
Buildings and Roads ...	...	14,04,989	34,682	14,39,671
State Railways ...	...	8,04,797	...	8,04,797
Grand Total ...	9 ,46,668	77,56,199	5,68,684	92,71,551

Distribution of expenditure between Imperial, Provincial and Local.

27. It has been explained in paragraph 5 that, under the existing arrangements for the administration of the Provincial Services, certain heads of expenditure are exclusively Imperial, while others are divided between Imperial and Provincial, and the rest are made wholly Provincial; also that the charges of the District Fund and the Patwari Fund are incorporated in the Government accounts as "Local" expenditure. It will be seen from the statement given in the preceding paragraph that the expenditure under the following heads is exclusively Imperial :—

1. Interest on ordinary debt (Stock Notes.)
2. Interest on other obligations (Savings Bank Deposits.)
4. Assignments and Compensations.
23. Ecclesiastical.
25. Political.
27. Territorial and Political Pensions.

As details of these need not be given here the following paragraphs contain a review of the total expenditure under the other heads only.

3.—*Refunds and Drawbacks.*

28. The total charges under this head amounted to Rs 29,389 as against Rs. 45,052 in 1883-84. The decrease, amounting to Rs. 15,663, is chiefly on account of refunds of Land revenue, which amounted to Rs. 20,217 in 1883-84 as compared with Rs. 5,750 in 1884 85. On the other hand, there were slight increases in the refunds of revenue derived from Stamps, from Pandhri tax and from Forests.

The charges under this head represent only refunds of revenue shared between Imperial and Provincial. Refunds of revenue credited under other heads are either wholly Provincial or wholly Local, according as the revenue is credited to Provincial or to Local Funds, and the charges are debited to the corresponding Expenditure heads.

5.—*Land Revenue.*

Increased expenditure under Land Revenue due to Settlement and Land Record charges.

29. The following figures show the total expenditure under this head for the two years :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Imperial.—		
Land Settlement charges	...	6,009
Provincial.—		
Land Settlement charges	...	5,821
Deputy Commissioners and their Establishments	5,96,141	6,11,068
Contingencies	50,093	49,443
Total ...	6,46,234	6,72,341

In comparison with the previous year, the figures for 1884-85 show an increase of Rs. 26,107. Of this, Rs. 11,830 is on account of Land Settlement charges, which commenced from the year 1884-85, and are divided between Imperial and Provincial in the same proportion as the Land revenue ; and the remainder Rs. 14,277, is due chiefly to the entertainment during the year of additional establishments, including a portion of the staff of Revenue Inspectors sanctioned in letter No. 473 R., dated 11th July 1884, from the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture.

8.—*Stamps.*

Decrease under Stamps.

30. The total charges under this head amounted to Rs. 37,220, in 1884-85, as compared with Rs. 40,453 in 1883-84. The expenditure is divided equally between Imperial and Provincial. The decrease in 1884-85 is due to a smaller supply of stamp paper having been obtained from the Central Stores at Calcutta and Bombay than in the previous year.

9.—*Excise.*

Increase under Excise due chiefly to change in system of accounting for Rewards.

31. There is an increase of Rs. 7,705 in the total expenditure under this head in comparison with the previous year, the figures being :—

	Rs.
1883-84 ...	58,143
1884-85 ...	65,848

This increase is due chiefly to a change introduced during the year 1884-85 in the method of accounting for charges for rewards to informers in Excise cases. In 1883-84 and previous years, the rewards were deducted from the fines realized and the net amount credited as revenue, but in order to secure prompt payment of the rewards, it was decided in 1884-85 that the money required for the purpose should be drawn from the Treasury on bills and treated as expenditure of the Excise Department, the rewards being paid under Departmental rules, and the fines, when realized, credited in full as revenue.

The Excise expenditure is divided equally between the Imperial and Provincial Governments.

12.—*Assessed Taxes.*

32. The amount charged annually under this head represents the cost of a special establishment employed in the assessment and collection of Pandhri. The payments in 1884-85 amounted to Rs. 340, as against Rs. 449 in the previous year. The amount is divided equally between Imperial and Provincial.

13.—*Forests.*

Increased expenditure on Forest Conservancy.

33. The details of the expenditure under this head are as follows:—

	1883-84.	1884-85.
	Rs.	Rs.
Conservancy and works ...	2,56,541	3,22,554
Establishments ...	1,78,806	1,71,693
Total ...	4,35,347	4,94,247

The amount is divided equally between Imperial and Provincial.

14.—*Registration.*

Increase under Registration due to appointment of Inspector and of paid Sub-Registrars.

34. The total expenditure under this head in 1884-85 was Rs. 35,756, and in the previous year Rs. 29,819. The increase in 1884-85 is due partly to the appointment of an Inspector of Registration offices having been sanctioned during the year, and partly to the District charges for registration, including commission to Sub-Registrars, having been higher than in the previous year. The expenditure is shared equally by the Imperial and Provincial Governments.

15.—*Post Office.*

Increase of Postal Establishment.

35. The expenditure under this head is on account of the District Post Establishment, and is wholly Provincial. The total charges incurred on this account in 1884-85 amounted to Rs. 50,660 as compared with Rs. 45,075 in 1883-84. The increase is due partly to additional Postal establishments having been sanctioned during the year, and partly to the transfer from the District Fund of Raipur to Provincial Services of certain expenditure for the conveyance of mails, including a subsidy sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner for a mail tonga service between Raipur and Raj-Nandgaon,—the terminus of the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway, distant 41 miles from Raipur.

18—*General Administration.*

36. The following figures show the expenditure charged to this head :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Imperial ...	59,093	60,590
Provincial ...	3,58,438	3,60,451
Incorporated Local...	1,26,210	1,40,231
Total ...	5,43,741	5,61,272

The Imperial expenditure is on account of the cost of the Civil Account office. The Provincial expenditure includes the salary and tour expenses of the Chief Commissioner, the salaries of the Commissioners of the Divisions, and of the Secretary and Assistant Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, also the cost of the Civil Secretariat establishment and of the Provincial establishment in the Civil Account office.

The Incorporated Local Fund expenditure is chiefly on account of establishment and contingent charges paid from the Patwari Fund, as will be seen from the figures given below :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Patwari Establishment, &c, ...	1,18,650	1,32,671
Contributions for Local Fund establishments in Provincial offices ...	7,560	7,560
Total ...	1,26,210	1,40,231

19.—*Law and Justice.*

37. The expenditure under this head for the two years is shown below :—

Decrease under Law and Justice due to curtailment of Jail Industries.

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Civil and Criminal Courts ...	6,92,878	6,91,206
Jails	4,75,743	4,52,832
Refunds	18,720	17,841
Total ...	11,87,332	11,61,879

The whole expenditure is Provincial, the charges in 1884-85 on account of Jails show a decrease of Rs. 22,902 as compared with the figures for 1883-84, owing to chiefly a reduction in the amount of Jail manufactory charges, consequent on the curtailment of Jail industries, already referred to in connection with the falling off in the receipts from Jail manufactures.

20.—*Police.*

38. The figures are as follows :—

Police charges increased with revision of Establishment.

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Imperial	2,017	2,472
Provincial	13,20,682	13,67,707
Incorporated Local ...	48,180	53,415
Total ...	13,70,879	14,23,594

The charges classified as Imperial expenditure are on account of Police employed on Imperial State Railways. The increase in the Provincial expenditure is due partly to a moiety of the annual cost of the Police force maintained in the Kalahandi State, having been accepted during the year 1884-85, with the sanction of the Government of India, as a charge against the Provincial Revenues. The amount adjusted on this account in the year 1884-85, for the period from May 1882 to March 1885 inclusive, is Rs. 29,780, and a credit for that amount has been given to the Kalahandi State during the year 1884-85 in reduction of the debt due by it to the British Government on account of the expenditure incurred in connection with the suppression of the insurrection in 1882-83. Since closing the accounts for the year 1884-85, however, it has been decided with the approval of the Government of India, to retransfer this sum of Rs. 29,780 to debit of the Kalahandi State, and the adjustment will be made in the accounts for 1885-86. The remainder of the increase is attributable to the additional expenditure caused by the reorganization of the Police establishment sanctioned by the Government of India in March 1884.

The "Local" expenditure under "Police" is on account of charges paid from the District Funds for collection of Cattle Trespass fines.

22.—*Education.*

Increase of expenditure on Education.—*vide* Chapter VII.

'39. The total expenditure on Education amounted in 1884-85 to Rs. 5,97,502, as compared with Rs. 5,80,237 in 1883-84. The charges are distributed between Provincial Services and Incorporated Local Funds (District Fund), as shown below :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Direction and inspection ...	1,04,436	1,08,670
Government schools ...	2,89,677	2,82,150
Normal and technical schools ...	26,949	27,294
Scholarships and prizes ...	33,912	32,928
Government Book Depot ...	39,892	27,788
Grants-in-aid ...	34,835	37,718
Payments by results ...	21,185	24,128
Other heads including Miscellaneous ...	26,942	31,071
Local.—		
Government schools &c. ...	2,409	25,755
Total ..	5,80,237	5,97,502

The increase in the local expenditure is caused by the transfer from Provincial Services to the District Fund of the charges on account of certain schools in the Nagpur district, made over to the control of the District Council, under the Local Self-Government scheme. To enable the District Fund to meet this expenditure on education, the receipts from the Education cess, hitherto treated as Provincial, have been made over to it, and in addition thereto, a contribution

was made to the Fund in 1884-85 from Provincial Revenues, so that practically, the whole expenditure may be said to have been met from Provincial Revenues. Since the commencement of 1885-86, the scheme of Local Self-Government has been generally introduced throughout the Province, and all schools situated outside the limits of Municipal towns have been made over to the management and control of the District Councils and Local Boards. The 'local' expenditure on education will therefore be much larger in future than it was in 1884-85, and there will be a corresponding decrease in the Provincial charges.

24.—*Medical.*

40. The following figures show the expenditure under this head :—

Provincial.—

		1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Medical establishment	...	1,78,159	1,83,270
Vaccination	...	12,400	13,104
Hospitals and Dispensaries	...	54,713	59,354
Sanitary Commissioner	...	8,485	8,656
Medical school	...	1,163	...
Lunatic Asylum	...	17,475	16,683
Other heads	...	596	86
Local.—			
Vaccination	...	15,565	14,999
Hospitals and dispensaries	...	12,651	9,870
Other heads	...	2,089	1,036
Total	...	3,03,296	3,06,058

The figures do not call for special remark ; but it may be mentioned that, from the commencement of 1885-86, the entire expenditure on Vaccination is being met from District Funds, and the whole charge on this account will therefore be classified in future as "Local" expenditure.

26.—*Minor Departments.*

41. The following are the charges classified under this head :—

Increased expenditure on Agricultural and Statistical Establishments.

Provincial.—

		1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Agricultural Department	...	18,763	20,364
Model or experimental farms	...	11,701	11,786
Botanical and other public gardens	...	6,158	7,312
Provincial Museums	...	1,642	2,317
Provincial statistics	...	10,745	12,746
Census charges	...	4,135	...
Other heads	...	1,604	3,113

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Local.—		
Botanical and other public gardens ...	20,020	24,097
District Fund Office establishments ...	23,732	27,007
Other heads ...	7,539	3,873
Total ...	1,06,039	1,12,615

There are increases under nearly all the heads of Provincial expenditure. The total increase in the Provincial charges for 1884-85 as compared with 1883-84 being Rs. 7,025, exclusive of the special charge of Rs. 4,135 incurred in 1883-84, for printing the Census Report tables. The increase under Agricultural Department is due partly to the pay of the appointment of Director of Agriculture being "progressive," and partly to the entertainment of additional establishments. The larger expenditure under Provincial Statistics is caused by additional establishments having been employed during the year 1884-85 for trade statistics.

Increase in District Fund Establishments.

The Local expenditure is taken from the District Fund Accounts. There has been an increase in the District Fund Office Establishments since the creation of District Councils and Local Boards, causing an increase of Rs. 3,275 in the expenditure on this account during the year 1884-85. The charges on account of Botanical and other public gardens maintained from the District Funds also show a considerable increase during the year 1884-85; but it may be mentioned with regard to this expenditure that since the commencement of 1885-86, the receipts and charges of station gardens at the head-quarters of districts have been taken over as Provincial Revenue and Expenditure, and the establishment and other charges of these gardens are being reduced.

29.—*Superannuation.*

42. The total amount expended under this head amounted to Rs. 1,48,377 in 1884-85 as compared with Rs. 1,50,821 in 1883-84. All charges on account of pensions and gratuities are debited to Provincial Services, except in the case of certain pensions and gratuities for service paid from Incorporated Local Funds which are payable by the funds concerned. Up to the present, however, the amount paid on this account from Incorporated Local Funds is insignificant, being only Rs. 612 in the year 1884-85 out of a total expenditure of Rs. 1,48,377.

30.—*Stationery and Printing.*

Increased expenditure on Stationery.

43. The total expenditure amounted in 1884-85 to Rs. 1,37,157 as against Rs. 1,23,012 in 1883-84. The increase is chiefly on account of value of stationery obtained from the Central Stores at Calcutta and Bombay, but there is also a considerable increase in the cost of stationery purchased in the country.

The details of the expenditure are as follows :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Stationery purchased in the country ...	17,891	23,217
Do. supplied from Central Stores ...	40,129	51,079
Printing charges at Government Presses ...	61,659	62,771
Do. Private Presses ...	3,331	33
Refunds	2	...

Local.—

		1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Stationery purchased in the country	...	...	22
Printing charges	...	...	35
Total	...	1,23,012	1,37,157

As explained in the Administration Report for 1883-84, the charge of Rs. 3,331 incurred in that year for printing work done at private presses includes a special payment of Rs. 2,944-9-0 made under sanction of the Chief Commissioner to the Education Society's Press at Bombay for the printing and binding of copies of the Circulars and Rulings of the Judicial Commissioner, Central Provinces.

The sums aggregating Rs. 57 debited as Local Expenditure are on account of some petty charges incurred locally in printing notices and other papers connected with the elections of District Councils, &c. All charges for prescribed forms of accounts, bills, &c., suppiled to the District Fund Offices are included in the Provincial Expenditure under Government Presses.

31.—*Miscellaneous.*

44. The charges under this head are distributed as follows :—.

Decreased expenditure on Staging Bungalows and Serais.

		1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Imperial	...	3,670	4,837
Provincial	...	29,709	28,529
Incorporated Local	...	24,437	18,667
Total	...	57,816	52,033

The Imperial Expenditure is on account of charges for remittance of treasure. The increase is due to the remittances in silver to other provinces having been larger than in the previous year.

45. The principal item of Provincial Expenditure under this head is the amount paid as rewards for the destruction of wild animals, namely, Rs. 21,789 in 1884-85, as against Rs. 22,897 in 1883-84. The remainder of the Provincial Expenditure for 1884-85 comprises the following items :—Donations for charitable purposes (Rs. 2,362), Travelling Allowance to officers attending examinations (Rs. 379), charges on account of European vagrants (Rs. 63) ; other Miscellaneous and unforeseen charges (Rs. 3,436).

The charges classified as "Local" Expenditure are chiefly on account of Staging Bungalows and Serais maintained from District Funds. Since 1st April 1885 the receipts and charges of Staging Bungalows have been taken over as Provincial Revenue and Expenditure.

39.—*Charges in respect of Capital.*

45. The expenditure under this head represents the interest paid by the Local Administration on the Capital outlay from Imperial Funds on the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway. The method of calculating the interest payable was explained in last year's Administration Report (para. 66). The interest paid in 1884-85 amounted to Rs. 3,71,718 as compared with Rs. 3,49,032. The charges increase in proportion to the amount of the Capital outlay.

46.—*Civil Buildings, Roads and Services.*

46. The expenditure classified under this head in the Accounts of the Civil Department is as follows :—

		1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial —			
Works in charge of Civil officers	...	9,853	12,369
Local.—			
Works in charge of Civil officers	...	2,65,049	2,14,383
Total	...	2,74,902	2,26,752

The Local Expenditure is taken from the District Fund Accounts. The decrease is chiefly in the outlay on Original works—roads—in the Chhattisgarh Division.

Public Works Department Expenditure.

Increase under Public Works.

47. The expenditure incurred in the Public Works Department as communicated to the Comptroller by the Examiners of Public Works and State Railway Accounts, is as follows:—

Ordinary Branches.—

		1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Buildings and Roads—			
Provincial	...	10,35,931	14,04,989
Local	...	40,960	34,682
State Railways.—			
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh Railway—			
Working expenses	...	6,45,721	8,04,797

This expenditure, though given above in order to complete the review of the revenue and expenditure of the year, is not shown in the Civil books, being finally accounted for in the books of the Public Works Department.

C.—Local Funds.

48. The Local Funds in these Provinces are of three kinds, namely, Incorporated Local Funds, Municipal Funds and Excluded Local Funds. The Incorporated Local Funds are the Patwari Fund and the District Fund, and the Excluded Local Funds comprise the Cantonment Funds, the Police Remount and Butchat Funds, the Museum Funds and the Dispensary Funds.

Incorporated Local Funds.

Patwari Fund and District Fund.

49. The Revenue of the Incorporated Local Funds as shown in the Statement of Imperial, Provincial and Local Revenue given under the head "A. Revenue, (paragraph 4) amounted in 1884-85 to Rs. 7,18,766; and the Expenditure as shown in the statement under the head "B. Expenditure" (paragraph 26) to Rs. 5,68,684. The following figures show the distribution of this Revenue and Expenditure between the two Funds :—

		Revenue. Rs.	Expenditure. Rs.
Patwari Fund	...	2,16,464	1,32,671
District Fund	...	5,02,302	4,36,013
Total	...	**7,18,766**	**5,68,684**

In the general accounts of the Province the revenue of the Patwari Fund is credited under the major head "VI.—Provincial rates," and the expenditure is debited to the head "18.—General Administration," as already explained in the remarks under those heads in preceding paragraphs. The revenue accruing to the District Fund from the Road and Education cesses is also credited under the major head "VI.—Provincial rates;" but the remaining revenues of the fund are credited under the appropriate major heads as "Police," "Medical," "Minor Departments," "Miscellaneous," &c., as shown in the statement in paragraph 4. Similarly, the expenditure of the District Fund is classified in the general accounts under the appropriate major heads. But in addition to the receipts and charges falling under the Revenue and Service heads in the general accounts, there are certain debt transactions and adjustments in the accounts of the Incorporated Local Funds which find a place in the "Debt and remittance section" of the general accounts. Such transactions include advances and contributions from the Provincial revenues, and in the balanced accounts of the funds these are shown separately.

Abstract of their accounts.

50. The following is an abstract of the balanced accounts of the Incorporated Local Funds for the year 1884-85.

Patwari Fund.

Receipts.	Amount.	Expenditure.	Amount.
	Rs.		Rs.
Revenue Heads—		18. General Administration ...	1,32,671
VI. Provincial Rates ...	2,16,464		
Contributions —			
From Provincial Revenue ...	3,511		
Balance on 1st April 1884 ...	1,19,240	Balance on 31st March 1885...	2,06,544
Total ..	3,39,215	Total ...	3,39,215

District Fund.

Receipts.	Amount.	Expenditure.	Amount.
Revenue Heads.	Rs	*Service Heads.*	Rs.
VI Provincial Rates ...	1,56,417	3. Refunds ...	1
XVI. Police ...	1,63,143	18 General Administration ...	7,560
XVIII. Education ..	1,525	20. Police ..	53,415
XIX. Medical ...	13,900	22 Education ...	25,755
XX. Minor Departments ...	12,880	24. Medical ...	25,965
XXIV. Miscellaneous ...	80,997	26. Minor Departments ...	54,976
XXXV. Civil Buildings, Roads, &c..	73,440	29. Superannuation, &c. ...	612
		30. Stationery and Printing ..	57
Total Revenue Heads ...	5,02,302	31 Miscellaneous ...	18,667
		46. Civil Buildings, Roads, &c.—	
Contributions.		In Civil Dept. Rs. 2,14,383	
		In P. W. Dept. ,, 34,682	
From Provincial Revenues ...	7,950		2,49,065
		Total Service Heads ...	4,36,013
Debt Accounts.			
Recoveries of Advances, &c. ...	77,548	*Debt Accounts*—(Advances) ...	55,622
Balance on 1st April 1884	2,89,647	Balance on 31st March 1885 ...	3,55,802
Grand Total ...	8,77,437	Grand Total ...	8,77,437

For both Funds balances are kept by districts, the balances shown above being the aggregate of the several District balances.

Municipal Fund.

51. The following Statement shows the Receipts, Expenditure and Balances of the Municipal Funds for the year 1884-85.

Receipts.		Amount.	Expenditure.		Amount.
		Rs.			Rs.
A.—Municipal Taxes—			A.—General Establishment—		
Octroi ...	6,53,813		Office Establishment, Inspection and Honorary Magistrates' Establishment ...	27,731	
Licenses on Trades ...	18,665		Collection of Municipal Taxes ...	87,670	
Tax on houses and lands ...	21,589		Refunds of Octroi ...	1,05,137	2,20,538
Taxes on Vehicles ...	3,334				
Tolls ...	986				
Water rate ...	12,477	7,10,864			
			B.—Public safety—		
B.—Miscellaneous Receipts.—			Fire and Lighting Establishment ...	10,055	10,055
Realizations under special Acts...	109		C.—Public Health—		
Proceeds of Lands, &c. ...	98		Erection and repairs of markets, dispensaries and latrines ...	35,325	
Income derived from markets &c.	70,765		Medical ...	30,025	
Payments for services rendered to private individuals ...	80,166		Water Works ...	43,328	
Conservancy and Road cleaning fees	2,330		Road-watering and Road cleaning ...	45,906	
Municipal Fines ...	4,225		Conservancy and Drainage ...	1,67,117	
Miscellaneous... ...	20,384		Markets and slaughter-house Establishment ...	1,775	
Contributions ...	8,406		Public Garden Establishment ...	9,246	
Dispensary Balance ...	46,349	2,32,835	Contributions ...	950	3,33,672
Total Revenue ...		9,43,699			
C.—Debt—			D.—Public Instruction— ...	54,258	54,258
Loans	200		E.—Public Convenience—		
Deposit	2,877		Public Works Establishment ...	7,435	
Advances	47,542	50,619	Tools and Plant ...	2,371	
			Roads ...	1,34,524	
			Civil Buildings ...	5,037	
			Miscellaneous Public Improvements ...	6,555	
			Survey of Land ...	766	
			Other charges ...	4,186	
			Contributions ...	19,600	1,80,474
			F.—Miscellaneous—		
			Public Exhibitions and Fairs ...	2,519	
			Donation to Gardens and Museums ...	1,132	
			Experimental cultivation ...	339	
			Paid to Poor-house ...	950	4,940
			Total Expenditure ...		8,03,937
			G.—Debt—		
			Loans ...	1,37,552	
			Deposits ...	935	
			Advances ...	51,336	1,89,823
			Closing Balance on 31st March 1885—		
Opening Balance on April 1884—			In Treasury. ...	3,57,957	
In Treasury	3,48,737		Outside ...	2,780	3,60,737
Outside	11,449	3,60,186			
Grand Total ...		13,54,504	Grand Total ...		13,54,504

Excluded Local Funds.

52. The subjoined Statement shows the total income and expenditure and balances of the several Excluded Local Funds upon the books of the Comptroller, Central Provinces, for the year 1884-85:—

Name of Fund.	Balance on 1st April 1884.	Income during the year.	Total.	Expenditure during the year.	Balance on 31st March 1885.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cantonment Fund ...	23,051	72,929	95,980	69,172	26,808
Police Remount Fund ...	5,097	4,628	9,725	4,874	4,851
Police Butchut Fund ...	23	331	354	335	19
Dispensary Fund ...	65,462	64,541	1,30,003	1,30,003	...
Museum Fund ...	615	2,549	3,164	3,032	132
Total ...	94,248	1,44,978	2,39,226	2,07,416	31,810

Abolition of Dispensary Fund.

53. The Dispensary Fund has been abolished as a separate fund from 1st April 1885, under orders of the Chief Commissioner, the dispensaries in Municipal towns being made Municipal institutions and most of those outside Municipal towns being placed under District Councils, the few exceptions being taken over as Provincial dispensaries. The balances at credit of the Dispensary Fund on 31st March 1885 were accordingly transferred to the Municipal and District Funds, with which the receipts and charges of the dispensaries have been amalgamated since 1st April 1885. The balances of the dispensaries taken over as Provincial institutions being, in like manner, credited to Provincial Revenues. The total amounts so transferred were as follow:—

	Rs.
To Municipal Funds	42,677
To District Funds	13,460
To Provincial Revenues	617
Total ...	56,754

CHAPTER VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

1.—*Census.*

1. For the results of the Census of 1881, see the Report for 1882-83.

2.—*Births and Deaths.*

Vital Statistics.

2. The number of births registered in the Central Provinces in 1884-85 was 368,086; or 41·75 per thousand of the population. This is an increase of about 10,000 as compared with the figures for last year; but it does little more than bring the total up to the level of 1882. The ratio of males to females born is 107·51 to 100. It has steadily fallen to this figure step by step since 1873, when it was 115·00; and judging from the Engish figure (106), it is probably very nearly correct.

Urban registration.

3. There is more difficulty in getting accurate returns for the towns than for the country, because the village Kotwal is aware of all births and deaths, and reports them as a matter of business routine; while in the town, unless the house-holder himself reports, the occurrence is likely to escape observation. The importance of enforcing the responsibility of house-holders has, therefore, been frequently insisted on. The difference between the rates for Sadr towns and the general District rates for the last four years are noted below:—

1881	..	Birth rate	—13·27	Death rate ...	—4·31
1882	...	Do	— 8·58	Do. ...	—2·39
1883	...	Do.	— 3·61	Do. ...	+1·08
1884	...	Do.	— 4·63	Do. ...	—2·11

These figures indicate considerable improvement in the town statistics.

Deaths registered.

4. The total number of deaths registered was 240,714; or 27·30 per thousand of the population. During the previous five years, the ratio per thousand was 32·13. The excess of births over deaths per thousand of the population was 14·45.

Public health.

5. The year was generally a healthy one, and there was no epidemic of cholera. Food was cheap and abundant. It was probably owing to these causes that the number of deaths, as compared with the previous year, decreased by 64,049. Of this decrease about 30,000 was under the head "Fevers", and over 16,000 under "Cholera." The seven districts in which the decrease was most marked, were, with the exception of Nimar, the districts in which cholera was most prevalent in 1883.

Cholera.

There were only 149 deaths from cholera registered in the Province in 1884. Except in 1874, there have never been so few in any year since 1871.

Small-pox.

Small-pox, on the other hand, was more prevalent than it has been since 1875, except in the years 1878 to 1880. There were 4,682 deaths.

Fevers.

The number of registered deaths attributed to "Fevers" was 145,342 or 16·48 per thousand. The figures for the last ten years are as follows:—

1875	...	16·26	1880	...	18·46
1876	...	20·22	1881	...	19·42
1877	...	17·70	1882	...	17·31
1878	...	29·50	1883	...	19·86
1879	...	18·34	1884	...	16·48

The year 1878 was one of famine and scarcity, which accounts for its exceptionally high rate. 1882 was the first year in which the rate was calculated on the figures of the last Census; so that, *cæteris paribus*, the rate ought to be lower from that date forward. During the year under report it was lower than it has been since 1875; but it cannot be regarded as much lower than the average (18·68) for the previous five years 1879 to 1882, when it is remembered that the rate for the first three of these years was calculated on the old Census figures.

3.—*Medical Relief.*

Dispensaries.

6. The number of dispensaries open to the public in 1884 remained the same as in 1883, viz. 82. They are classified for Provincial purposes as follows :—

Sadar or head-quarter dispensaries	...	18
Out-station dispensaries—		
(*a*) admitting in-patients	...	29
(*b*) *not* admitting do.	...	35
Total	...	82

Number of patients.

7. The number of in-patients received in the 18 Sadar and 29 out-station dispensaries (of class *a*) was 6,961, as compared with 7,545 in the preceding year. This decrease was not exclusively due to the reduction by four of the number of dispensaries receiving in-patients It occurred in 12 of the Sadr dispensaries and in 17 of the Out-station dispensaries; and is partly attributable to a more careful observance of the rules regulating admissions.

At the same time, the number of out-patients largely increased, the total being 645,669 as compared with 603,996 in 1883. Of this total increase of 41,673 out patients, the greater part was contributed by the Nagpur district, in which the number of such patients exceeded the previous year's figure by 30,590.

Prevalent diseases.

8. The year was distinguished by an unusually heavy rain-fall: and it is probably in consequence of this that fevers, catarrhs and rheumatic affections were more numerous. Bowel complaints, on the other hand, decreased. The total number of deaths from all causes was, as already noted, considerably below the total of 1883.

Operations performed

The number of major operations performed increased from 564 to 637, or by 73.

Financial results.

9. The financial results were, on the whole, satisfactory. The opening balance at credit of all dispensaries was Rs. 60,117; the income (including proceeds of sale of securities) was Rs. 1,18,953; and the expenditure Rs. 1,08,771. Rs. 20,200 were invested: and the cash balance at the end of the year was Rs. 50,099. The total invested capital rose from Rs. 36,000 to Rs 50,000 (in round numbers).

Lunatic Asylums.

10. Passing now to the treatment of insane persons in the two Provincial Asylums at Jubbulpore and Nagpur, the results may be stated as follows :—

On the first January 1884, there were 117 inmates (90 males and 27 females) in the Nagpur Asylum. Admissions during the year numbered 54 (50 males and 4 females), and re-admissions 3. Fifteen inmates were discharged and 6 died: so that the population on the 31st December 1884 was 13. The daily average strength was 132, and the daily average sick was 663.

The corresponding figures for the Jubbulpore Asylum are:

On the first January there were 133 inmates (99 males and 34 females). Admissions numbered 12 (10 males and 2 females), and re-admissions 2. Ten inmates were discharged during the year and 4 died, so that the population on the 31st December 1884 was 133. The daily average strength was 133, and the daily average sick was 1·43.

During the year the Berar Asylum was closed and the inmates were transferred to that at Nagpur.

Lock Hospitals

11. The returns of the Lock Hospitals may be briefly referred to. The numbers of admissions of men into hospital increased in Jubbulpore, Kamptee and Pachmarhi, and decreased in Saugor. The ratios per thousand in 1883 and 1884 were as under:—

	1883.	1884.
Jubbulpore	261	405
Kamptee	125	179
Pachmarhi	54	235
Saugor	293	188

The comparatively small number of troops stationed at Pachmarhi makes the increase there seem disproportionately large. The Cantonment in which the increase of disease in 1884 was really marked is Jubbulpore. There was no variation in the total of European troops at this station. The cause of the rise in cases is said to be that for a short time during the year the order prohibiting troops from visiting the native town of Jubbulpore was suspended; and even in spite of the order soldiers frequently gained access to the city.

The variations elsewhere do not seem to have been due to any special cause. Last year Kamptee showed a decrease, and Saugor a slight increase. The returns generally bear out the view so often expressed, that the Lock Hospital system affords a limited protection, which is beneficial so far as it goes. If the rules are at any time relaxed the number of patients in hospital is speedily increased, but even the best vigilance cannot procure entire immunity.

The total expenditure was Rs. 6,042, which is only slightly in excess of the charges in 1883.

4.—*Vaccination.*

Provincial vaccination

12. The operations performed by the Provincial Vaccine Department were more numerous than in any preceding year. The figures for three years are compared below:—

	Primary vaccination.	Re-vaccination.	Total.
1882-83 ...	3,45,126	12,829	3,57,955
1883-84 ...	3,43,096	9,547	3,52,643
1884-85 ...	3,46,753	13,695	3,60,448

The percentage of success in primary vaccinations was 96·56 as against 96·15 for 1883-84. There was a lower percentage of success in re-vaccination cases (71·27 against 77·20), which is attributed "to more accurate reporting of "the results, and more care in recording operations as those of re-vaccination." The average cost of each successful operation was Rs. 0-1-10¾ against Rs. 0-1-9¼; but, if the accidental increase in the allowances of the Deputy Surgeon General be omitted, the cost for 1884-85 was Rs. 0-1-9¼.

Dispensary vaccination.

13. Vaccination by Hospital Assistants at Dispensaries decreased during the year. The figures for three years are given below :—

	Primary vaccination.	Re-vaccination.	Total
1882-83 ...	30,114	1,359	31,473
1883-84 ...	25,548	2,246	27,794
1884-85 ...	22,812	1,648	24,460

This shows a decrease, last year, of 3,679, followed this year by a further decrease of 3,334. This is not to be regretted. The rules which the Chief Commissioner has recently issued provide that Dispensary Committees, acting under the advice and sanction of the Civil Surgeon and Deputy Surgeon General, may prescribe the limits and conditions of Dispensary vaccination, or even set Hospital Assistants free from it altogether. In some cases the popularity and efficiency of a dispensary have suffered from ill-judged attempts on the part of the Hospital Assistant in charge to vaccinate over too great an area and during unhealthy months, when his presence at the dispensary was specially required.

Vaccination in Feudatory States.

14. It is difficult to compare the figures showing vaccination operations in Feudatory States this year with those for last year, as the Patna returns have not been received. The figures (including Dispensary vaccination) for the Feudatories are :—

	Primary vaccination.	Re-vaccination.	Total.
1882-83 ...	14,201	62	44,263
1883-84 ...	40,992	113	41,105
Do. without Patna...	29,638	46	29,684
1884-85 ...	30,890	6	30,896

The percentage of success in all the States was higher than in the preceding year.

Attitude of the people.

15. The results of their inspections, as reported by the Civil Surgeons, were favourable. The attitude of the people towards vaccination has improved. The people are nowhere hostile, and they are not infrequently favourable to vaccination.

CHAPTER VII.—INSTRUCTION.

1.—*Education.*

General Statistics.

1. The following figures compare the general results of the working of the Education Department for the last three years:—

		1882-83.	1883-84.	1884-85.
(*a*) Number of schools (Government aided and unaided)	...	1,565	1,612	1,809
(*b*) Number of pupils	...	89,506	93,669	99,010
(*c*) Average attendance	...	60,397	64,365	66,986
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(*d*) Total expenditure	...	6,82,485	6,84,628	7,09,145
(*e*) Total income from Local sources (exclusive of Education cess)	..	2,05,523	2,05,350	1,94,138
(*f*) Fee receipts	...	31,635	32,537	33,428
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(*g*) Cost per pupil to Government	...	3 11 3	3 1 4	2 4 5

Increase in schools.

2. These figures denote improvement. The number of schools increased by 197, and of scholars by 5,341. The average attendance increased, though not in the same proportion. Fee receipts also increased. The decrease under income from local sources is nominal only. Though the total expenditure increased, the average cost per pupil to Government fell considerably.

Religion and race of pupils.

3. The principal religions and races of the scholars attending the schools of the Central Provinces for the last two years may be compared as under:—

		1884-85.	1883-84.
Europeans and Eurasians	...	786	820
Native Christians	...	556	518
Hindus	...	86,360	82,239
Muhammadans	...	7,812	7,535
Parsis	...	35	
Gonds and aborigines	...	1,321	2,557
Mahars, Dhers and low castes	...	2,191	

4. It thus appears that the number of the pupils of the last three classes increased from 2,557 to 3,547, *i. e.* that the number of aboriginal and low caste scholars increased by about 1,000. The number of pupils attending at girls' schools rose from an average attendance of 2,696 to 3,032.

Europeans and Eurasians

5. The schools for Europeans and Eurasians have not suffered in respect to their grants by the introduction of the new Code; and there can be no doubt that the effect of the Code will be to make them more efficient. They are all fairly good schools, except the Bishops' school, Nagpur. This has been recently re-organised in a manner from which improved results may be expected.

Transfer of Rural schools to District Councils.

6. During the year all Departmental rural schools (except in Sambalpur, Mandla and Sironcha and in some parts of Balaghat and Seoni) were placed under District Councils and Local Boards. The school expenditure of District Councils was separated from Departmental school expenditure; and separate budgets have been prepared and approved. The two per cent school cess, local subscriptions raised for schools under District Councils, the fees of such schools, and a considerable grant from Provincial revenues, have been placed at the disposal of the District Councils, to enable them to maintain in efficiency the schools under their care.

Relation of the District Councils to the Education Department.

7. The District Councils cannot without consulting the Educational Department alter rules framed by the Chief Commissioner for the conduct of schools. The constitution of School Committees, the curricula, fee rates, and fee exemptions remain unaltered until the District Councils express a desire for change and show reasons for such change. The rules for the guidance of Masters, as entered in the School Manual, still remain in force, but are capable of alteration, and will be altered if due cause be shown. Subject to these and other restrictions, the control of District Councils over primary schools is as complete as was the control possessed by the Deputy Commissioner. As the Deputy Commissioner usually worked through the Zila Inspector of Schools and consulted that officer, so will District Councils work through and consult the Zila Inspector. He will report, through the Deputy Commissioner to the District Council, when he desires any action to be taken for the improvement of their schools and for the extension of primary education.

Control of schools by Municipalities.

8. Secondary and primary schools in towns are largely supported by Municipalities and are very much under their control. Each school is managed by its Committee, and any Municipal member can be appointed a member either of the Principal school Committee, or of one of the Committees of the subordinate and auxilary schools.

The Provincial revenues have been largely relieved from the burden of the support of secondary education. Middle schools are being more and more provided for by allotments from local funds and by subscriptions.

Improved facilities for higher education.

9. The completion of the Jubbulpore College by the addition of two classes and the commencement ofthe Morris' College were sanctioned during the year. The people of seven of the Northern districts raised by subscription Rs. 78,940, towards the expense of the Jubbulpore College. This sum is to be invested in Government loan notes.

The Morris College, Nagpur, and the first Council.

10. The people of nine of the Southern and Eastern districts gave Rs. 1,70,463 towards the Morris College, Nagpur, and certain Municipalities voted some 6,000 Rupees for the same object. A meeting of the subscribers was held in February, and it was ruled that the subscribers should form themselves into a Society to be called the Nagpur Morris College Association.

High School classes attached to the Sambalpur Zilla School.

11. The addition of High School Classes in the Sambulpur Zilla School is also to be mentioned. They were added in April, the people having collected Rs. 18,000 for an endowment.

Appointment of a Committee of Education.

12. In order to still further popularise education, to bring public opinion to bear with due force on the general features of our educational system and to ascertain the feelings and consult the wishes of the managers and supporters of independent institutions, the Chief Commissioner appointed during the year a Standing Committee of Education. This Committee will be consulted and have a voice in determining all such matters as the arrangement or conduct of public examinations, the rate of fees, the terms of admission to school, the course of study, and the forms of periodical returns.

Revision of rules, and of new rules of the Jubbulpore College.

13. The Scholarship rules have undergone complete revision. Besides ordinary scholarships for the promotion of general culture, especial scholarship rules to promote Mechanical Engineering and to qualify their holders for the post of Sub-Overseer in the Public Works Department have been framed and published.

Chap. VII. INSTRUCTION.

2.—*Literature and the Press.*

Books published.

The following is a list of the publications issued in these Provinces during the year 1884 :—

Class of Subject.	No. of work.	Language.	Nature of Contents.
Science ...	1	English ...	Contains 32 propositions of 1st book of Euclid with Notes and Exercises.
Ditto ...	1	Hindi ...	Treatise on Mental Arithmetic.
Arts ...	1	Marathi. ...	Instructions for Needle work.
Drama ...	1	ditto ...	Exposes (in seven acts) the hyprocrisy of pretending mendicants.
Fiction ...	1	ditto ...	Amusing tales, with morals.
Language ...	1	ditto ...	Etymology of Marathi words.
Ditto ...	1	Hindi ...	Meanings of words in 3rd Hindi Reader.
Ditto ...	1	ditto ...	Synonyms of Hindi word.
Miscellanous ...	1	ditto ...	Short sketch of the Geography of the World.
Ditto ...	1	ditto ...	Do. and of the Central Provinces.

Newspapers.

At the close of 1884, there were six weekly Vernacular and Anglo-vernacular Newspapers published in the Central Provinces.

(1). The Nagpur News, published in Nagpur,—in English and Marathi.

(2) The Nyaya Sudha, published at Harda in the Hoshangabad district,—in English and Marathi.

(3). The Arya Vaibhava, published at Burhanpur,—in Marathi.

(4). The Subodh Sindu, published at Khandwa,—in Marathi and Hindi.

(5). The Mauj-i-Narbada, published at Hoshangabad,—in Urdu.

(6). The Tarjuman-i-Nagpur, published in Nagpur,—in English and Urdu.

None of the papers have a large circulation. They are critical, but loyal in tone.

The Tarjuman-i-Nagpur is under the patronage of the Feudatory Chief of Bamra. The rates of subscription to this paper are based on a somewhat original plan. For Chiefs of Native States, Government officials of high rank, and Merchants, no rates are fixed: but for personages of lower degree, and for "the lower middle class" the terms are Rs. 3-12-0 per annum.

3.—*Literary Societies.*

Libraries and Presses.

There were 15 Subscription Libraries, and Reading Clubs, and 12 other literary or philanthropic associations in the Central Provinces at the close of the year 1884-85. The most influential of these societies are the Anjuman-i-Islamia (Jubbulpore) and the Hit Sabha (Saugor), both of which support large schools. The Hit Sabha has branches at Rehli, Kurai, and Banda. The Anjuman-i-Islamia also manages a press. There are 16 printing and lithographic presses under private management. Six of these presses publish newspapers, the names of which have been given above: and one—the Saraswati, at Narsinghpur—publishes a monthly magazine.

4.—*Arts and Sciences.*

Museums.

The number of visitors to the Nagpur Museum during 1884-85 increased greatly, the total being 253,407. Of these, 77,671 were women and 38,063 children.

The chief additions to the collections consisted of a Hand Dynamo Machine and electrical apparatus, a Phonograph a Telephone and an Air Pump.

The number of visitors to the Raipur Museum was 132,305, of whom 37,492 were women and 22,423 children.

The principal additions to the collections were 33 specimens of Bombay pottery; specimens of metal ware from Moradabad and Benares; and specimens of locally made *Kosa* cloth and of Lucknow embroidery.

CHAPTER VIII—ARCHÆOLOGY.

Repairs to temple at Mandhatta.

An estimate for the execution of certain repairs to the Siddheswar temple at Mandhata, upon the lines laid down by Major H. H. Cole, R. E., and amounting to Rs. 2,863, was sanctioned during the year under report. These repairs were limited to the clearing away of *debris* and rubbish, and to the collecting and re-placing in position (as far as possible) portions of the plinth, columns and carvings of the Temple. Rs. 1,275 were expended on this work in 1884-85. The Temple is a highly interesting one. When the preliminary operations now in progress are completed, it will be possible to form a correct idea of what is best to be done for the preservation of the remains. An inscription in Hindi has been discovered on the doorstep of the entrance, which may throw some light upon the question whether it is a Jain or a Hindu building.

Madan Mahal.

An estimate for the repair of the Madan Mahal—a castle built on a massive boulder poised on the top of a hill situated about three miles from Jubbulpore—is in course of preparation.

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I.—STATISTICS OF PHYSICAL, POLITICAL AND FISCAL GEOGRAPHY.

I. A. 1.—Area cultivated and uncultivated and communications.

District.	Area as shown by the Survey Department.	Deduct.			Net area dealt with in this return.	Cultivated.			Uncultivated.			Government Forests.		
		Feudatory States.	Area for which returns are at present not available.	Total.		Actually cropped.	Current fallows.	Total.	Available for cultivation.	Not available for cultivation.	Total.	Cultivated.	Uncultivated.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.
Saugor	4,007	...	...	...	4,007	1,347	18	1,365	1,050	717	1,767	10	865	**875**
Damoh	2,831	...	...	...	2,831	770	14	784	591	596	1,187	1	859	**860**
Jubbulpore	3,948	...	...	...	3,948	1,578	63	1,641	1,026	919	1,945	...	362	**362**
Mandla	5,056	...	...	...	5,056	583	1	584	1,028	541	1,569	66	2,837	**2,903**
Seoni	3,198	...	...	...	3,198	949	182	1,131	530	593	1,123	20	924	**944**
Narsinghpur	1,916	...	...	...	1,916	901	44	945	262	513	775	3	193	**196**
Hoshangabad	4,749	220	173	393	4,356	1,492	...	1,492	653	620	1,273	18	1,573	**1,591**
Nimar	3,357	...	...	...	3,357	625	36	661	569	251	820	7	1,869	**1,876**
Betul	3,824	...	...	...	3,824	971	343	1,314	284	926	1,210	26	1,274	**1,300**
Chhindwara	4,630	...	1,597	1,597	3,033	963	51	1,014	382	751	1,133	25	861	**886**
Wardha	2,428	...	...	...	2,428	1,370	98	1,468	431	329	760	5	195	**200**
Nagpur	3,843	...	...	...	3,843	1,850	21	1,871	688	751	1,439	3	530	**533**
Chanda	10,749	...	4,902	4,902	5,847	986	34	1,020	1,323	311	1,634	11	3,182	**3,193**
Bhandara	3,968	...	1,471	1,471	2,497	886	8	894	413	595	1,008	...	595	**595**
Balaghat	3,139	...	986	986	2,153	403	10	413	274	431	705	300	735	**1,035**
Raipur	15,110	3,385	5,541	8,926	6,184	2,604	468	3,072	1,699	44	1,743	...	1,369	**1,369**
Bilaspur	9,277	1,002	4,595	5,597	3,680	1,686	37	1,723	1,085	224	1,309	162	486	**648**
Sambalpur	10,166	5,691	2,858	8,549	1,611	373	230	603	...	293	293	27	688	**715**
Kalahandi Agency	19,206	19,206	...	19,206	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Central Provinces ..	**1,15,396**	**29,504**	**22,123**	**51,627**	**63,769**	**20,337**	**1,658**	**21,995**	**12,288**	**9,405**	**21,693**	**684**	**19,397**	**20,081**

I. A. 2.—Character of the Surface.

For details of this table see Part II. of the Report of 1872-73 or Chapters I. and II Introduction to "Central Provinces Gazetteer," Edition of 1870.

I. A. 3.—Climate.

District head-quarters.	Rain-fall, inches.				Average temperature in shade.												Cloud proportion 0 to 10.		
					May.				July.				December.						
	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	Total.	Mean of maximum readings.	Mean of minimum readings.	Highest readings.	Lowest readings.	Mean of maximum readings.	Mean of minimum readings.	Highest readings.	Lowest readings.	Mean of maximum readings.	Mean of minimum readings.	Highest readings.	Lowest readings.	January to July.	June to September.	October to December.
Vindhyan Districts.																			
Saugor	0·88	45·99	2·18	49·05	105·6	78·5	109·6	71·8	85·2	73·3	91·9	71·0	73·6	50·6	76·5	46·0			
Damoh	0·64	73·58	3·27	77·49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Narbada Valley Districts.																			
Jubbulpore	3·01	88·80	3·35	95·16	106·5	76·3	110·7	63·5	84·7	73·9	91·7	71·5	74·4	45·4	78·4	38·7			
Narsinghpur	1·78	52·32	2·06	56·16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Hoshangabad	1·29	76·00	3·25	80·54	109·0	79·3	112·1	70·6	86·7	74·6	94·4	73·2	77·6	51·1	80·8	46·1			
Nimar	1·49	36·58	2·10	40·17	106·7	78·9	112·9	70·2	86·5	73·3	96·6	71·2	78·6	47·6	83·3	39·9			
Satpura Districts.																			
Mandla	2·06	65·30	1·51	68·87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Seoni	2·18	65·47	1·91	69·56	105·1	75·7	109·6	70·9	82·8	71·7	90·1	69·3	75·4	49·6	80·4	44·5			
Chhindwara	1·78	44·45	5·32	51·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Betul	1·23	49·18	4·27	54·68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Districts of the Wardha and Wainganga Valleys (Nagpur country).																			
Nagpur	1·59	50·95	3·78	56·32	109·8	81·4	115·2	71·0	84·9	74·1	97·7	71·1	77·2	54·0	80·4	49·1			
Bhandara	0·68	57·31	2·01	60·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Balaghat	0·86	96·28	3·78	100·92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Chanda	0·65	61·40	7·59	69·64	111·0	79·4	115·9	74·2	86·1	74·5	95·4	72·3	80·2	52·8	83·4	44·7			
Wardha	0·64	51·00	4·82	56·46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Districts of the Mahanadi Valley (Chhattisgarh).																			
Raipur	1·34	79·98	4·20	85·52	109·1	78·6	113·5	72·1	84·2	72·8	89·6	67·9	76·1	53·4	80·9	48·9			
Bilaspur	1·22	54·58	0·67	56·47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Sambalpur	1·27	64·92	3·22	69·41	107·1	82·5	113·7	72·4	84·1	76·9	89·6	75·1	77·3	53·6	78·9	46·7			

I. B. 1.—Political Relations.

I.—Native States.

Name of State.	In subsidiary alliance or Feudatory.	Tribute in men or money.	†Population.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military force.	Transit duties or not.	Principal articles of production including manufactures and mines.
		Rs.		Rs.			
1. Bastar ..	Feudatory..	3,056	196,248	92,13?	3 wall pieces (zambooks) ... 4 Gunners. 12 Horsemen. 50 Sepoys.	None ...	Rice, oilseeds, dyes, dammer, silk cocoons, lac, galls, fibres, some iron, horns, hides, wax and honey. There is a considerable traffic in teak timber, which is sent to the Coast.
2. Karond* ...	Do. ...	3,975	224,548	80,000	Has a considerable force of Paiks some of whom are armed with muskets, but the exact numbers are not known.	Do. ...	Rice, pulses, oilseeds, sugarcane, and cotton; wheat also grown in some parts. No important manufactures, and no mines.
3. Raigarh Bargarh ...	Do. ..	400	128,943	7,500	See foot note ...	Do. ...	Rice, pulses, oilseeds, sugar-cane, cotton and a little wheat and gram. No manufactures of importance, and no mines worked though iron is abundant.
4. Sarangarh* ...	Do. ...	1,350	71,274	33,902	Do.	Do. ..	Do. do.
5. Patna* ...	Do. ..	600	257,959	64,400	Do.	Do. ...	Rice, pulses, oilseeds, sugar-cane, and cotton. No manufactures of importance. Iron ore found in many parts, but no mines are regularly worked.
6. Sonpur ...	Do. ..	5,000	178,701	28,000	Do.	Do. ...	Do. do.
7. Rehrakhol ...	Do. ...	580	17,750	6,000	Do.	Do. ...	Do. do. Also some valuable sal forests; lac is found in considerable quantities. Iron ore very abundant. No manufactures of importance.
8. Bamra ...	Do. ...	350	81,280	16,000	Do.	Do. ..	Rice, pulses, oilseeds, sugarcane, and cotton; also some valuable sal forests, and lac is found in considerable quantities. Iron ore very abundant. No manufactures of importance.
9. Sakti ...	Do. ...	350	22,819	16,800	Do.	Do. ...	Rice, wheat, oilseeds and cotton: also some forest produce but not much, consisting of lac, resin, gum and mohwa fruit.
10. Kawardha ...	Do. ..	16,000	86,362	68,000	Do.	Do. ...	Do. do.
11. Kondka or Chhuikhadan.	Do. ...	11,000	32,979	22,032	Do.	Do. ...	Wheat, gram cotton, &c.
12. Kanker ...	Do. ...	Pays nothing.	63,610	17,000	Do.	Do. ...	Rice, kutki, kodo, lac, gum, &c.
13. Khairagarh ...	Do. ..	47,000	166,138	1,48,713	Do.	Do. ...	Cotton, rice, wheat, gram, &c. Some iron ore.
14. Nandgaon ...	Do. ...	46,000	164,339	1,46,528	Do.	Do. ...	Rice, tur, wheat, gram, oil-seeds, cotton, and coarse cloth.
15. Makrai ...	Do. ..	Pays nothing.	16,764	29,964	Do.	Do. ...	Wheat, gram, rice, &c., gum, mohwa, chironji, achar, &c, No manufactures worthy of note. Iron ore exists but no mines are regularly worked.

NOTE.—All the Chiefs have followers or retainers of kinds, but no accurate information regarding their equipment and discipline exists. They have no military force in the real sense of the term and the column has therefore been left blank.

† The population is given according to the Census of 1881.

Under British management.

Statement I. B. 2.—Feudatory Chiefs and principal male members of their families.

Name of State.	Name and age of Chief and family to which he belongs.	Caste or race and religion.	How educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bastar ...	Raja Bahiram Deo, aged 45.	Rajput ...	Indifferently ...	In administering his territory.	Has Sanad.	Follows primogeniture.	Has a nephew.
Patna ...	Ramchandra Singh Chowhan, aged 13.	Chowhan Agin-bansi ...	Being educated at the Rajkumar College, Jubbulpore ...	The State is under Government management.	do.	do.	Is a minor.
Kalahandi alias Karund.	Raghu Kishore Deo Chowhan, aged 13.	Chowhan Nag-bansi ...	Do. do. ...	Do.	do.	do.	Do.
Sonpur ...	Niladhar Singh Deo Chowhan Mahapatra, aged 46.	Chowhan Maha-patra ...	Knows English and Uria ...	Administering his State.	do.	do.	Has male heirs.
Bamra ...	Sudhal Deo, aged 37.	Gangabansi ...	Knows Uria, Hindi, Bengali and Sanscrit.	Do.	do.	do.	do.
Rairakhole ...	Bishan Chandra Jenamani, aged 66.	Jena Rajput ...	Knows Uria ...	Do.	do.	do.	do.
Sarangarh ...	Bhowani Pratab Singh, aged 20.	Gond ..	Knows a little English and Hindi ...	The State is under Government management.	do.	do.	do.
Raigarh ...	Ghansham Singh, aged 61.	Do. ..	Knows Hindi ...	Do.	do.	do.	do.
Kanker ...	Narhar Deo Chandra Bansi, aged 36.	Kshetri Hindoo ...	Knows Hindi, Urdu, Uria and Sanscrit ...	Administers his territory.	do.	do.	1 son and two step brothers.
Khairagarh ...	Lal Umrao Singh, alias Kanhya Lal aged 40.	Rajput Hindoo ..	Knows Hindi ...	Do.	do.	do.	2 sons and 5 brothers.
Nandgaon ...	Mahant Balram Dass Byragi, aged 20.	Byragi Hindu ...	Knows Hindi and is now learning English	Under education. His mother manages the Estate.	do.	Does not follow primogeniture.	No heirs.
Chuikhadan ...	Mahant Lachman Dass Byragi, aged 74.	Do. ...	Knows Hindi ...	Administers his territory.	do.	Follows primogeniture.	1 son and 4 grandsons.
Kawardha ...	Thakur Rajpal Singh, aged 35.	Raj Gond ...	Under tutor appointed by Deputy Commr..	Resides at Nowagaon in Kawardha, the State being under Government management.	do.	do.	Has no male heir.
Sakti ...	Raja Ranjat Singh, aged 52.	Do. ...	Knows Uria and Urdu..	Resides at Raipur, the State being under Government management.	do.	do.	Has 2 sons.
Makrai ...	Raja Lachushah alias Bharatshah Makrai Raja of Kalabit, aged 36.	Gond ...	By private tutor in Hindi ...	Manages his Estate.	do.	do.	1 son aged 9 years.

I. C.—Civil Divisions of British territory.

Name of Commissionership.	District.	Number of Judicial and Revenue Sub-divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief towns with population.		Number of villages.	How many Civil and Revenue Judges of all sorts.	How many Magistrates of all sorts	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average do.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and police of all kinds.	Revenue.	
														Land.	Gross.
		1	2	3	4		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
														Rs.	Rs.
JUBBULPORE.	Saugor ...	5	4,007	5,64,950	Saugor	44,416	2,107	12	11	28	26	731	84,555	4,44,138	7,07,787
					Garhakota	8,843									
					Deori	7,074									
					Rehli	5,196									
					Kurai	5,370									
	Damoh ...	2	2,831	3,12,957	Damoh	8,665	1,335	5	8	50	17	382	1,24,890	2,65,620	3,90,405
					Hatta	6,325									
					Hindoria	3,286									
					Ranch	2,628									
	Jubbulpore ...	4	3,948	6,87,233	Jubbulpore	68,357	2,527	11	22	40	18	763	1,06,584	5,73,363	9,51,339
					Sihora	5,736									
					Murwara	8,612									
					Garha	7,345									
					Panagarh	4,916									
	Mandla ...	2	5,056	3,01,760	Mandla	4,372	1,751	4	5	61	25	303	75,179	65,550	87,580
					Bahmni	2,100									
					Shaipura	2,783									
					Pindrai	1,334									

NARBADA.	Seoni ...	2	3,198	3,34,733	Seoni	10,203	1,434	6	5	45	24	315	88,806	1,58,914	3,70,368
	Narsinghpur ...	2	1,916	3,65,173	Narsinghpur	5,114	1,095	8	13	21	13	354	1,34,132	4,18,785	6,31,794
					Kandeli	5,108									
					Gadarwāra	8,100									
	Hoshangabad ...	4	4,529	4,88,787	Hoshangabad	34,935	1,415	13	16	55	14	625	1,63,194	4,34,022	13,98,836
					Sohagpur	21,353									
					Harda	11,203									
					Seoni	6,965									
	Nimar ...	2	3,357	2,31,341	Khandwa	15,142	680	16	11	40	6	482	1,23,853	1,79,478	4,91,876
					Burhanpur	30,017									
					Asirgarh	2,437									
					Pandhana	2,788									
					Mandhatta	1,490									
	Betul ...	2	3,824	3,04,965	Betul	4,693	1,200	6	12	52	22	339	1,20,424	1,90,392	1,99,845
					Badnur	4,180									
					Multai	3,423									
	Chhindwara ...	2	4,630	3,72,899	Chhindwara	8,220	1,833	6	5	64	29	387	55,030	2,20,242	4,20,229
					Pandhurna	7,469									
					Mohgaon	5,180									
NAGPUR.	Wardha ...	3	2,428	3,87,221	Wardha	5,816	1,372	10	13	26	19	455	2,68,504	5,14,241	9,36,766
					Hinganghat	9,060									
					Arvi	8,072									
					Ashti	5,245									
					Deoli	5,126									
	Nagpur ...	5	3,843	6,97,356	Nagpur	98,299	2,170	18	21	38	21	1,074	2,22,775	8,29,666	16,04,063
					Kamptee	50,987									
					Umrer	14,247									
					Khapa	8,465									
					Ramtek	7,814									
					Narkher	7,061									
					Mohopa	5,515									
					Kalmeshwar	5,318									
					Saoner	5,023									

1. C.—Continued.

Number of Commissionership.	District.	Number of Judicial and Revenue Sub-divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief towns with population.		Number of villages.	How many Civil and Revenue Judges of all sorts.	How many Magistrates of all sorts.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average do.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and Police of all kinds.	Revenue.	
														Land.	Gross.
													Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
CHHATTISGARH.	Chanda ...	4	10,749	6,49,146	Chanda Warora Armori	16,137 8,022 5,584	2,890	10	9	130	20	611	1,42,759	2,80,290	5,52,709
	Bhandara ...	3	5,968	6,83,779	Bhandara Powni Mohali Tumsar	11,150 9,773 5,142 7,385	1,612	9	8	72	34	479	55,758	4,02,036	7,76,435
	Balaghat ...	2	3,139	3,40,554	Behir Waraseoni	4,136 3,326	1,211	5	4	65	30	233	79,114	1,60,840	3,60,953
	Raipur ...	4	11,725	14,051,71	Raipur Dhamtari Rajim Arang	24,948 6,647 3,252 4,608	4,703	13	18	69	14	512	1,56,989	6,55,539	10,04,191
	Bilaspur ...	3	8,275	10,17,327	Bilaspur Ratanpur	7,775 5,615	3,722	10	7	56	10	319	1,02,223	2,57,382	4,24,334
	Sambalpur ...	2	4,469	6,93.499	Sambalpur	13,939	2,252	8	9	66	25	365	1,04,534	1,04,411	1,72,530
	Total ...	53	85,892	98,38,791	.....		35,309	170	197	130	26	8,729	22,09,303	61,54,909	1,14,82,035

I. D.—Population.

District.	Houses.		Population.						Classification of population.												Occupation.		Prevailing language.
					Children under 12 years.				Christians.														
	Occupied.	Unoccupied.	Men.	Women.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Number per square mile.	British born British subjects.	Other Europeans and Americans.	Eurasians.	Natives.	Indian Portuguese.	Unspecified.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aborigines.	Others.	Agriculturists.	Non-Agriculturists.	
Saugor ...	1,30,409	25,302	1,99,562	1,81,173	95,233	88,982	5,64,950	141·1	440	90	56	410	...	38	5,02,927	25,396	15	16,434	19,144	...	1,49,732	4,15,218	h
Damoh ...	70,276	3,526	1,09,650	1,00,831	52,914	49,556	3,12,957	111·8	5	7	1	15	...	5	2,91,454	9,384	...	6,665	5,421	...	59 359	2,23,598	h
Jubbulpore ...	1,74,512	15,982	2,31,972	2,25,378	1,17,279	1,12,604	6,87,233	175·4	808	317	267	721	30	333	5,76,693	34,790	51	5,515	67,804	4	2,41,847	4,45,386	h
Mandla ...	61,779	7,199	93,266	90,570	60,276	57,648	3,01,760	63 9	7	5	2	108	...	5	1 29,555	4,048	...	284	1,67,746	...	1 40 989	1,60,771	h g
Seoni ...	67,104	5,245	1,06,894	1,06,349	61,121	60,459	3,34,733	103·1	12	3	7	73	3	1	1,80.337	13,442	3	1,408	1,39,444	...	1,41,949	1 92,789	h m g
Narsinghpur ...	79,765	3,346	1,22,722	1,18,570	63,913	59,968	3.65,173	190·0	11	39	5	31	4	13	3,05,562	13,425	3	2,170	43,910	...	1,15,530	2,49,643	h
Hoshangabad ...	1,02,363	9,658	1,69,516	1,56,892	82,947	79,402	4.88,787	110·2	154	96	63	337	33	100	3,94.035	22,355	41	1,725	69,840	8	1,44 278	3,44,509	h g k
1 Feudatory State ...	3,380	139	5,717	5,385	2,804	2,858	16,764	77·9	..	...	...	...	...	...	11,708	849	...	...	4,207	...	3,538	13,226	...
Nimar ..	48,532	5,666	82,904	73,328	38,104	37,005	2,31,341	69·3	188	6	86	309	53	92	1.99,454	24,426	97	1,247	5,282	46	84 312	1,47,029	h Guzerathi
Betul ...	58,603	5,124	97,129	93,299	57,297	57,180	3,04,905	78·1	4	3	5	22	...	...	1,82,394	5,032	...	942	1,16,503	...	1,24,702	1,80,203	h g m k
Chhindwara ..	73.621	26,874	1,17,026	1,16,807	69,142	69,924	3.72,899	95 2	4	4	19	49	1	..	2,14,820	11,298	...	1,451	1,45,253	...	1,70,407	2,02,492	g h m k
Wardha ..	85,044	7,189	1.35,680	1,29,746	59,884	61,911	3,87,221	161·3	11	15	7	47	7	9	3.98.621	14,200	7	2,356	41,933	8	1,70,849	2,16.372	m g h
Nagpur ..	1,45 593	15,053	2.42.663	2.36,215	1,09,093	1.09,385	6,97,356	184·2	1,063	383	630	2,303	66	405	6,06.229	39,765	178	3,539	42,750	16	2 09,568	4,87,788	m h t g
Chanda ...	1,48, 351	22,414	2,12,336	2,10,136	1,14,488	1,12,186	6,49,146	60·2	15	35	29	191	4	15	5,00,569	10,987	...	737	1,36,564	...	2,53,228	3,95,918	m h t g
1 Feudatory State ..	38,271	..	70,328	61,443	32.718	31,719	1,96,248	15·	..	...	...	...	...	..	1,59,128	779	...	...	36,341	..	80,194	1,16,054	...
Bhandara ..	1,33,056	8,058	2,23,549	2.26,812	1,17,262	1,16,156	6,83.779	174·3	15	32	5	87	1	17	5,91,918	13,102	4	577	78,021	...	2,58,668	4,25,111	m h g
Balaghat ...	69,054	2,939	1,09,569	1,13,153	59,261	58,571	3,40.554	108 2	3	5	2	26	..	..	2,49,796	6,541	...	125	84,056	...	1 58,747	1,81,807	h m g
Raipur ..	4,40.651	13,655	4,27,766	4,48,054	2,68,476	2,60,875	14,05,171	118 2	15	31	24	730	4	17	12.23,117	14.991	...	513	1.65,729	...	6,66,394	7,38,777	h u g m
4 Feudatory States ...	1,04,554	19,553	1,31,454	1,34,202	81,338	80,072	4,27,066	160·7	3	1	...	...	...	10	3,16,657	3,885	...	193	1,06,317	...	1,90,967	2,36,099	. ...
Bilaspur ...	2,81.580	8,719	3,11,228	3,23,905	1,92,815	1.89,376	10,17,327	130·5	5	2	...	28	...	...	8,50,103	9,625	...	17	1,57,547	...	4,05,067	6,12,260	h
2 Feudatory States ...	32.324	1,400	34.016	35,445	20,042	19.678	1,09,181	109·9	..	...	...	..	...	...	80,943	2,082	...	...	26,156	...	45,587	63,594	...
Sambalpur ..	1,60,359	8,022	2,13,943	2.16,093	1,32,606	1,30,857	6,93,499	153·4	8	14	18	70	...	...	6, 13,771	2.966	...	.	46,652	...	2,52 419	4,41,080	u h k
7 Feudatory States ...	1.96.754	..	3,03,867	2,87,489	1,85,403	1,83,702	9,60,461	80 7	3	2	4	1	...	...	9,10,835	2,319	...	...	47,297	...	2,30,171	7,30,290	
Total Districts ..	23,36,976	1,93,769	32,07,321	31,67,311	17,52,114	17,12,045	98,38,791	116·5	2,768	1,142	1,226	5,557	206	1,050	79,71.254	2,75,773	399	45,735	15,33,599	82	37,78,040	60,60,751	
15 Feudatory States...	3,75,283	21,092	5,45,382	5,24,004	3,22,305	3,18,029	17,09,720	59·3	6	3	4	1	...	10	14,79,271	9,914	...	193	2,20,318	...	5,50,457	11,59,263	
Grand Total ...	27,12,259	2,14,861	37,52,703	36,91,315	20,74,419	20,30,074	1,15,48,511	101·9	2,774	1,145	1,230	5,558	206	1,060	94,50,525	2,85,687	399	45,928	17,53,917	82	43,28,497	72,20,014	

NOTE.—The population is according to the Census of 1881.
m denotes Marathi, h Hindi, t Telugu, g Gondi, k Kol or Korku, u Uriya.

I. E—Fiscal

The Survey and Settlement.

Area prviously surveyed in miles.				Cost per mile.			Surveyed during the year with cost per mile.		
		Revenue.							
Trigonometrically.	Topographically.	By villages.	By fields.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.
						Rs. a. p.			
7,633	28,024	55,206	...	...	...	45 4 2			603 at Rs. 42 per mile.

Includes Survey of some portions of Feudatories.

Settlement.

Nature of Settlement.	Area in miles.	Annual revenue Assessed.	Date of expiry of Settlement.	Remarks.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Settled in perpetuity ...	...	...	...	
For 30 years or upwards ...	30,577	4,744,166	various dates between 1893 and 1898.	
For 10 years and under 30 ...	12,595	1,066,384	Do. 1885 and 1889.	
In progress	391	57,374	1895.	
Total ...	43,563	5,867924	...	Exclusive of Feudatories Zamindaris and Government Forests.

Surveyed and assessed area in acres.

Districts.	Total area by survey less Feudatories and Government Forests.	Deduct area not fully assessed including estates assessed at privileged rates.	Balance of area fully assessed.	Total Land Revenue (excluding cesses) of district (column 2).	Population of district (column 2).	Land Revenue per head of population (columns 5 and 6)	Land Revenue (excluding cesses) assessed on fully assessed area (column 4).	Incidence of revenue on fully assessed area per acre.		Population of fully assessed area.	Land revenue assessment per head of population of fully assessed area (column 4).	Population of towns exceeding 10,000 in assessed area.
								For total area.	For cultivated area only.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
						Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	
Saugor ...	2,004,480	171,329	1,833,151	4,70,538	558,234	0 13 6	4,36,554	0 3 10	0 9 11	515,508	0 13 7	28,769
Damoh ..	1,261,269	120,140	1,141,129	2,65,320	312,957	0 13 0	2,61,693	0 3 8	0 10 11	284,560	0 14 8	...
Jubbulpore ..	2,294,852	333,711	1,961,141	6,19,267	687,233	0 14 5	5,70,123	0 3 11	0 8 8	614,808	0 14 10	...
Mandla ..	1,377,920	18,716	1,359,204	66,761	223,098	0 4 5	65,550	0 0 9	0 2 9	238,736	0 4 4	...
Seoni ..	1,442,774	153,987	1,288,787	1,49,125	327,841	0 7 2	1,47,543	0 1 7	0 3 3	291,663	0 8 1	10,203
Narsinghpur ..	1,100,815	40,057	1,060,758	4,18,785	364,512	1 2 4	4,14,894	0 6 3	0 11 9	352,809	1 2 9	...
Hoshangabad (Khalsa) ..	1,712,225	147,207	1,565,018	4,34,613	488,787	0 14 3	4,20,349	0 4 1	0 3 1	449,670	0 14 11	...
Do. Zamindari ..	168,095	..	160,895	140	5,347	0 0 5	...	...	...	...	...	..
Nimar ..	947,840	155,875	791,965	1,79,478	231,123	0 12 5	1,76,743	0 3 7	0 7 2	177,518	0 15 11	...
Betul ..	1,615,722	19,771	1,595,951	1,90,605	283,955	0 10 9	1,90,105	0 1 11	0 3 8	280,890	0 10 9	...
Chhindwara (Khalsa) ..	1,740,800	154,240	1,586,560	2,15,308	305,884	0 11 3	1,89,291	0 1 9	0 4 8	271,687	0 11 1	...
Do. Zamindari ..	655,360	...	655,360	...	64,512	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wardha ..	1,425,807	89,245	1,336,562	5,14,241	387,221	1 5 2	5,09,466	0 6 1	0 9 8	360,091	1 6 8	...
Nagpur ..	2,118,400	246,310	1,872,090	8,29,666	697,356	1 3 0	7,89,915	0 6 9	0 11 11	629,454	1 4 1	163,533
Chanda (Khalsa) ..	1,698,202	35,827	1,662,375	2,69,258	533,214	0 8 2	2,69,258	0 2 7	0 7 0	521,911	0 8 3	16,137
Do. Zamindari .	3,137,280	...	3,137,280	2,205	115,932	0 0 4	2,205	...	...	115,932	0 0 4	...
Bhandara (Khalsa) ..	1,217,280	75,284	1,141,996	3,30,998	476,816	0 11 1	3,23,153	0 4 7	0 9 9	443,980	0 11 8	11,150
Do. Zamindari ..	941,440	...	941,440	71,038	206,963	0 5 6	71,038	0 1 3	0 3 2	206,963	0 5 6	...
Balaghat (Khalsa) ..	715,520	4,984	710,536	1,27,124	259,724	0 7 10	1,26,946	0 2 10	0 7 8	256,935	0 7 11	...
Do. Zamindari ..	631,040	...	631,040	28,430	80,827	0 5 7	28,430	0 0 9	0 2 6	80,827	0 5 7	...
Raipur (Khalsa) ..	3,081,600	68,814	3,012,786	5,32,053	1,141,882	0 7 5	5,22,581	0 3 9	0 4 4	1,119,006	0 7 6	24,948
Do. Zamindari ..	3,546,240	...	3,546,240	20,050	263,289	0 1 3	20,050	0 0 1	0 0 9	263,289	0 1 3	...
Bilaspur (Khalsa) ...	1,940,480	52,480	1,888,000	2,51,761	746,130	0 5 4	2,45,268	0 2 1	0 3 8	724,055	0 5 4	...
Do. Zamindari ..	2,940,800	...	2,940,800	18,725	271,197	0 1 2	18,725	0 0 1	0 0 8	271,197	0 1 1	...
Sambalpur (Khalsa) ..	573,440	126,720	446,720	93,165	362,058	0 4 1	89,437	0 3 2	0 9 8	305,334	0 4 8	13,939
Do. Zamindari ...	1,829,120	...	1,829,120	11,246	331,441	0 0 6	11,246	0 0 1	...	331,441	0 0 1	...
Total Central Provinces ..	28,269,426	2,014,697	26,254,729	59,58,359	8,387,948	0 11 4	57,47,969	0 3 7	0 7 7	7,838,615	0 11 8	268,679
Zamindari ...	13,849,375	...	13,849,375	1,51,834	1,339,508	0 1 9	1,51,694	0 0 2	0 0 6	1,269,649	0 1 10	...

I. E. 3—Fiscal.

Varieties of tenure held direct from Government.

Nature of tenure.		Number of estates.	Number of villages.	Number of holders or shareholders.	Gross area in acres.	Average area of each estate.	Average assessment of each estate.	Revenue rate per acre.
								Rs. a. p.
1.—Proprietors, Zamindars or Malguzars paying from Rs. 50,000 revenue.	Held by individuals under law of primogeniture ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
	Held by individuals and families under ordinary law ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
2.—Proprietors, Zamindars or Malguzars paying from Rs. 50,000 to 5,000 revenue.	Under law of primogeniture ..	10	2,032	12	8,51,947	85,194	13,586	0 1 11
	Under ordinary law ..	179	1,419	257	30,37,695	17,302	803	0 6 9
3.—Proprietors paying from Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 100 revenue ..		17,364	23,700	40,807	2,44,59,403	1,410	950	0 4 0
4.—Proprietors other than those of cultivating communities, paying less than Rs. 100		7,587	8,027	18,072	1,18,82,033	1,566	664	0 4 4
5.—Peasant proprietors paying separately		665	142	498	17,227	26	17	0 3 7
6.—Plot-holders (Malik makbuzas)		51,742	...	38,800	6,40,568	20	16	0 9 7
7.—Holders of wholly or partly revenue-free tenures.	In perpetuity	4,072	1,419	5,696	12,78,111	313	190	0 3 7
	For life or lives	4,192	584	6,140	6,41,830	153	141	0 4 3
8.—Landholders who have redeemed the revenue		22	62	45	28,007	1,273	...	0 0 10
9.—Purchasers of waste lands		258	...	252	2,13,722	828	735	0 15 5
	Total ...	66,091	37,385	1,10,489	4,41,49,483	...	...	.....

I E. 4—*Fiscal—Transfers.*

		No. of transfers.		Total area transferred.	
		By order of Court	By private contract or gift.	By order of Court.	By private contract or gift.
Proprietor ...	Revenue paying	265	2,107	1,43,451	8,23,519
	Revenue-free	13	82	7,932	25,081
	Total ...	278	2,189	1,51,383	8,48,600

I. E- 5 FISCAL.

Land Revenue.

Description of Revenue.	Revenue last year.		Revenue this year.		Cost of collection.	Net collections during the year.	Outstanding balances.	Number of sales for arrears of revenue.	Revenue of estates sold.	Cause of increase or decrease of revenue with explanation of any item realized in addition to the annual assessed revenue.
	Assessed.	Realized.	Assessed.	Realized.						
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
From settled estates bearing revenue in past years ...	61,34,363	61,32,361	61,43,475	61,42,471						
Settled estates added to revenue roll during present year ...	...	...	...	...						
Settled estates taken off revenue roll during present year ..	...	...	...	...						
Collection from Government estates	...	...	...	...	6,99,277	54,62,236	1,058	...	...	Rs. 181 of this balance have been remitted: the actual balance is therefore Rs. 927.
Income from sale of Government estates	...	...	...	...						
Miscellaneous Land Revenue not included in above ...	1,10,603	1,10,546	1,11,945	1,11,891						
Total ...	62,44,966	62,42,907	62,55,420	62,54,362						

II.—STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

A.—LEGISLATIVE.

I.—Statement of Acts passed by the Legislature of the Province of in the year and sanctioned as required by law.

Title of Act.	By whom proposed.	Object and character of Act.	Date on which sanctioned.

2.—Statement of Bills proposed or pending in the Legislature of the Province in the year

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and character of Bill.	When introduced.	When rejected or withdrawn.	If pending why, and in what state

3.—Statement of Draft Bills submitted by the chief Administrative authority of the for the consideration of the Legislature of India during the year

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and character of Act.	Date, result, or present position of the proposed Bill.

Judicial Statement No. 1.—(Civil and Criminal.)

Statement showing the number of Judicial Divisions and the number of Officers exercising Appellate or Original jurisdiction in the Central Provinces on the last day of the year 1884 with the cost of Tribunals.

Name of Provinces.			Area.	Population.	Number of Divisions for Courts under Chief Court, but superior to Chief Courts of Districts.	Number of Districts.	Number of Sub-Districts.	Total number of officers exercising original or appellate jurisdiction: Judges of Chief Court of Provinces.	Judges of other Courts superior to Chief District Courts.	Judges of Chief Courts of Districts.	Judges of District Courts other than Chief Courts	Judges of other subordinate Courts.	Total number of cases decided: Original. Regular.	Original. Miscellaneous.	Appeals. Regular.	Appeals. Miscellaneous.	Total receipts of the Courts.	Total charges of the Courts.
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Central Provinces.	Territory subject to the High Court...	Civil and Revenue ...	84,445	98,38,791	4	18	50	1	4	18	37	101	99,432	6,956	5,357	290	8,25,963	11,73,279
		Criminal ...									41	160	23,973	1,145	1,868	68		
	Ditto not subject to the High Court.	Civil and Revenue.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Criminal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...		84,445	98,38,791	4	18	50	1	4	18	41	295	1,23,405	8,101	7,225	358	8,25,963	11,73,279

Note.—Number of European and Native Judicial Officers exercising Appellate or original jurisdiction.

The Civil grades are those described in Act XIV of 1865. On the Criminal side, District Officers are included with 1st Class Magistrates.

Civil.

Naib-Tahsildars.		Judges of Small Cause Courts.		Registrars of Small Cause Courts.		Courts of	1st Grade.		2nd Grade.		3rd Grade.		4th Grade.		5th Grade.		6th Grade.		7th Grade.		8th Grade.	
Euro.	Natives.	Europeans.	Natives.	Europeans	Natives		Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.
0	42	6	0	0	2		0	11	0	41	1	2	4	16	3	8	19	1	4	0	1	0

Criminal.

High Court Judges.		Sessions Judges.			1st Class.		2nd Class.		3rd Class.		Cantonment Magistrates.	
Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Magistrates,	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.
1	0	4	0		29	32	2	92	1	59	4	0

* The total columns 7 to 11 shew the *actual number of individuals*, as required. As the same Officer has in some (but not in all) cases both Civil and Criminal powers, the figure totals of columns 10 and 11 are higher than totals shown.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT 2.—(Criminal.)

Statement of Offences reported and persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each class of offence in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Description of offence.	Number of offences reported.	Number of cases returned as true.	Number of cases brought to trial during the year.	Number of persons					Remarks.
				Under trial during the year, including pending from previous year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Remaining under trial	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Offences against the State. Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Do. relating to the army and navy Chapter VII. ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Do. against the public tranquillity do. VIII. ...	108	159	159	876	242	609	1	24	
Do. by or relating to Public servants do. IX. ..	64	62	61	72	32	33	.....	7	
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants do. X. ...	279	267	259	423	157	242	2	22	
False evidence and offences against public justice do. XI. ...	303	275	275	381	145	223	2	11	
Offences relating to coin and Government Stamps do. XII. ...	73	67	55	62	17	43	.....	2	
Do. relating to weights and measures do. XIII. ...	150	150	149	189	39	144	5	1	
Do. affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals do. XIV. ..	219	201	202	314	95	209	.....	10	
Do. relating to religion do. XV. ..	11	7	6	15	12	3	.....	.....	
Offences affecting the human body, Chapter XVI. — Offences affecting life ..	296	254	235	316	138	153	2	23	
Causing of miscarriage, injuries to unborn children, exposure of infants and the concealment of births ...	32	25	17	27	6	19	.....	2	
Hurt	2,261	1,936	1,853	3,524	2,077	1,339	34	74	
Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement ...	237	154	123	253	141	110	1	1	
Criminal force and assault ..	7,090	5,506	5,523	10,555	6,899	3,412	62	182	
Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery and forced labor ...	46	30	24	48	25	22	.....	1	
Rape	92	57	47	57	32	23	.....	2	
Unnatural offence	39	34	22	26	11	14	.....	1	
Offences against property, Chapter XVII. — Theft	11,850	11,144	5,082	7,019	1,591	5,389	8	37	
Extortion	94	70	71	132	59	48	1	24	
Robbery and dacoity	141	105	71	203	62	130	10	*1	
Criminal misappropriation of property	144	128	127	171	39	128	1	3	
Criminal breach of trust...	328	267	207	256	74	165	6	11	
Receiving stolen property	254	244	228	311	99	208	.....	4	
Cheating	200	132	125	175	103	63	4	5	
Fraudulent deeds and disposition of property ...	5	4	4	7	2	3	2	.....	
Mischief	594	459	282	498	316	170	1	11	
Criminal trespass	5,981	5,476	2,217	3,209	1,089	2,068	9	43	
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks, Chapter XVIII. ...	35	27	24	42	16	16	.....	10	
Criminal breach of contracts of service do. XIX. ...	3	3	3	3	2	1	.....	.....	
Offences relating to marriage ... do. XX. ...	630	402	394	459	344	84	16	15	
Defamation ... ... do. XXI. ...	638	302	275	424	306	113	1	4	
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance do. XXII. ...	672	471	466	764	487	261	6	10	
Offences under special and local laws	5,522	5,139	5,065	7,382	1,650	5,603	43	86	
Total ...	38,451	33,561	23,651	38,193	16,307	21,048	217	*627	

* Include 6 persons who are in the Lunatic Asylum.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT 3.—(Criminal).

Statement of miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code in the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

Nature of proceedings.	Total number of cases before the Courts during the year.	Number of persons concerned.	Number of persons discharged.	Number of persons convicted.	Pending at close of the year. Persons.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Frivolous or vexatious complaints summarily dealt with under Chapter XX., Section 25	318	325	.....	325	.....	
2. Proceedings against witnesses under Chapter VI—C ...	3	4	1	3	...	
3. Forfeiture of bail or recognizance under Chapter XLII ...	35	57	13	43	.....	1 absconded
4. Non-attendance of jurors or assessors, Chapter XXIII, Section 332	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	
5. Contempts of Court under Chapter XXXV	9	11	.....	11	.....	
6. Proceedings under Chapter VIII, Section 107, to prevent breach of the peace	35	86	26	58	1	Pending less than a month : 1 person absconded.
7. Proceedings under Chapter VIII, Sections 109, 110, security for good behaviour	221	263	84	174	5	Pending less than a month.
8. Proceedings against nuisances, Chapter X	119	204	16	186	2	1 pending since 18th November 1884.
9. Possession, Chapter XII	10	25	23	2	.....	
10. Maintenance, Chapter XXXVI	418	418	270	129	19	3 are pending over a month for examination of witnesses : date of institution of the oldest case is 7th October 1884.
Total ...	1,170	1,393	433	931	27	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT 4.—(Criminal.)

Statement showing the general results of Criminal trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Class of Court.	Total number of persons under trial.	Persons whose cases were disposed of.					Persons remaining under trial at the end of the year.	Number of cases disposed of during the year.	Average number of days during which each case lasted.	Number of witnesses examined.	Remarks.
		Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Discharged or acquitted.	Convicted.		Committed or referred.†					
				On regular trial.	On Summary trial.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Village Officers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subordinate Magistrates ... Special Magistrates under Section 14 ...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subordinate Magistrates ... Honorary Magistrates sitting singly ...	9,406	46	4,807	4,326	155	...	72	5,435	11·2	18,145	
Subordinate Magistrates ... Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly ...	23,597	117	9,298	11,346	2,470	85	*461	14,651	8·8	60,001	* Includes 5 persons who are in the Lunatic Asylum.
Subordinate Magistrates ... Benches of Magistrates ...	2,832	16	1,470	911	397	...	38	1,702	10·2	5,209	
District and Divisional Magistrate's cases referred under Section 349 Cr. P. Code *	99	...	17	82	...	...	...	60	9·5	227	
Chief Magistrates of Districts	2,175	38	753	893	451	123	‡41	1,285	10·3	6,747	‡ Do. 1 person who is in the Lunatic Asylum.
Courts of Sessions	183	...	69	99	...	...	15	94	55·1	1,107	
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	38,193	217	16,307	17,575	3,473	208	627	23,167	9·8	91,209	

* These figures having been included in the totals for Subordinate Magistrates are not taken into the general total at foot of the Statement.

† The persons shown as "committed for trial" in column 7 are not included in the totals of persons under trial by *Magistrates* in column 2, but are included in the total of persons tried by *Sessions Courts* in the same column.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT 5—(Criminal).

Statement showing the punishments inflicted by the various Criminal Tribunals in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Class of Tribunals.	Persons sentenced to										Detail of punishments.																
				Imprisonment.							Fine.									Imprisonment.					Whipped.			
	Death.	Transportation.	Penal servitude.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Forfeiture of property.	Fine.	Whipping.	Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace; or sureties for good behaviour.	Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.	Rs. 10 and under.	Rs. 50 and under.	Rs. 100 and under.	Rs. 500 and under.	Rs. 1,000 and under.	Above Rs. 1,000.	Total amount of fines imposed during the year.	Total amount of fines realized during the year.	Amount paid by way of compensation.	15 days and under.	6 months and under.	2 years and under.	7 years and under.	Above 7 years.	10 stripes and under.	20 stripes and under.	30 stripes and under.	Number of boys whose sentences were commuted to detention in a reformatory school.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Village officers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Magistrates. Special Magistrates under Section 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Magistrates. Honorary Magistrates sitting singly	...	...	...	975	46	45	3,267	191	10	...	3,113	206	64	1	...	...	19,146	18,659	1,849	176	801	44	...	...	18	75	101	...
Subordinate Magistrates. Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly	...	...	...	4,350	141	155	8,146	1,027	64	96	7,888	1,004	162	17	...	...	69,439	64,149	2,944	400	3,576	514	1	...	123	708	277	...
Subordinate Magistrates. Benches of Magistrates ...	...	...	...	167	11	...	1,130	...	...	...	1,102	36	4	...	...	...	4,157	4,074	349	73	104	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
District and Divisional Magistrates cases referred under Section 349, Criminal Procedure Code* ...	...	...	...	40	...	...	14	32	...	...	12	...	2	...	...	...	258	52	...	1	18	21	...	...	15	8	11	...
Chief Magistrates of Districts ...	...	14	...	769	24	13	356	117	34	51	310	93	55	19	1	..	12,879	8,542	994	25	234	233	287	...	28	65	54	...
Courts of Session	19	39	...	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	7,200	20	20	...	2	13	22	1	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	19	53	...	6,300	222	213	12,899	1,335	108	147	12,413	1,340	285	38	1	1	1,12,821	95,444	6,156	674	4,717	805	310	1	169	848	432	...

* Note.—These figures having been included in the totals for Subordinate Magistrates are not taken into the general total at foot of the statement.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT 5 A (Criminal).

(Prescribed by Government of India, Home Department, No. 13-1005 of 1882.)

SHOWING THE PARTICULARS OF WHIPPING INFLICTED BY THE CRIMINAL TRIBUNALS.

PART I.

Showing whippings inflicted under Sections 2 and 3, Act VI, 1864, in lieu of other punishments.

Offences for which awarded.	Number of stripes awarded.												
	5 and under.		6 to 10.		11 to 15.		16 to 20.		21 to 25.		26 to 30.		Total.
	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
In lieu of other punishments. (Sections 2 and 3, Act VI, 1864).													
1. Theft, as defined in Section 378, I. P. C.	7	...	99	..	304	2	199	2	114	3	83	2	815
1. Theft, as defined in Section 380 „	3	...	23	...	66	...	56	...	55	...	23	1	227
1. Theft, as defined in Section 381 „	...	...	6	...	26	...	32	...	8	...	19	...	91
1. Theft, as defined in Section 382 „	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Extortion as defined in Section 388 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
2. Extortion as defined in Section 389 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property as defined in Section 411 „	...	...	..	..	1	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	6
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property as defined in Section 412 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Lurking house-tres pass, as defined in Section 443 ... „	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
5. Lurking house-trespass by night as defined in Section 444 ... „	1	...	3	...	7	...	4	...	4	...	4	...	23
6. House-breaking, as defined in Section 445 „	...	...	6	...	13	...	18	..	4	...	3	...	44
7. House-breaking by night, as defined in Section 446 ... „	...	...	6	...	15	...	46	...	15	..	18	...	100
8. Offences under Section 14, Act III, 1880 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Prison Act No. 26 of 1870, Section 47 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	1	...	..	...	1
											Total..		1,311

NOTE—Include juveniles punished under any of these heads.

Part II.

Showing whippings inflicted in addition to other punishments, Sections 3 and 4, Act VI. of 1864.

Offences for which awarded.	Number of stripes.						Total.	Remarks.
	5 and under	6 to 10.	11 to 15.	16 to 20	21 to 25.	26 to 30.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
In addition to other punishments (Sections 3 and 4)								
A.—Section 3.								
1. Theft as defined in ... Section 378, I. P. C.	...	2	9	15	18	29	73	
1. Theft as defined in ... Section 380 ,, ...	...	...	4	8	3	5	20	
1. Theft as defined in ... Section 381 ,, ...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	
1. Theft as defined in ... Section 382 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Extortion, as defined in . Section 388 ,, ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Extortion, as defined in . Section 389 ,, ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property, as defined in ... Section 411 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property, as defined in ... Section 412 ,, ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Lurking house-trespass as defined in Section 443 ... ,, ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5. Lurking house-trespass by night, as defined in Section 444 ... ,, ..	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	
6. House-breaking, as defined in Section 445 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	1	..	...	1	
7. House-breaking by night, as defined in Section 446 .. ,, ..	...	...	...	...	3	1	4	
8. Offences under Section 14, Act III, 1880 ... ,, .	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
B.—Section 4.								
1. False evidence, as defined in ... Section 193, I. P. C.	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	
1. False evidence, as defined in ... Section 194 ,, ...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	
1. False evidence, as defined in ... Section 195 ,, .	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. False charge of unnatural offence, as defined in Sections 211 and 377 ... , ..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Assault, as defined in Section 354 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Rape, as defined in Section 375 ... ,, ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
5. Unnatural offence, as defined in Section 377 .. ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6 Robbery, as defined in Section 390 ... ,, ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
7. Dacoity, as defined in Section 391 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8. Attempt at robbery, as defined in Section 393, ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9. Hurt in committing robbery, as defined in Section 394 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10. Receiving stolen property, as defined in Section 413 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in . Section 463 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in . Section 466 ,, ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in . Section 467 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in . Section 468 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in . Section 469 ,, ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in Section 443 ... ,, ...	...	...	1	...	...	4	5	
13. Lurking house-trespass by night, as defined in Section 444 ... ,, ..	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	
14. House-breaking, as defined in Section 445 ... ,, ...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	
15. House-breaking by night, as defined in Section 446 ... ,, ...	...	...	3	3	1	2	9	
						Total ...	120	

PART III.

Showing whippings inflicted under Section 5, Act VI, 1864, on Juveniles for offences other than those specified in Parts I and II.

Offence.	Stripes.												Total.	Remarks.
	5 and under.		6 to 10.		11 to 15		16 to 20		21 to 25		26 to 30			
	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Section 241 I. P. C.	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Altering appearance of the Queen's coin with intent that it shall pass as a coin of a different description ... „ 249, „	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Delivery of Queen's coin possessed with the knowledge that it is altered as defined in „ 251, „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ 285, „	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Voluntarily causing hurt Section 323, „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do grievous hurt Section 325, „	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	1	
Rape Section 376, „	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Unnatural offence Section 377, „	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	..	1	
Theft as defined in ... Section 378, „	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 379, „	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 380, „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 381, „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 387, „	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	
Robbery Section 392, „	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
Dishonest misappropriation of property Section 403, „	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	1	
Criminal breach of trust by a clerk or servant Section 408 „	...	..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	1	
Assisting in concealment of stolen property Section 414, „	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 426, „	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Mischief by killing cattle Section 429, „	...	...	..	...	..	..	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	
Lurking house trespass or house breaking by night as defined in Section 444, „	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
Do. as defined in Section 451, „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
House trespass having made preparation for causing hurt Section 452, „	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Offences under Section 44 Act 4 of 1879 ...	1	...	5	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	7	
												Total ...	18	

Part IV.

Showing relative number of times whipping was awarded as compared with other punishments.

Punishments.	Number.	Remarks.
1	2	3
1 Total number of whippings awarded*	1,440	
2. Total number of other punishments †	19,500	
Percentage of whippings ...	7·4	

* Total of column 14, Parts I and III, and of column 8, Part II.

† Not counting punishments of which whipping was a part, but including all cases in which whipping might have been inflicted.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT 6.—(Criminal.)

Statement showing the result of Appeals and Revision in Criminal Cases in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Tribunal.	Number of Persons											Average number of days during which each appeal lasted.	Remarks.
	Total number of appellants and applicants for revision before the courts.	Died, escaped, or transferred to another Province.	Appeals or applications rejected.	Sentence or order confirmed.	Sentence enhanced.	Sentenced reduced or otherwise altered.	Sentence reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	New trial or further enquiry ordered.	Referred for revision to the High court.	Pending trial.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Appeals.													
To Chief Magistrates of Districts ...	1,218	...	166	609	...	149	272	...	9	...	22	11·6	
„ Courts of Session ...	984	1	257	355	...	133	184	4	13	...	50	22·2	
Superior Courts ... { by persons convicted ...	270	1	108	89	...	29	30	...	2	...	7	23·5	
Superior Courts ... { by Government from judgments of acquittal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ..	2,472	2	531	1,053	...	311	492	4	24	...	79	17·5	
Revision.													
By Chief Magistrates of Districts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ Courts of Session ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ Superior Courts	1,282	1	131	778	8	22	161	7	2	79	174	51·5	
Total ..	1,282	1	131	778	8	22	161	7	2	79	174	51·5	
Grand Total ...	3,754	3	662	1,831	8	333	653	11	26	79	253	26·6	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 7.—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the number and description of Civil Suits instituted in the Civil Courts in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Class of Tribunals.	Suits for money or moveable property.										Suits between landlord and tenant.						Title and other Suits.																Grand Total.
	Contract in writing.	Contract not in writing.	On account stated.	Money lent and received.	Goods sold.	Wages, work and materials.	Breach of contract not mentioned above.	Rent not falling under the Rent Law	Moveable property or the value thereof.	Damages.	Suits for ejectment.	Suits for recovery of possession.	Suits for arrears of rent.	Suits for recovery of a penalty for the levy of anything in excess of rent by a landlord.	Suits for recovering a penalty from a landlord for refusing a receipt or giving a defective receipt.	All other suits between landlord and tenant not included above.	Suits for immoveable property.	Suits for declaratory decrees.	Other suits under the Specific Relief Act	Suits to declare and establish rights to real property including pre-emption, foreclosure, &c.	Suits to declare and establish personal rights	Suits for an account.	Suits relating to religious endowments.	Suits to set aside judgments, contracts or obligations on the ground of fraud.	Suits for dissolution of marriage.	Suits for enforcement of matrimonial rights.	Suits for partitions.	Suits relating to shipping.	Suits relating to religion and caste.	Administration suits.	Interpleader suits.	Dissolution of partnership	Suits under Section 261, Act X. of 1865 (Indian Wills Act).	Other suits not falling under any of the previous heads.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																																	
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																																	
Unpaid Tribunals	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Village Courts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	77,958
Paid Sub-Divisional Tribunals	37,198	15,404	2,18[illegible]	648	6,079	831	2,332	630	4,398	2,424	7	13	5,589	1	13	22	363	10	4	19	11	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	1	11,349
Small Cause Courts	5,160	1,567	550	110	2,781	248	82	181	140	269	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts	2,821	549	249	87	96	20	101	35	244	264	342	1,081	153	8	1	37	1,003	206	68	650	33	45	3	77	20	385	16	..	..	12	2	..	56	11,670
Chief Courts of Districts	37	9	9	2	2	...	..	..	3	5	3	1	7	..	..	5	45	10	..	40	2	3	..	5	..	20	..	..	..	..	12	1	..	3	216
Total	45,216	17,729	3,018	837	8,958	1,111	2,315	906	4,719	2,992	352	1,095	5,749	9	14	64	4,417	226	72	691	48	48	3	84	20	405	16	..	..	12	3	..	64	1,01,193
II.—REVENUE COURTS.																																	
Unpaid Local Tribunals	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Subordinate Courts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
District Courts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																																	
Presidency Small Cause Courts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Superior Courts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total	45,216	17,729	3,018	837	8,958	1,111	2,315	906	4,719	2,992	352	1,095	5,749	9	14	64	4,417	226	72	691	48	48	3	84	20	405	16	..	..	12	3	..	64	1,01,193

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 8.—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing number and value of suits instituted in the Civil and Revenue Courts in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Value of suits.	Number of suits instituted in the different Courts.									Total value of suits.	Remarks.
	Not exceeding Rs. 10.	Rs. 50. Do.	Rs. 100. Do.	Rs. 500. Do.	Rs. 1,000. Do.	Rs. 5,000. Do.	Rs. 10,000. Do.	Exceeding Rs. 10,000.	Number of suits the value of which cannot be estimated in money.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.											
I.—CIVIL COURTS.											
Unpaid Tribunals	.....	.....	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Village Courts...	.....	.....	... ..	.....	.. ...	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Paid Sub-Divisional Tribunals	22,548	41,387	9,234	4,789	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25,84,925	
Small Cause Courts	3,870	5,337	1,189	912	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,28,280	
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts ...	1,559	2,767	2,039	4,011	787	481	18	8	.....	29,56,686	
Chief Courts of Districts	6	12	26	10	5	114	29	14	.....	28,72,985	
Total ...	27,983	49,503	12,488	9,722	833	595	47	22	.....	88,42,876	
II.—REVENUE COURTS.											
Unpaid Tribunals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ..	.....	.....	.....	
Other subordinate Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Collectors' Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.											
Presidency Small Cause Courts...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Superior Courts...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Grand Total ...	27,983	49,503	12,488	9,722	833	595	47	22	.....	88,42,876	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 9—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the general result of the trial of Civil and Revenue cases in the Courts of original jurisdiction in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

PART I.—CIVIL SUITS.

Class of Courts.	Total number of suits before the Courts.	Number of suits disposed of										Pending at the close of the year.	No. of cases pending more than 3 months at the close of the year.	Average duration of suits.		Remarks.
		Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Without trial.	Without contest.				On reference to arbitration.		With contest.						
				Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed *ex parte*.	Dismissed *ex parte*.	For plaintiff.	For defendant	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or in part.	Judgment for defendant.			Contested.	Uncontested.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																
Unpaid Tribunals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Village Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Paid Sub-Divisional Tribunals	83,299	.....	16,514	9,333	17,541	12,639	799	82	10	14,977	5,119	6,377	41	41·5	28·8	
Small Cause Courts	11,920	.....	1,864	1,304	2,502	2,374	79	7	5	2,283	697	817	2	22·3	19·4	
District Courts, other than Chief Courts of Districts	12,807	.....	2,224	826	1,331	1,192	101	47	4	3,625	1,896	1,612	83	60·1	40·4	
Chief Courts of Districts	246	.....	8	13	25	12	.....	2	.....	100	34	34	4	75·2	45·0	
Total ...	108,272	.....	20,630	11,476	21,399	16,217	979	138	19	20,985	7,746	8,840	130	43·3	28·7	
II.—REVENUE COURTS.																
Unpaid Local Tribunals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Other Subordinate Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
District Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																
Presidency Small Cause Courts ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Superior Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Grand Total ...	108,272	.....	20,630	11,476	21,399	16,217	979	138	19	20,985	7,746	8,840	130	43·3	28·7	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 9.—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the general result of the trial of Civil and Revenue cases in the Courts of original jurisdiction in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

PART II.—MISCELLANEOUS CASES (JUDICIAL.)

Class of Courts.	Total number of cases before the Courts.	Number of cases disposed of.										Pending at the close of the year.	Number of cases pending more than 3 months at the close of the year.	Average duration of cases.		Remark.
		Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Without trial.	Without contest.				On reference to arbitration.		With contest.						
				Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed ex-parte.	Dismissed ex-parte.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or in part.	Judgment for defendant.			Contested.	Uncontested.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																
Unpaid Tribunals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.. ..	
Village Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.. ...	
Paid Sub-divisional Tribunals...	4,940	.....	1,189	157	506	635	211	19	3	1,295	690	236	.....	27·8	19·1	
Small Cause Courts	468	.....	227	8	1	4	15	3	2	96	94	18	.....	23·3	6·9	
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts.	1,711	.....	478	21	103	186	87	.....	.....	440	235	101	.....	35·5	22·6	
Chief Courts of Districts	202	.....	67	1	3	16	19	1	2	37	46	10	4	50 1	20 8	
Total ...	7,321	.....	1,960	187	673	841	332	23	7	1,868	1,065	365	4	29·9	18·7	
II.—REVENUE COURTS.																
Unpaid Local Tribunals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Other Subordinate Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
District Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																
Presidency Small Cause Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Superior Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Grand Total ...	7,321	.....	1,960	187	673	841	332	23	7	1,868	1,065	365	4	29·9	18·7	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 10.—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the business of the Civil and Revenue Appellate Courts of the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

PART I.—APPEALS.

Class of Courts.	Total number of appeals before the Courts.	Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Appeals summarily rejected.	Dismissed for default or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard *ex parte*.				Contested.				Pending.	Of those pending more than 3 months.	Average duration of appeals.	Objections under Section 561, Act XIV of 1882.
					Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																
APPEALS FROM ORIGINAL DECREES.																
A.—CIVIL COURTS.																
Chief Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of District...																
Chief Appellate Courts of Districts	1,016	...	15	47	14	3	10	40	439	105	167	51	125	7	35·1	6
Superior Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of Province	3,710	...	463	201	88	23	65	50	1,406	344	534	155	381	3	36·8	7
	848	...	5	24	15	2	4	2	357	72	120	35	212	79	109·8	9
Total ...	5,574	...	483	272	117	28	79	92	2,202	521	821	241	718	89	48·0	22
B.—REVENUE COURTS.																
Collector's Appellate Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commissioner's Appellate Courts.	278	...	3	12	4	4	2	..	149	25	55	13	11	1	109·8	2
Total ...	278	...	3	12	4	4	2	...	149	25	55	13	11	1	109·8	2
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																
Chief Court of Province — Appeals from original decrees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief Court of Province — Appeals from appellate do., Civil ...	644	...	188	10	11	2	14	5	149	31	69	22	143	21	73·7	...
Chief Court of Province — Appeals from appellate do., Revenue ...	63	...	22	1	1	...	...	...	13	3	11	3	9	1	70·5	...
Total ...	707	...	210	11	12	2	14	5	162	34	80	25	152	22	73·4	...
Grand Total ...	6,559	...	696	295	133	34	95	97	2,513	580	956	279	881	112	53·3	24

NOTE.—The revenue appeals in the Commissioner's Courts have been shown under "B—Revenue Courts."

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 10.—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the business of the Civil and Revenue Appellate Courts of the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

PART II.—MISCELLANEOUS APPEALS. (JUDICIAL.)

Class of Courts.	Total number of appeals before the Courts.	Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Appeals summarily rejected.	Dismissed for default or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard *ex parte*.				Contested.				Pending.	Of those pending more than 3 months.	Average duration of appeals.	Objections under Section 561 Act XIV of 1882.
					Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																
APPEALS FROM ORIGINAL DECREES.																
A.—CIVIL COURTS.																
Chief Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of District ...	36	...	...	3	2	...	...	3	7	1	5	12	3	...	35·3	...
Chief Appellate Courts of Districts	176	...	4	8	29	1	15	5	38	3	35	23	15	...	29·4	...
Superior Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of Province ...	76	...	4	2	...	...	2	...	27	3	10	12	16	...	79·6	...
Total ...	288	...	8	13	31	1	17	8	72	7	50	47	34	...	43·6	...
B.—REVENUE COURTS.																
Collector's Appellate Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commissioner's Appellate Courts	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	71·5	...
Total ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	71·5	...
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																
Chief Court of Province... { Appeals from original decrees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Appeals from appellate do. ...	45	...	2	...	10	...	1	2	4	...	5	12	9	2	77·5	...
Total ...	45	...	2	...	10	...	1	2	4	...	5	12	9	2	77·6	...
Grand Total ...	335	...	10	13	41	1	19	10	77	7	55	59	43	2	47·9	...

NOTE.—The revenue appeals in the Commissioner's Appellate Courts have been shown under "B.—Revenue Courts"

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 11—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the result of proceedings on applications for the execution of the decrees of the Civil and Revenue Courts in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Class of Courts.	Total number of applications for the execution of decrees before the courts.	Applications disposed of				Pending at the end of the year.	Number of applications pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Amounts realized.		Number of applications.										
		By transfer.	Satisfaction obtained in full.	Satisfaction obtained in part.	Wholly infructuous.			With the issue of processes.	Without the issue of processes.	On which the judgment debtor was imprisoned.	On which he was arrested but released without imprisonment	On which moveable property— Was sold.	On which moveable property— Was attached but subsequently released.	On which immoveable property. Was sold.	On which immoveable property. Was dealt with under Sections 305, 322 or 326, Act XIV of 1882.	On which immoveable property. Was attached but subsequently released under Section 275.	On which possession was given. Of moveables.	On which possession was given. Of immoveables.	On which specific performance was enforced.	On which partition was effected.	On which execution was otherwise than as in the preceding columns.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																					
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																					
Unpaid Tribunals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Village Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paid Sub-divisional Tribunals	50,627	1,026	12,242	9,651	21,888	5,820	127	4,67,822	26,209	301	1,737	3,556	5,063	2,574	270	3,257	26	175	...	...	...
Small Cause Courts	8,472	797	1,669	1,601	3,634	781	59	54,321	1,828	105	488	479	443	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	2
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts	11,082	351	2,928	2,398	3,917	1,488	107	4,03,964	23,295	94	229	733	831	501	221	800	59	1,433	10	...	9
Chief Courts of Districts	254	24	79	48	69	34	10	60,528	6,212	1	9	23	19	12	14	20	6	31	1	...	...
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	70,435	2,198	16,918	13,698	29,498	8,123	303	9,86,635	57,544	501	2,463	4,791	6,356	3,087	505	4,077	91	1,639	11	..	11
II.—REVENUE COURTS.																					
Unpaid Local Tribunals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Other Subordinate Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	..
District Courts	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	...
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																					
Presidency Small Cause Courts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...
Grand Total ...	70,435	2,198	16,918	13,698	29,498	8,123	303	9,86,635	57,544	501	2,463	4,791	6,356	3,087	505	4,077	91	1,639	11	...	11

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 12.—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the number and result of applications and proceedings under Chapter XX., Act XIV of 1882, in the Central Provinces, in the year 1884.

CLASS OF COURTS.	Applications for a declaration of Insolvency.								Number of insolvents discharged during the year under Section 355.	Number of insolvents' estates in the hands of receivers in which proceedings were finally closed during the year.	Amount of creditors' claims dealt with during the year.		Gross amounts of insolvency assets realized and disbursed.		REMARKS.
	Total number for hearing.	Transferred to another Province, withdrawn, &c.	Granted.		Rejected.			Pending at the close of the year.			Admitted.	Satisfied.	Realized during the year.	Disbursed during the year.	
			A receiver being appointed.	A receiver not being appointed.	Penal proceedings under Section 350, not being taken.	Sentence of imprisonment being passed under Section 359.	Applicant being sent to the Magistrate to be dealt with.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Courts other than Chief Courts of District...	111	56	5	23	11	...	...	16	13	5	16,293	3,868	1,727	1,757	
Chief Courts of District	107	24	10	20	30	...	...	23	...	5	134,469	8,646	521	558	
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	218	80	15	43	41	...	...	39	13	10	150,762	12,514	2,248	2,315	

Statement showing use of Juries and Assessors in the Civil and

Class of Courts in which Jurors or Assessors are employed; distinguishing Criminal from Civil Courts.		Established or average number of Jury or Assessors in each case and prescribed qualifications.	Number of cases tried by Jury.	Number of cases tried with Assessors.	Jury		
					Cases in which the Judge approved of the verdict.	Cases in which Judge did not approve of the verdict.	
						Wholly.	Partially.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
I.—Civil Courts.							
Chief Courts of Districts (or officer specially empowered) acting under Act X of 1870.	Assessors ...		...	...	...	...	...
II.—Criminal Courts.							
Magistrates' Courts under Chapter XXXIX, C. P. C.	Jurors ...		...	...	...	...	...
Courts of Session ...	Jurors ...	Two assessors in each case. The prescribed qualifications are education and good character.	...	..	...	...	...
	Assessors ...		...	92	...	...	...
High Court, Original Criminal Jurisdiction.	Jurors ...		...	...		...	...
	Total ...		...	92	..	...	...

No. 13.—(Civil and Criminal.)

Criminal Courts in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

trials.		Assessors' trials.			
Number of persons of the verdict in respect to whom the Judge disapproved.		Number of cases in which Judge agreed with assessors.	Number of cases in which Judge differed from.		Remarks.
Whose cases he referred under Section 307, C. P. C.	Whose cases he did not refer under Section 307, C. P. C.		One assessor.	Both assessors.	
8	9	10	11	12	13
...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	69	3	20	
...	...	...	...	—	
...	...	69	3	20	

STATEMENT showing the general result of the trial of European

Description of Offence.	Number of persons accused and brought before a Magistrate							Died, escaped or transferred to other Provinces.	Number actually brought to trial.	Persons whose cases									
	Remaining at the close of the previous year.	Within the year.								By District Magistrates and other 1st class Magistrates							By Courts of Session.		
		On complaint Section 191 (a) Criminal Procedure Code.	On police report, Section 191 (b) of the Code.	By Magistrate *Suo Motu* Section 191 (c) of the Code.	On transfer from another Province.	Total.				Received by transfer under Section 451 B of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Committed. To Court of Session.	Committed. To High Court.	Transferred by order under Section 451 B. of the Code.	Total omitting entries in columns 10 and 15.	Received by transfer under Section 451 B. of the Code	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Transferred to High Court under Section 449 of the Code.	Total exclusive of column 17.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Offences against the State, Chapter VI. of the Indian Penal Code.	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
Offences relating to the Army and Navy Chapter VII.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
Ditto against the public tranquillity Chapter VIII.	...	..	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	.	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...
Ditto by or relating to public servants, Chapter IX.	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	..	...	...
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants, Chapter X.	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	..	..	..	...	..
False evidence and offences against public justice Chapter XI.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	..	..	..	...	...
Offences relating to coin and Government Stamps, Chapter XII.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	..	...	...
Offences relating to weights and measures, Chapter XIII,	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	...	..
Offences affecting the public health, safety convenience, decency and morals, Chapter XIV,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	..	...	..
Offences relating to religion, Chapter XV.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	..	...	..
Offences affecting the human body Chapter XVI. — Offences affecting life	..	...	1	...	...	1	..	1	..	1	...	...	...	...	1	..	..	..	...	...
Causing of miscarriage, injuries to unborn children, exposure of infants, and the concealment of births	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	...	..
Hurt	..	1	...	...	...	1	..	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	..	..	...	...
Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement	..	..	...	..	..	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	...	..	..	...	...
Criminal force and assault	...	4	1	...	...	5	...	5	...	1	4	...	...	...	5	...	..	..	...	..
Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery and forced labour	...	.	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	...	...
Rape	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	...	..
Unnatural offence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	...	..
Offences against property, Chapter XVII. — Theft	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	..
Extortion	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	...	..
Robbery and dacoity	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	...	...
Criminal misappropriation of property	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	..
Criminal breach of trust	..	1	...	...	...	1	..	1	...	...	1	...	..	...	1	..	.	..	...	..
Receiving of stolen property	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	...	...
Cheating	..	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...
Fraudulent deeds and disposession of property	.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	.	...	...	.	.	...	...
Mischief	..	1	...	...	...	1	..	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	..	.	.	...	...
Criminal trespass	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	...	..
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks Chapter XVIII.	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
Criminal breach of contracts of service, Chapter XIX	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...		..	...	...
Offences relating to marriage, Chapter XX.	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...		.	...	..
Defamation, Chapter XXI.	...	...	...	. .	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..		.	...	...
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance Chapter XXII.	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	...		..	...	...
Offences under special and local laws	...	1	2	...	...	3	...	3	...	1	2	...	...	...	3	..	..	.	...	...
Total	...	11	4	...	...	15	...	15	...	7	8	...	...	...	15	...	...	..	...	...

No. 14.—(Criminal.)

British Subjects in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

were disposed of.							Number of cases.					
By High Court.			Total for all Courts.									
Convicted.	Acquitted.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Total.	Number of persons under trial at the close of the year.	Brought to trial.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Number of persons who applied to the High Court for an order under Section 456 of the Code.	Of those entered in column 5 number who applied under Section 2 Act III of 1884 for transfer or committal of their cases.	Number of persons who applied to the High Court under Section 526 of the Code for the transfer of their cases.
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	4	5	...	3	3	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

B. 7.—Registration.

Statement of Deeds registered in the Registration districts of the Central Provinces, for the year 1884-85.

Districts.	Registrations affecting immoveable property, Book I.																							
	Compulsory.																Optional.							
	Number of Registration offices.		Instruments of gift, Section 17 (clause a.)		Instruments of sale of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.		Instruments of mortgage of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.		Other instruments registered under Section 17, (clauses b and c.)		Perpetual leases Section 17, (clause d)		All leases other than perpetual leases which have been compulsorily registered under Section 17, (clause f)		Total of compulsory registrations.		Ordinary fees paid for the same.				Instruments of sale of the value of less than Rs. 100.		Instruments of mortgage of the value of less than Rs. 100.		Other instruments registered under Section 18, (clauses a and b.)		Leases for one year or less (Section 18, clause e) and leases exempted under the proviso in Section 17.	
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10				11		12		13		14	
	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.			1884-85.								
Inspector General's Office. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....			.....								
Nagpur ...	7	7	75	37	657	640	1,225	1,312	56	36	26	32	189	230	2,228	2,347	4,149	4	0	4,407	12	0	962	781	728	767	19	20	3	4
Bhandara ...	4	4	8	15	76	97	234	319	9	8	11	11	43	71	381	521	847	0	0	1,061	12	0	45	58	104	85	2	1	..	1
Wardha ...	4	5	42	41	179	243	699	697	35	51	23	39	599	332	1,478	1,403	2,797	0	0	2,733	4	0	71	101	102	120	11	8	2	...
Chanda ...	7	7	18	21	30	42	189	213	2	2	1	1	14	53	254	332	449	4	0	506	12	0	22	28	71	77	...	...	...	1
Balaghat ...	3	3	4	6	14	20	58	76	6	1	4	2	13	26	90	131	369	0	0	379	8	0	15	14	8	7	...	3	...	...
Jubbulpore ...	4	4	72	69	259	305	669	559	96	138	15	18	710	750	1,821	1,839	3,691	4	0	3,220	4	0	119	135	92	103	8	5	99	188
Saugor ...	5	5	25	20	94	146	286	290	19	11	2	2	213	213	639	672	1,316	4	0	1,360	12	0	61	40	56	43	8	3	55	6
Narsinghpur ..	4	4	29	34	130	154	781	651	17	36	5	9	344	321	1,306	1,205	2,905	4	0	2,873	8	0	90	84	189	182	5	4	9	19
Hoshangabad ...	5	5	29	29	294	219	931	543	66	52	32	53	219	146	1,571	1,042	4,668	4	0	2,809	0	0	81	64	81	55	6	8	32	40
Seoni ...	3	3	4	16	62	45	191	147	23	21	..	2	150	209	420	442	1,025	8	0	900	0	0	18	9	18	17	12	7	...	...
Betul ...	3	3	8	13	61	75	234	278	4	7	10	10	12	20	336	403	613	0	0	680	4	0	32	35	80	49	4	2	...	...
Damoh ...	3	3	35	27	65	69	143	125	13	12	7	1	241	130	504	364	759	0	0	561	8	0	31	33	28	37	9	3	12	13
Mandla ...	3	3	...	9	31	22	106	74	2	...	...	...	11	34	150	139	318	12	0	259	4	0	8	13	12	20	...	...	...	...
Chhindwara ...	3	3	8	9	133	191	355	337	74	57	76	95	453	114	1,093	823	1,319	12	0	1,524	12	0	107	111	127	125	16	18	126	175
Nimar ...	4	4	16	22	388	432	634	638	12	20	6	2	212	355	1,268	1,529	2,020	8	0	2,334	4	0	123	157	53	61	1	4	6	10
Raipur ...	5	5	12	14	88	108	137	193	19	20	...	3	38	46	294	384	1,040	0	0	1,393	8	0	29	39	22	23	1	2	2	2
Bilaspur ...	4	4	6	12	28	52	64	58	6	2	2	4	157	205	263	333	376	0	0	582	4	0	13	18	12	13	...	1	...	...
Sambalpur ...	3	3	7	10	36	30	61	69	9	4	5	8	9	8	127	129	304	8	0	307	0	0	20	16	36	22	2	...	...	...
Total ...	74	75	398	466	2,625	2,950	6,987	6,589	468	478	219	292	3,535	3,263	14,232	14,038	28,960	8	0	27,895	4	0	1,847	1,736	1,819	1,806	104	89	348	464

7.—Registration Continued.

Districts.	Registrations affecting immoveable property, Book I.—(Contd.)												Registrations affecting moveable property, Book IV.					
	Optional—(Contd.)																	
	Awards Section 18, (Clause *f*.)		Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of Court.		Certified copies of decrees and orders of Court.		Total of optional registrations relating to immoveable property		Ordinary fees paid for the same.		Total value of immoveable property transferred.		Instruments of sale, &c., of moveable property, Section 18, (Clause *e*.)		Obligations for the payment of money Section 18, (Clause *f*.)		All other documents registered under Section 18, (Clauses *d*. and *f*.)		Total of registrations in Book IV.	
	15		16		17		18		19		20		21		22		23		24	
	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.
									Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a.								
Inspector General's Office.	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	.....	... ..	... ..	... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagpur ...	..	...	3	14	3	13	1,718	1,599	1,105 4 0	628 0 0	10,98,009 3 6	13,04,627 9 8	253	203	28	26	495	479	776	708
Bhandara ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	151	146	56 4 0	59 12 0	1,82,166 9 6	2,71,807 7 8	22	29	8	2	143	188	173	219
Wardha ...	...	...	...	6	2	...	158	235	73 4 0	126 0 0	5,76,242 13 10	8,32,102 14 10	38	57	12	5	189	244	239	306
Chanda ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	93	107	43 12 0	46 12 0	87,671 0 0	1,03,012 0 0	14	26	48	83	83	103	140	162
Balaghat ...	...	...	...	..	...	...	24	24	9 4 0	9 0 0	1,00,417 11 8	94,789 1 4	1	2	6	9	43	45	50	56
Jubbulpore ...	...	...	5	14	...	...	343	440	121 12 0	178 12 0	10,37,867 1 4	8,92,403 4 3	10	21	31	25	220	258	261	304
Saugor ...	...	...	3	6	...	...	183	98	75 12 0	59 4 0	3,63,707 14 1	3,31,953 13 1	5	8	11	9	128	115	144	132
Narsinghpur ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	293	299	114 0 0	114 0 0	7,82,811 1 7	9,20,693 1 10	42	39	98	61	178	146	318	246
Hoshangabad ..	2	4	39	48	...	2	241	221	341 8 0	436 12 0	15,28,585 5 7	8,57,313 1 11	134	107	18	24	449	394	601	525
Seoni ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	33	18 0 0	13 4 0	2,33,270 7 10	2,08,388 7 6	2	7	11	15	129	158	142	180
Betul ..	...	...	..	...	...	...	116	86	44 4 0	33 4 0	1,46,359 14 4	1,43,729 9 3	17	20	2	3	73	74	92	97
Damoh ..	...	1	...	...	...	...	80	87	28 4 0	8) 0 0	1,67,804 7 2	1,97,208 13 1	2	2	24	14	70	50	96	66
Mandla ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	20	31	6 4 0	16 12 0	78,267 14 6	54,134 11 6	...	1	9	6	17	15	26	22
Chhindwara ...	1	...	...	...	1	3	378	432	128 12 0	130 0 0	2,70,976 0 8	3,31,573 2 6	34	45	5	6	151	171	190	222
Nimar ...	...	...	1	2	...	...	184	234	77 12 0	102 8 0	4,01,760 4 11	4,74,368 15 8	55	38	20	50	158	177	233	265
Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	63	18 8 0	37 12 0	3,10,266 12 5	3,39,754 8 8	6	4	11	20	171	189	188	213
Bilaspur ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	32	9 4 0	14 4 0	69,315 7 2	1,44,061 13 4	3	5	4	5	108	118	115	128
Sambalpur ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	58	38	30 8 0	14 12 0	67,163 12 5	64,870 7 1	3	2	11	9	27	24	41	35
Total ..	3	5	51	93	6	19	4,178	4,202	2,302 4 0	2,085 12 0	75,05,663 14 9	76,19,793 15 2	641	616	352	322	2,832	2,948	3,825	3,836

Districts.	Registrations affecting moveable property, Book IV.—Contd.				Number of sealed covers deposited in Book V.		Number of wills registered in Book III, Section 18 (Clause c.)		Number of written authorities to adopt other than those conferred by wills, Books III.		Number of registrations under Section 24.		Number of registrations under Section 34.	
	Ordinary fees paid for the same.													
24	25				26		27		28		29		30	
	1883-84.		1884-85.		1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.											
Inspector General's Office..	.....		.....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagpur ...	1,104 8 0		1,066 0 0		1	2	37	36	...	3	18	10	11	20
Bhandara ...	337 4 0		340 4 0		1	1	13	9	1	...	1	...	1	1
Wardha ...	366 0 0		485 4 0			2	14	13	...	2	3	4	1	4
Chanda ...	217 12 0		243 8 0		...	...	4	1	2	2	...	1	...	...
Balaghat ...	99 8 0		107 8 0		...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore ...	678 12 0		664 0 0		2	1	12	16	...	...	4	3	7	5
Saugor ...	290 12 0		277 4 0		...	1	21	17	...	...	3	11	...	11
Narsinghpur ...	541 12 0		440 12 0		...	...	1	1	...	...	2	4	...	2
Hoshangabad ...	1,071 8 0		1,013 8 0		...	1	8	12	...	1	4	3	3	2
Seoni ...	272 12 0		400 8 0		...	...	5	7	...	...	1	...	2	...
Betul ...	148 8 0		150 8 0		...	...	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Damoh ...	177 12 0		111 0 0		...	...	2	4	...	...	1	6	6	4
Mandla ...	49 8 0		57 12 0		1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Chhindwara ...	314 0 0		332 4 0		...	...	2	7	...	...	4	1	4	8
Nimar ...	401 12 0		421 12 0		...	...	8	14	...	...	3	6	17	15
Raipur ...	370 4 0		440 4 0		...	...	9	8	...	...	2	...	...	1
Bilaspur ...	239 0 0		253 0 0		1	...	3	3	1	...	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur ...	78 4 0		66 0 0		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	6,759 8 0		6,811 0 0		6	8	141	155	6	8	46	49	52	73

7.—Registration Continued.

Number of refusals to register.		Number of powers of Attorney attested.		Number of searches or applications for copies.		Total ordinary fees including the entries in Columns 10, 19 and 25, and the total fees paid for registration unde Columns 27 and 28.		Total other receipts.		Total expenditure.	
31		32		33		34		35		36	
1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.
...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.. ...	.....	.....	9,011 0 9	11,504 14 3
43	33	261	280	288	326	6,435 0 0	6,119 12 0	6,838 10 3	6,667 11 0	4,095 12 11	4,239 5 3
1	4	76	123	84	118	1,266 8 0	1,470 12 0	1,526 6 10	1,819 6 0	1,015 14 3	1,085 6 0
10	10	74	99	177	196	3,270 4 0	3,368 8 0	2,716 15 3	2,968 4 0	1,495 9 6	1,897 11 9
8	2	76	96	28	73	720 12 0	803 0 0	918 9 6	1,143 12 6	497 9 7	941 6 6
2	5	51	43	15	38	468 12 0	496 0 0	319 14 6	409 0 0	267 11 5	321 1 6
16	26	109	137	193	205	4,515 12 0	4,095 0 0	2,610 13 6	2,590 15 6	1,868 10 10	2,285 15 10
6	9	54	50	114	87	1,724 12 0	1,731 4 0	1,322 15 3	1,308 14 0	948 11 4	1,032 8 9
9	14	76	77	169	166	3,563 0 0	3,430 4 0	1,943 10 0	1,862 07	1,618 2 2	1,999 13 4
14	8	126	122	384	431	6,097 4 0	4,285 4 0	3,322 12 6	2,769 8 0	1,929 9 0	2,166 6 7
4	...	56	81	29	43	1,326 4 0	1,327 12 0	1,009 10 2	1,082 11 6	646 1 6	470 6 5
2	1	58	50	86	107	807 12 0	879 0 0	759 15 6	868 5 6	723 3 4	096 4 9
8	2	46	38	60	46	971 0 0	760 8 0	888 12 6	671 3 0	733 10 7	689 4 6
...	...	24	41	11	10	376 8 0	333 12 0	253 15 3	281 12 0	124 3 7	290 0 5
5	7	58	58	92	132	1,766 8 0	2,001 0 0	1,169 8 1	1,310 7 8	908 8 3	973 3 8
27	19	60	66	79	89	2,518 0 0	2,886 8 9	2,270 4 0	2,385 9 0	1,419 12 6	2,053 10 3
5	3	89	102	59	68	1,446 12 0	1,887 8 0	1,153 15 6	1,498 5 0	655 4 11	1,239 4 1
1	10	60	65	25	47	632 0 0	857 0 0	605 9 6	791 11 0	570 9 6	871 13 11
4	2	25	23	14	24	413 4 0	387 12 0	584 2 9	504 5 0	456 15 7	527 2 8
165	155	1,379	1,501	1,907	2,197	38,320 0 0	37,120 8 0	30,216 8 10	30,934 3 8	28,987 1 6	35,765 12 5

Showing the distribution of the prisoners of all classes confined in the

1	2	3	4			5			6		
Station.	Place of confinement	Classes of prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.		
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Nagpur ...	Central Jail ...	Convicts ...	613	48	661	776	75	851	1,389	123	1,512
		Under trial ...	12	..	12	270	25	295	282	25	307
		Civil ...	11	2	13	78	10	88	89	12	101
Jubbulpore ...	,, ...	Convicts ...	994	50	1,044	703	46	749	1,697	96	1,793
		Under trial ..	3	...	3	304	11	315	307	11	318
		Civil ..	4	...	4	81	4	85	85	4	89
Raipur ...	,, ...	Convicts ...	605	48	653	773	134	907	1,378	182	1,560
		Under trial ...	5	1	6	223	13	236	228	14	242
		Civil ...	...	1	1	39	1	40	39	2	41
Saugor ...	District Jail 1st, class	Convicts ...	95	7	102	373	65	438	468	72	540
		Under trial ...	4	...	4	208	18	226	212	18	230
		Civil ...	1	1	2	18	2	20	19	3	22
Bhandara ...	,, 2nd class ...	Convicts ...	60	8	68	338	35	373	398	43	441
		Under trial ...	6	..	6	213	25	238	219	25	244
		Civil .	...	...	...	23	...	23	23	...	23
Chanda .	,, ...	Convicts ...	45	7	52	251	42	293	296	49	345
		Under trial ...	3	...	3	75	6	81	78	6	84
		Civil ...	5	...	5	25	...	25	30	...	30
Wardha ...	,, ...	Convicts ..	31	1	32	137	21	158	168	22	190
		Under trial ...	6	...	6	80	13	93	86	13	99
		Civil ...	5	...	5	37	...	37	42	...	42
Balaghat .	,, ...	Convicts ...	35	4	39	203	24	227	238	28	266
		Under trial ..	10	1	11	110	14	124	120	15	135
		Civil ...	...	...	...	13	...	13	13	...	13
Sironcha ...	,,	Convicts ..	6	2	8	37	7	44	43	9	52
		Under trial ..	..	...	...	18	5	23	18	5	23
		Civil ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Damoh ...	,, ...	Convicts ..	23	4	27	156	20	176	179	24	203
		Under trial ..	...	...	...	95	7	102	95	7	102
		Civil ...	...	...	...	8	...	8	8	...	8
Seoni ...	,, ...	Convicts ...	63	9	72	181	23	204	244	32	276
		Under trial ..	12	...	12	143	13	156	155	13	168
		Civil ...	...	...	...	8	1	9	8	1	9
Mandla ...	,, ...	Convicts ..	35	3	38	214	26	240	249	29	278
		Under trial ...	4	...	4	67	5	72	71	5	76
		Civil ..	...	...	...	4	...	4	4	...	4
Chhindwara ...	,, ...	Convicts ..	38	3	41	176	16	192	214	19	233
		Under trial ...	...	...	...	89	6	95	89	6	95
		Civil ..	6	1	7	38	3	41	44	4	48
Betul ...	,, ...	Convicts ...	60	2	62	173	18	191	233	20	253
		Under trial ...	3	...	3	96	4	100	99	4	103
		Civil ...	...	...	...	8	1	9	8	1	9
Hoshangabad ...	,, ...	Convicts ...	118	11	129	391	26	417	509	37	546
		Under trial ...	10	...	10	128	10	138	138	10	148
		Civil ...	4	...	4	49	4	53	53	4	57
Narsinghpur ...	,, ...	Convicts ...	76	5	81	298	31	329	374	36	410
		Under trial ...	1	...	1	151	14	165	152	14	166
		Civil ...	2	...	2	79	3	82	81	3	84
Nimar ...	,, ...	Convicts ...	44	1	45	262	20	282	306	21	327
		Under trial ...	2	...	2	190	8	198	192	8	200
		Civil ...	1	1	2	52	2	54	53	3	56
Sambalpur ...	,, ...	Convicts ...	114	5	119	458	63	521	572	68	640
		Under trial ...	4	...	4	219	24	243	223	24	247
		Civil ..	2	...	2	26	2	28	28	2	30
Bilaspur ...	,, ...	Convicts ...	91	10	101	314	26	340	405	36	441
		Under trial ...	21	2	23	310	31	341	331	33	364
		Civil ...	1	...	1	18	2	20	19	2	21
	Total ...	Convicts ...	3,146	228	3,374	6,214	718	6,932	9,360	946	10,306
		Under trial ...	106	4	110	2,989	252	3,241	3,095	256	3,351
		Civil ...	42	6	48	604	35	639	646	41	687
		Grand total ...	3,294	238	3,532	9,807	1,005	10,812	13,101	1,243	14,344

Summary.

Jails and Lock-ups of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

7			8			9.			10		
Discharged from all causes.			Remaining at the end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.		
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
716	77	793	673	46	719	636·27	44·03	680·30			
276	25	301	6	...	6	8·07	0·45	8·52			
86	12	98	3	...	3	6·69	0·63	7·32	651 03	45·11	696·14
814	52	886	883	44	927	940·46	46·24	986·70			
297	11	308	10	...	10	7·41	0·28	7·69			
83	4	87	2	...	2	3·13	0·32	3·45	951·00	46·84	997·84
868	157	1,025	519	25	585	559·67	35 86	595·53			
221	13	234	7	1	8	7·50	0·43	7·93			
30	2	38	3	...	3	2·25	0·33	2·58	560·42	36·62	606·04
378	59	437	90	13	103	90·64	9 41	100·05			
204	17	221	8	1	9	5·40	0·28	5·68			
19	3	22	...	...	...	0·87	0·16	1 03	96·91	9 85	106·76
283	37	320	115	6	121	61·59	4·84	66·43			
207	24	231	12	1	13	3·86	0.25	4·11			
22	...	22	1	..	1	2·08	...	2 08	67·53	5·09	72·62
258	46	304	38	3	41	34·91	5·37	40 28			
78	6	84	...	...	...	3 97	0 07	4·04			
29	...	29	1	...	1	2·51	...	2·51	41·39	5·44	46·83
136	19	155	32	3	35	26·60	2 75	29·35			
82	11	93	4	2	6	3·33	0 33	3·66			
41	...	41	1	...	1	2 49	...	2·49	32 42	3·08	35·50
206	22	228	32	6	38	37·70	2·23	39·93			
117	15	132	3	...	3	3·67	0 36	4·03			
12	...	12	1	...	1	0 52	...	0·52	41·89	2·59	44·48
40	9	49	3	...	3	7 01	1·17	8·18			
15	5	20	3	...	3	2 02	0 07	2·09			
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	9·03	1·24	10 27
141	21	162	38	3	41	31 27	5·56	36·83			
90	7	97	5	...	5	2·35	0·04	2·39			
8	...	8	...	...	..	0 63	...	0·63	34 25	5·60	39·85
209	29	238	35	3	38	54·88	5·38	60·26			
142	13	155	13	...	13	8 03	0·18	8 21			
8	1	9	...	...	...	0·29	0·02	0·31	63·20	5·58	68·78
204	24	228	45	5	50	42·70	3·21	45·91			
61	5	66	10	...	10	1·37	0·05	1·42			
4	...	4	..	...	...	0 09	...	0·09	44·16	3·26	47·42
155	17	172	59	2	61	31·17	2 94	34·11			
87	6	93	2	...	2	2 44	0·15	2·59			
42	4	46	2	...	2	2·29	0·15	2 44	35·90	3·24	39·14
189	13	202	44	7	51	47·42	1·79	49 21			
95	4	99	4	...	4	2·86	0·37	3·23			
8	1	9	...	...	...	0·39	0·13	0·52	50·67	2·29	52·96
423	29	452	86	8	94	106·59	7 88	114·47			
136	10	146	2	...	2	7·41	0·44	7·85			
44	4	48	9	...	9	4 99	2·99	7·98	118·99	11·31	130·30
298	29	327	76	7	83	70·41	4 97	75·38			
147	13	160	5	1	6	3·99	0·10	4·09			
76	3	79	5	...	5	4·48	0 12	4·60	78 88	5·19	84·07
247	20	267	59	1	60	61 25	2·75	64 00			
191	8	199	1	...	1	8·36	0·15	8 51			
48	3	51	5	...	5	3·16	0·25	3·41	72·77	3·15	75·92
450	53	503	122	15	137	133·22	11·50	144·72			
219	24	243	4	...	4	6·57	1·23	7·80			
23	2	25	5	...	5	2·35	0·25	2·60	142·14	12 98	155·12
354	33	387	51	3	54	77·40	5 14	82 54			
326	32	358	5	1	6	11·05	1·20	12·25			
19	2	21	...	...	...	1 39	0·16	1·55	89·84	6·50	96·37
6,369	746	7,115	2,991	200	3,191	3051 16	203·02	3254·18			
2,991	249	3,240	104	7	111	99·66	6·43	106·09			
608	41	649	36	...	38	40·60	5·51	46 11	3,191·42	214·96	3,406·38
9,968	1,036	11,004	3,133	207	3,340	...	...	...			

Showing the number and disposal of the convicts in the Jails and

1	2	3		4		5		6				7			8			
								Received from other Jails.							Transferred to other Jails.			
								A		B.					A.		B.	
Serial Number.	Jails.	Remained at the close of the previous year.		Imprisoned during the present year.		Total.		To undergo sentence.		In transit for transportation or to other Jails.		Grand Total.			To undergo sentence.		For transportation beyond seas, &c.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.
1	Nagpur ..	613	48	493	58	1,106	106	265	14	18	3	1,389	123	1,512	3	...	14	...
2	Jubbulpore ...	994	50	427	33	1,421	83	227	13	49	...	1,697	96	1,793	15	...	15	..
3	Raipur ...	605	48	638	133	1,243	181	132	1	3	..	1,378	182	1,560	6	..	11	2
	Total ...	2,212	140	1,558	224	3,770	370	624	28	70	3	4,464	401	4,865	24	...	40	2
4	Saugor ...	95	7	371	65	466	72	2	...	...	..	468	72	540	50	2	5	...
5	Bhandara ...	60	8	338	35	398	43	...	...	...	..	398	43	441	29	3	2	1
6	Chanda ..	45	7	251	42	296	49	...	...	...		296	49	345	48	6	1	...
7	Wardha ...	31	1	137	21	168	22	...	...	...	...	168	22	190	28	2	1	...
8	Balaghat ...	35	4	203	24	238	28	...	...	...	...	238	28	266	38	1	3	..
9	Sironcha ...	6	2	37	7	43	9	...	..	...	..	43	9	52	1	...	...	...
10	Damoh ...	23	4	155	20	178	24	1	...	...	...	179	24	203	31	1	4	...
11	Seoni ...	63	9	179	23	242	32	2	...	...	..	244	32	276	25	1	4	...
12	Mandla ...	35	3	214	26	249	29	...	...	...	...	249	29	278	19	...	1	...
13	Chhindwara ...	38	3	176	16	214	19	...	...	...	...	214	19	233	15	1	1	...
14	Betul ...	60	2	173	18	233	20	...	...	...	..	233	20	253	25	...	...	...
15	Hoshangabad ...	118	11	391	26	509	37	...	...	...	...	509	37	546	48	2	3	...
16	Narsinghpur ..	76	5	286	31	362	36	12	...	...	...	374	36	410	35	3	11	...
17	Nimar ...	44	1	259	20	303	21	3	..	...	...	306	21	327	40	4	13	...
18	Sambalpur ...	114	5	458	63	572	68	...	...	...	...	572	68	640	52	...	2	...
19	Bilaspur ...	91	10	312	26	403	36	2	...	...	...	405	36	441	79	1	1	...
	Total ...	934	82	3,940	463	4,874	545	22	...	..	..	4,896	545	5,441	563	27	53	1
	Grand Total ...	3,146	228	5,498	687	8,644	915	646	28	70	3	9,360	946	10,306	587	27	92	3

Subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

9										10		11		12		13		14		15		16			
Released during the year.																									
A.		B.		C.		D.																			
						By order of Government.																			
						A.		B.																	
On appeal.		On expiry of sentence.		Under remission rules.		On account of sickness.		On other grounds.		Transported beyond seas.		Transferred to Lunatic Asylum.		Escaped.		Executed.		Died.		Remaining at the end of present year.		Daily average number.			Serial Number.
M.	F.	M.	F.	F.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	
31	3	556	68	50	5	2	...	22	...	...	..	1	1	...	...	2	..	35	...	673	46	636·27	44·03	680·30	1
30	1	603	46	111	3	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	2	..	2	..	36	2	883	44	940·46	46·24	986·70	2
22	1	682	152	109	2	1	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	1	..	1	...	35	...	510	25	559·67	35·86	595·53	3
83	5	1,841	266	270	10	3	...	22	...	..	..	1	1	3	...	5	...	106	2	2,066	115	2136·40	126·13	2262·53	
25	5	295	52	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	.	...	...	1	...	1	...	90	13	90·64	9·41	100·05	4
11	...	235	33	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	2	..	1	...	3	...	115	6	61·59	4·84	66·43	5
2	2	207	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	...	...	38	3	34·91	5·37	40·28	6
8	1	99	16	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	..	32	3	26·60	2·75	29·35	7
13	1	152	20	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	6	37·70	2·23	39·93	8
...	...	39	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	3	...	7·01	1·17	8·18	9
7	...	97	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	1	...	1	...	38	3	31·27	5·56	36·83	10
31	4	146	24	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	.	35	3	54·88	5·38	60·26	11
3	...	179	24	. .	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	1	...	1	..	45	5	42·70	3·21	45·91	12
19	...	120	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	2	31·17	2·94	34·11	13
18	..	143	13	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	..	44	7	47·42	1·79	49·21	14
40	3	326	34	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	1	..	...	...	4	...	86	8	106·59	7·88	114·47	15
14	3	236	22	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	2	1	76	7	70·41	4·97	75·38	16
3	...	179	16	2	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	5	...	59	1	61·25	2·75	64·00	17
8	...	375	58	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	1	...	9	...	122	15	133·22	11·50	144·72	18
27	2	247	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	3	77·40	5·14	82·54	19
339	21	3,075	410	2	...	3	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	4	...	8	..	29	1	925	85	914·76	76·89	991·65	
315	26	4,916	676	273	10	6	...	26	...	...	...	2	1	7	...	13	...	135	3	2,991	200	3051·16	203·02	3254·18	

C.—Prisons

Showing the religion, age and previous occupation of the convicts

1	2	3														4			
		Religion.														Age			
		A.						B.		C.		D.		E.		A.		B.	
		Christian.																	
		A.		B.		C.													
Serial Number.	Jails.	Europeans.		Eurasians.		Natives.		Muhammadans.		Hindus and Sikhs.		Buddhists and Jains.		All other classes.		Under 16.		16 to 40.	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Nagpur ...	2	...	...	...	6	1	58	9	226	26	50	...	151	22	24	8	326	44
2	Jubbulpore ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	52	3	298	21	...	...	76	9	14	1	351	29
3	Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	24	4	327	79	...	...	286	50	18	2	525	95
	Total ...	3	...	...	...	7	1	134	16	851	126	50	...	513	81	56	11	1,202	168
4	Sangor ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	7	298	43	3	1	27	24	9	3	320	53
5	Bhandara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	277	31	...	...	37	4	2	1	293	31
6	Chanda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	2	180	36	...	...	56	4	8	2	207	35
7	Wardha ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	15	1	115	18	...	...	6	2	2	2	120	19
8	Balaghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	2	103	14	...	...	90	8	2	...	157	17
9	Sironcha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	5	...	...	8	2	2	3	31	4
10	Damoh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	2	95	15	7	...	37	3	2	...	131	17
11	Seoni ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	4	119	15	3	...	37	4	1	4	139	14
12	Mandla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	60	5	...	...	150	21	1	5	186	16
13	Chhindwara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	...	90	7	...	...	52	9	5	...	99	16
14	Betul ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	12	...	81	7	...	...	79	11	4	...	155	14
15	Hoshangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	6	312	18	...	...	43	2	8	1	337	23
16	Narsinghpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	171	22	...	...	85	8	7	1	231	23
17	Nimar ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	45	3	123	7	...	...	90	10	7	...	230	16
18	Sambalpur ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	7	1	441	62	...	...	9	...	12	7	363	43
19	Bilaspur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	1	251	18	...	...	51	7	...	1	249	20
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	4	...	315	30	2,751	323	13	1	857	109	72	30	3,248	363
	Grand total ...	3	...	...	...	11	1	449	46	3,602	449	63	1	1,370	190	128	41	4,450	531

NOTE.—Age means the age on the 31st

N. B.—A detail should be given at the foot of this Statement showing

Detail of Religions included in column 3. E.—Baiga, Baedeva, Belder, Beria, Bharia, Bhil, Bhownia, Bhumia, Bhunjara, Binjhwar, Mang, Mawari, Mehera, Mogia, Nat, Uaha, Padki,

mitted into the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

C.		D.		5											6			
				Previous occupation.														
				Males.						Females.								
40 to 60.		Above 60.		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	Total.			
M	F	M	F	Persons employed under Government or Municipal or other Local authorities.	Professional persons.	Persons in service or performing personal offices.	Persons engaged in agriculture and with animals.	Persons engaged in commerce and trade.	Persons employed in mechanical arts, manufactures, and engineering operations, &c.	Miscellaneous persons not classed otherwise.	Married.	Unmarried.	Widows.	Prostitutes.	M	F	Total.	Serial Number.
141	6	2	...	10	...	67	157	36	89	134	29	4	24	1	493	58	551	1
59	2	3	1	12	...	42	129	24	46	174	14	1	18	...	427	33	460	2
90	36	5	...	21	3	34	505	18	44	13	114	6	11	2	638	133	771	3
290	44	10	1	43	3	143	791	78	179	321	157	11	53	3	1,558	224	1,782	
36	9	6	.	16	...	31	187	46	24	67	50	4	5	6	371	65	436	4
42	3	1	...	3	...	102	85	1	93	54	24	...	11	...	338	35	373	5
35	4	1	1	7	...	37	87	20	53	47	25	4	13	...	251	42	293	6
15	...	...	...	4	3	89	27	3	4	7	17	3	1	...	137	21	158	7
42	6	2	1	6	36	22	98	8	..	33	15	3	6	..	203	24	227	8
3	...	1	...	...	...	...	28	—	...	9	6	1	..	...	37	7	44	9
20	2	2	1	4	...	5	62	9	21	54	15	...	5	...	155	20	175	10
39	5	...	..	2	...	11	89	11	11	55	15	3	5	..	179	23	208	11
25	3	2	...	6	...	3	148	16	...	41	18	6	2	...	214	26	240	12
43	...	30	...	10	...	20	88	16	12	30	9	...	6	1	176	16	192	13
13	4	2	...	9	4	28	99	13	3	17	11	1	6	...	173	18	191	14
46	2	...	...	8	33	2	290	18	22	18	20	1	5	...	391	26	417	15
44	7	4	..	6	..	68	131	12	31	38	19	...	12	...	286	31	317	16
19	4	3		6	12	10	57	23	7	144	6	...	10	4	259	20	279	17
60	12	3	1	2	133	11	182	...	6	124	25	7	22	9	458	63	521	18
61	5	2	...	4	5	11	256	1	4	31	17	1	8	...	312	26	338	19
561	66	59	4	93	226	450	1,914	197	291	769	292	34	117	20	3,940	463	4,403	
851	110	69	5	136	229	593	2,705	275	470	1,090	449	45	170	23	5,498	687	6,185	

December of the year for which the statement is prepared.
What Religions are included under the head "all other classes," column 3, E.
Bhoyra, Chamar, Chaudar, Dom, Godaria, Gond, Hullea, Hurbola, Kamar, Keer, Khanjar, Khond, Kirar, Kole, Kolom, Kori, Korkoo, Panka, Pardhan, Pasi, Pathari, Rajhar, Sunker.

Showing the convicts admitted in the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

1	2	3	4									
			Numbers according to									
			A.		B.		C.		D		E	
Serial Number.	Jails	Nature of imprisonment of those admitted as explained at foot.	Not exceeding one month		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three months and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year		Above one year and not exceeding two years.	
			M	F	M	F	M	M	F	M	F	F
1	Nagpur	A	6	7	3	3	...	1	...	...	...	...
		B	126	27	111	9	95	5	32	3	23	1
		C	...	...	1	...	12	...	9	...	11	...
		D	..	...	...	...	3	...	3	..	4	...
	Total admissions ...		132	34	115	12	110	6	44	3	38	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884		16	1	16	2	26	7	138	5	115	16
2	Jubbulpore	A	13	2	12	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
		B	132	9	99	13	78	2	26	1	16	...
		C	1	2	...	1	5	...	5	...	14	...
		D	...	...	..	...	3	...	1	...	2	...
	Total admissions ...		146	13	111	15	87	2	33	1	32	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		7	2	16	2	41	...	63	6	158	6
3	Raipur	A	8	2	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	186	77	188	33	110	14	11	2	17	...
		C	...	...	...	...	52	...	25	1	13	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	3	...
	Total admissions ...		194	79	191	36	162	14	38	3	33	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ..		17	10	38	3	60	3	41	2	108	3
	Grand Total admissions Central Jails ...		472	126	417	63	359	22	115	7	103	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		40	13	70	7	127	10	242	13	381	27
4	Saugor	A	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	96	21	101	22	67	6	39	11	7	1
		C	...	...	..	...	14	...	9	...	5	...
		D	...	..	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	...
	Total admissions ...		96	25	104	22	83	6	49	11	13	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		4	1	28	2	32	2	23	7	1	1
5	Bhandara	A	9	3	2	...	1	1	1	...	...	...
		B	96	16	96	8	60	4	24	...	15	1
		C	...	...	...	...	8	1	8	...	2	...
		D	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	..	2	...
	Total admissions ...		105	19	98	8	72	6	34	...	19	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884		9	1	34	3	33	2	24	...	13	...
6	Chanda	A	8	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	116	15	52	13	26	3	10	1	1	2
		C	...	...	...	...	3	...	6	...	5	...
		D	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total admissions ...		124	21	52	13	29	3	16	1	6	2
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		11	2	8	...	12	1	3	...	1	...

A. Prisoners sentenced
B. Prisoners sentenced
C. Prisoners sentenced
D. Prisoners sentenced
† Classes A. B. C. D.

[redacted] (Judicial.)

[redacted] those remaining on the 31st December of that year according to the nature and length of sentences.

Length of sentences.														
F.		G.		H.		I.				J.		Total.		
Above two years and not exceeding five years.		Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.				
						A.		B.						
						For life.		For a term.						
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.
...	...	...	...	...	...	—	...	...	...	...	...	9	11	20
31	2	1	...	1	...	3	...	3	...	..	..	420	47	473
5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	40	...	40
7	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	18
43	2	2	...	1	...	3	...	3	...	2	...	493	58	551
131	6	148	6	4	..	65	2	14	1	...	...	673	46	719
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	3	30
7	1	1	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	361	27	388
3	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	...	...	2	...	30	3	33
3	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9
13	1	1	—	...	..	2	1	...	...	2	...	427	33	460
248	12	179	6	16	...	72	6	63	2	...	...	883	44	927
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	18	5	18
4	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	522	127	649
6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	96	1	97
2	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7
12	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	638	133	771
174	2	61	1	2	1	5	...	4	..	...	...	510	25	535
68	3	9	..	1	...	5	2	3	...	6	...	1,558	224	1,782
553	20	388	13	22	1	142	8	101	3	...	...	2,066	115	2,181
—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	3	4	7
12	...	2	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	1	...	330	61	391
4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	34	...	34
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	4	...	4
16	...	4	...	...	...	4	—	1	...	1	...	371	65	436
1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	13	103
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	13	4	17
3	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	297	30	327
1	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	1	23
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	6	...	6
4	...	2	...	1	...	2	1	...	...	1	..	338	35	373
2	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	115	6	121
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	6	14
3	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	210	35	245
17	1	2	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	1	34
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...
20	2	2	...	...	...	1	...	..	...	1	...	251	42	293
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	...	38	3	41

[redacted] to simple imprisonment.
[redacted] to rigorous imprisonment.
[redacted] to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.
[redacted] to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.
[redacted] should be amalgamated for this total.

1	2	3	4									
			Numbers according to									
			A.		B.		C.		D.		E.	
Serial Number	Jails.	Nature of appli n rent of those admitted as explained at top.	Not exceeding one month.		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three months and and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and no exceeding one year		Above one year and not exceeding two years.	
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
7	Wardha	A	3	4	1	1	1	...	1	..	...	...
		B	10	6	33	5	18	2	7	1	10	1
		C	...	..	..	...	1	...	4	...	2	...
		D	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	2	...
	†Total admissions ...		43	10	34	6	24	2	11	1	14	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		5	...		1	11	1	8	...	4	...
8	Balaghat	A	..	2	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
		B	63	18	72	3	30	...	3	...	7	1
		C	...	...	...	..	11	...	2	...	1	...
		D	..	...	3	...	..	...	1	...	2	...
	†Total admissions ...		63	20	75	3	41	...	6	...	10	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		2	4	20	1	10	...	...	...	...	1
9	Sironcha	A	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	10	2	21	4	5	...	...	...	...	...
		C	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
		D	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	..	..
	†Total admissions ...		11	3	21	4	5	..	...	...	...	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		.	...	.	..	3		...	...	...	...
10	Damoh	A	5	2	2	...	..	1	...	...	..	...
		B	29	3	43	8	36	5	8	...	5	1
		C	.	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	3	...
		D	..	...	..	.	1	...	..	.	3	...
	†Total admissions ...		34	5	45	8	41	6	9	..	11	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		6	...	8	1	15	2	6	...	2	...
11	Seoni	A	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	55	15	44	2	32	4	9	2	10	...
		C	.	.	6	...	3	...	4	.	3	...
		D	..	...	..	.	1	...	..	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		54	15	50	2	36	4	13	2	13	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		5	2	6	...	11	1	8	...	3	...
12	Mandla	A	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
		B	61	15	80	7	40	2	9	...	1	1
		C	...	...	..	...	2	...	1	..	4	...
		D	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	.	..
	†Total admissions ...		62	16	80	7	42	2	10	...	5	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		5	...	11	3	18	1	4	...	3	1
13	Chhindwara	A	4	...	1	1	9	...	...	...	...	...
		B	62	3	41	4	20	6	21	...	9	...
		C	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...
		D	...	...		...	...	...	1	...	...	...
	†Total remissions ...		66	5	42	5	30	6	22	..	10	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ..		5	...	5	1	36	1	9	...	2	...

A. Prisoners sentenced
B. Prisoners sentenced
C. Prisoners sentenced
D. Prisoners sentenced
† Classes A. B. C. D.

3.—)Judicial.)—Continued.

Length of sentence.												5		
F		G		H		I				J		Total.		
Above two years and not exceeding five years.		Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.				
						A		B						
						For life.		For a term.						
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	M	F	M	M	F	M	F	M
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	6	5	11
5	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110	16	126
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	13	...	13
6	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8
1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	137	21	158
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	32	3	35
...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...		2	2
4	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	1	...	179	22	201
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	18
4	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	6	...	6
..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	203	24	227
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	6	38
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	6	42
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	7	44
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	3	10
8	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	133	17	150
3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	..	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
11	..	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	.	...	155	20	175
1	...	...	..	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	3	41
...	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
5	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	.	2	161	23	184
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	16
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	...	...	1	...	1
5	...	...	..	...	...	6	...	...	...	..	2	179	23	202
1	..	...	..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	35	3	38
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	1	1	2
6	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	199	25	224
4	...	2	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	14	...	14
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	...	..
10	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	214	26	240
3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	5	50
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	1	15
4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	159	15	174
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	..	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	1	...	1
4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	176	16	192
1	...	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	59	2	61

to simple imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement,
to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.
should be amalgamated for this total.

1	2	3	Number according to									
			A		B		C		D		E	
Serial Number	Jails.	Nature of imprisonment of those admitted as explained at foot.	Not exceeding one month		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three months and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.	
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
14	Fetul	A	3	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	..	...
		B	43	7	46	7	35	3	12	...	13	...
		C	...	..	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		46	7	47	8	37	3	13	...	13	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		5	3	8	2	14	2	9	...	4	...
15	Hoshangabad	A	10	2	15	1	4	...	1	..	...	...
		B	48	4	113	5	87	10	23	2	13	1
		C	...	...	...	...	12	...	6	...	6	...
		D	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	2	...
	†Total admissions ...		58	6	128	6	108	10	30	2	21	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		2	...	28	3	26	3	15	2	8	...
16	Narsinghpur	A	6	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	..	...
		B	75	11	58	6	59	3	50	3	10	...
		C	...	..	...	...	...	...	1	...	6	...
		D	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	..	1	...
	†Total admissions ...		81	12	58	9	51	3	53	3	17	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		1	1	12	2	20	1	28	1	8	...
17	Nimar	A	11	3	1	1	4	...	...	...	...	..
		B	68	4	37	6	60	2	10	...	9	1
		C	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...
		D	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	..
	†Total admissions ...		80	7	38	7	64	2	13	...	17	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		2	...	14	...	25	1	7	...	4	...
18	Sambalpur	A	13	6	5	..	...	...	..	...	...	...
		B	104	25	117	22	83	5	35	3	9	1
		C	...	...	1	...	6	...	9	...	5	...
		D	...	...	3	...	9	...	6	...	3	...
	†Total admissions ...		117	31	156	22	98	5	50	3	17	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		25	2	31	4	32	3	26	3	3	1
19	Bilaspur	A	6	1	5	.	...	1	...	...	..	...
		B	64	12	78	9	89	2	28	...	8	...
		C	...	...	1	..	1	...	5	...	5	1
		D	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...
	†Total admissions ...		70	13	84	9	91	3	33	...	15	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		2	1	6	1	26	1	9	...	5	...
Total District Jails	Total admissions ...		1,110	215	1,112	139	852	61	365	23	201	12
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		87	17	222	21	325	22	179	13	61	4
Grand Total.	Total admissions ...		1,582	341	1,529	202	1,211	83	480	30	304	13
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		129	30	292	31	452	32	421	26	442	31

A. Prisoners sentenced
B. Prisoners sentenced
C. Prisoners sentenced
D. Prisoners sentenced.
†Classes A. B. C. D.

length of sentence.

F		G		H		I				J		Total.		
Above two years and not exceeding five years.		Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.				
						A — For life.		B — For a term.						
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	5
13	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	166	17	183
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	173	18	191
1	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	44	7	51
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	30	3	33
31	...	5	...	3	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	327	23	350
3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	...	27
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7
34	...	5	...	3	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	391	26	417
5	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	86	8	94
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4	10
15	3	5	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	269	26	295
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	8
...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
15	4	5	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	286	31	317
7	2	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	76	7	83
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	4	20
20	3	11	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	1	...	228	16	244
3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5
23	3	11	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	1	...	259	20	279
...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	1	60
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	6	24
6	1	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	389	57	446
3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	25
5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	26	...	26
14	1	2	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	458	63	521
4	2	...	..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	122	15	137
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	2	13
12	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	283	23	306
2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	1	16
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
14	...	4	..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	....	312	26	338
1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	51	3	54
193	11	46	...	4	...	30	2	18	...	9	...	3,940	463	4,403
30	5	14	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	925	85	1,010
261	14	55	...	5	...	35	4	21	...	15	...	5,498	687	6,185
583	25	402	13	22	1	146	8	101	3	1	...	2,991	200	3,191

to simple imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.
to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.
should be amalgamated for this total.

C.—Prisons 4.—(Judicial.)

Showing the convicts admitted in the Jails and subsidiary Jails during the year 1884, who had been previously convicted.

Serial Number.	Jails.	Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.									Ratio of column 4 D. to column 3.			Juvenile prisoners under 16 years of age (Section 399 of the Criminal Procedure Code.)						Serial Number.
					A		B		C		D						A			B			
					Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.						Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.			
		M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	
1	Nagpur ...	493	58	551	59	...	21	..	20	1	94	1	95	19·08	1·72	17·24	24	8	32	3	..	3	1
2	Jubbulpore ...	427	33	460	23	2	1	..	1	...	43	2	45	10·07	6·06	9·78	14	1	15	1	.	1	2
3	Raipur ...	638	133	771	63	12	1	...	8	..	84	12	96	13·16	1·50	11·15	18	2	20	...	...	...	3
	Total ...	1,558	224	1,782	139	14	17	.	35	1	221	5	226	14·18	2·23	12·68	56	11	67	4	.	4	
4	Sangor ...	371	65	436	22	5	1	...	8	1	31	6	40	9·16	9·23	9·17	9	3	12	..	...	...	4
5	Bhandara ...	338	35	373	13	1	3	..	6	..	22	1	23	6·51	2·85	6·16	...	.	.	...	...	...	5
6	Chanda ...	231	42	273	35	1	5	1	6	..	46	2	48	19·91	4·76	17·58	8	2	10	1	..	1	6
7	Wardha ...	132	21	153	11	1	3	..	5	..	19	1	20	13·63	4·76	13·07	2	2	4	.	..	.	7
8	Balaghat ...	203	24	227	15	.	6	1	3	..	22	1	23	10·84	4·17	10·13	2	..	2	..	..	..	8
9	Sironcha ...	37	7	44	.	1	..	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	14·28	2·27	..	1	1	..	..	..	9
10	Damoh ...	157	20	177	15	.	3	.	4	1	23	1	24	14·64	5·00	13·55	2	..	2	..	..	..	10
11	Seoni ...	179	23	202	17	2	3	..	3	..	23	2	25	12·85	8·69	12·37	1	4	5	..	..	..	11
12	Mandla ...	214	26	240	5	1	6	..	4	..	15	1	16	8·41	3·84	7·91	1	5	6	..	..	..	12
13	Chhindwara ...	176	16	192	14	1	2	..	1	..	17	1	18	9·65	6·25	9·37	5	..	5	..	..	..	13
14	Betul ...	173	18	191	17	1	..	..	3	..	20	1	21	11·56	5·55	10·99	4	..	4	..	..	..	14
15	Hoshangabad ...	391	26	417	10	...	3	1	1	..	14	1	15	3·58	3·84	3·59	8	1	9	2	..	2	15
16	Narsinghpur ...	284	31	315	30	4	12	1	4	..	46	5	51	16·08	16·13	16·06	7	1	8	1	..	1	16
17	Nimar ...	250	20	270	16	...	8	..	3	..	27	..	27	10·42	.	9·62	7	..	7	..	..	..	17
18	Sambalpur ...	458	63	521	29	3	3	..	..	..	34	3	37	7·42	4·76	7·10	11	7	18	1	..	1	18
19	Bilaspur ...	312	26	338	13	.	6	2	3	..	21	2	23	6·73	7·69	6·80	..	1	1	...	..	...	19
	Total ...	3,940	463	4,403	263	21	70	6	52	2	385	29	414	9·77	6·26	9·40	67	27	94	5	..	5	
	Grand Total ...	5,498	687	6,185	402	25	117	6	87	3	606	34	640	11·02	4·94	10·35	123	38	161	9	...	9	

* Column 4 should include figures under column 6.

C.—Prisons 6.—(Judicial.)

Showing the offences committed by the convicts and the punishments inflicted on them in the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

1	2	3		4		5						6												7	8	
						Breaches of Jail Rules.						Punishments inflicted.														
												A.		B—By Jail Officers.									C.			
														A.		B.		C.		D.	E.					
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average number of convicts.		Criminal offences.		Smoking or having possession of forbidden articles.		Offences relating to work.		Other offences against prison discipline.		By Criminal Courts.		Solitary confinement.		Reduced diet.		Solitary confinement with reduced diet.		Corporal punishment.	Other punishment.		Total punishments.	Ratio of column 6 C. to column 3.	Ratio of column 6 D. to the total number of other Jail punishments inflicted on male prisoners.	Serial Number.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.			F.	M.			
1	Nagpur ...	636·27	44·03	1	...	47	...	390	...	130	...	1	...	2	...	237	...	157	..	125	46	...	568	83·35	28·09	1
2	Jubbulpore ...	940·46	46·24	1	...	75	...	347	3	196	2	1	...	24	...	65	2	45	1	68	416	2	624	63 24	12·38	2
3	Raipur ...	559·67	35 86	3	...	41	...	212	...	194	2	3	...	...	...	238	2	14	...	33	162	...	452	75·89	7·91	3
	Total ...	2136·40	126·13	5	...	163	...	949	3	520	4	5	...	26	...	540	4	216	1	226	624	2	1,644	72 65	16 08	
4	Saugor ..	90·64	9·41	1	...	11	...	14	...	13	...	1	...	6	...	8	...	9	...	15	...	...	39	38 98	62·5	4
5	Bhandara ...	61·59	4·84	2	...	6	...	3	...	5	...	2	...	1	...	10	...	3	...	...	..	...	16	21 08	.....	5
6	Chanda ...	34 91	5·37	1	...	15	...	22	...	14	5	1	...	7	2	23	1	6	...	3	12	2	57	141·51	6·25	6
7	Wardha ...	26·60	2·75	1	..	2	...	20	3	2	...	1	...	...	...	4	3	3	..	17	...	...	28	95·40	47·05	7
8	Balaghat ...	37 70	2 23	...	...	4	..	3	...	18	4	...	...	...	...	13	4	5	...	7	...	...	29	72·63	38·89	8
9	Sironcha ...	7·01	1·17	...	...	...	...	...	.	2	...	..	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	21·44	.....	9
10	Damoh ...	31·27	5·56	..	...	...	...	14	1	28	4	...	...	...	...	26	4	3	1	13	...	...	47	127·61	44 82	10
11	Seoni ...	54·88	5·38	...	...	...	...	1	...	10	1	...	...	7	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	..	12	19·91	57 14	11
12	Mandla ...	42·70	3·21	...	...	1	...	2	...	9	...	..	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	1	5	...	12	26·14	9 09	12
13	Chhindwara ..	31·17	2·94	...	...	4	...	3	...	4	...	...	...	2	...	7	...	...	...	2	...	...	11	32·24	22·22	13
14	Betul ...	47·42	1·79	...	...	4	...	48	2	10	...	...	...	4	2	21	...	18	...	19	...	...	64	125·99	45·23	14
15	Hoshangabad ...	106 59	7·88	2	...	10	...	33	3	18	5	2	...	21	2	8	6	5	...	27	...	...	71	61·15	75 00	15
16	Narsinghpur ...	70·41	4 97	1	...	5	...	4	...	7	...	1	...	2	...	5	...	2	..	7	...	...	17	22·55	54·54	16
17	Nimar ...	61·25	2 75	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	4·68	.....	17
18	Sambalpur ...	133·22	11·50	1	...	6	...	59	6	10	...	1	...	...	...	69	6	1	..	5	...	...	82	56·66	7 04	18
19	Bilaspur ...	77·40	5·14	...	..	...	...	59	5	4	1	...	...	1	...	57	6	...	...	5	...	...	69	83·58	8·62	19
	Total ...	914·76	76·89	9	...	68	...	288	20	154	20	9	...	54	7	256	30	55	1	128	17	2	559	56·37	32·39	
	Grand Total ...	3051·16	203·02	14	...	231	...	1,237	23	674	24	14	...	80	7	796	34	271	2	354	641	4	2,203	67·69	19·57	

C.—Prisons 7.—(Judicial.)

Showing the state of education of convicts imprisoned in and released from the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces for the year 1884.

Serial Number.	Jails.	3		4						5		6		7		8						9						Serial Number.
		Number imprisoned during the year.		Of those in column 3 there were						Daily average number of convicts.		Daily average number under instruction.		Number released during the year who had been under instruction in jail.		Of those in column 7 there were when they entered jail						Of those in column 7 there were when they left jail						
				Unable to read or write.		Able to read or write a little.		Able to read or write well.								Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1	Nagpur ..	493	58	428	58	34	...	32	...	656·27	41·03	13·15	...	24	6	20	6	2	..	2	...	20	6	3	...	1	...	1
2	Jabbulpore ..	427	33	377	33	22	...	28	...	940·46	46·24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	2
3	Raipur ..	638	133	626	133	4	...	8	.	559·67	35·88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	3
	Total ...	1,558	224	1,431	224	59	...	68	...	2136·40	126·13	13·15	...	24	6	20	6	2	...	2	...	20	6	3	...	1	...	
4	Saugor ...	371	65	340	65	21	...	10	..	90·61	9·41	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
5	Bhandara ...	338	35	335	35	3	...	..	...	61·59	4·84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	5
6	Chanda ...	251	42	246	42	3	...	2	...	34·91	5·37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
7	Wardha ..	137	21	132	21	2	...	3	...	26·60	2·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
8	Balaghat ...	203	24	200	24	2	...	1	...	37·70	2·23	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
9	Sironcha ...	37	7	37	7	...	...	...	...	7·01	1·17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
10	Damoh ...	155	20	148	20	6	...	1	...	31·27	5·59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
11	Seoni ...	179	23	164	23	14	...	1	...	54·85	5·38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
12	Mandla ...	214	26	205	26	4	...	5	...	42·75	3·21	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12
13	Chhindwara ...	176	16	170	16	3	...	3	..	31·17	2·94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13
14	Betul ..	173	18	151	18	13	...	9	...	47·42	1·73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
15	Hoshangabad ...	391	26	384	26	4	...	3	...	106·59	7·88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15
16	Narsinghpur ...	286	31	270	31	10	...	6	...	70·41	4·97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
17	Nimar ..	259	20	232	20	21	...	6	...	61·25	2·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17
18	Sambalpur ...	458	63	457	63	...	...	1	...	133·22	11·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
19	Bilaspur ...	312	26	305	26	3	...	4	...	77·49	5·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
	Total ...	3,940	463	3,776	463	109	...	55	...	914·76	76·89	...	...	24	6	20	6	2	...	2	...	20	6	3	...	1	...	
	Grand Total ...	5,498	687	5,207	687	168	...	123	...	3051·16	203·02	13·15	...	24	6	20	6	2	...	2	...	20	6	3	...	1	...	

C.—Prisons 10.—(Financial.)

Showing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1884, excluding the cost of building new Jails, of additions, alterations or repairs.

1	2	3				4		5		6		7			8		9		10	11	12
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average number of prisoners.				Rations.		Establishment.		Police Guard.		Hospital charges.			Clothing.		Contingencies.		Grand Total expended.	Total cost per head of average strength.	Serial Number.
		Convicts.	Under trial.	Civil.	Total.	A. Total cost.	B. Cost per head of average strength excluding Civil prisoners.	A. Total cost.	B. Cost per head of average strength.	A. Total cost.	B. Cost per head of average strength.	A. Total cost.	B. Cost per head of average strength.	C. Cost per head of average number sick.	A. Total cost.	B. Cost per head of average strength.	A. Total cost.	B. Cost per head of average strength.			
						Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a. p.	
1	Nagpur ...	680·30	8·52	7 32	696·14	13,042	18 14 1	18,269	26 3 11	4,275	6 2 3	3,331	4 14 4	95 14 1	2,814	4 2 2	4,866	6 15 10	46,597 0 0	66 15 0	1
2	Jubbulpore ..	986·70	7·69	3·45	997·84	19,910	20 0 4	10,835	10 13 8	6,261	6 4 2	714	0 11 6	23 11 10	2,965	3 0 1	6,586	5 9 10	46,271 0 0	46 5 11	2
3	Raipur ...	595·53	7·93	2·58	606·04	9.929	16 7 3	9,043	14 14 9	1,536	2 8 7	1,088	1 12 10	48 6 4	1,411	2 5 11	3,544	5 13 8	26,551 0 0	43 12 11	3
	Total ...	2262·53	24·14	13·35	2300·02	42,881	18 12 0	38,147	16 9 4	12,072	5 3 11	5,133	2 3 8	58 10 10	7,190	3 2 10	13,996	6 1 4	1,19,419 0 0	51 14 8	
4	Saugor ...	100·05	5·68	1·03	106·76	1,569	14 13 5	3,354	31 6 8	1,128	10 9 1	112	1 0 9	68 11 4	339	3 6 2	405	4 0 9	6,907 0 6	64 12 7	4
5	Bhandara ..	66·43	4·11	2·08	72·62	1,127	15 15 7	1,292	17 12 8	507	6 15 8	3	0 0 8	3 5 11	63	0 15 0	546	7 8 4	3,538 0 0	48 11 6	5
6	Chanda ...	40·28	4·04	2·51	46·83	362	8 2 8	1,823	38 14 10	660	14 1 5	84	1 14 4	47 7 4	209	5 3 0	417	8 14 6	3,555 0 0	75 14 7	6
7	Wardha ...	29 35	3 66	2·49	35·50	678	20 8 7	1,928	54 4 11	576	16 3 7	14	0 7 7	56 0 0	153	5 1 9	1,025	28 8 6	4,371 0 0	123 2 0	7
8	Balaghat ..	39·93	4·03	0·52	44·48	590	13 6 9	1,335	30 0 2	558	12 8 8	52	1 2 11	91 3 8	116	2 14 6	167	3 12 1	2,818 0 0	63 5 8	8
9	Sivoncha ...	8·18	2·09	...	10·27	221	21 8 3	4·08	39 11 7	...	.....	35	3 6 6	120 11 0	25	2 6 11	165	16 1 0	854 0 0	83 2 5	9
10	Damoh ..	36·83	2·39	0·63	39·85	524	13 6 0	2,009	50 6 7	576	14 7 3	64	1 10 1	52 0 6	163	4 2 6	170	4 4 3	3,506 0 0	87 15 8	10
11	Seoni ...	60·26	8·21	0·31	68·78	1,011	14 12 2	2,404	34 15 3	676	9 13 3	50	0 13 3	12 1 2	44	0 11 8	325	4 11 7	4,510 0 0	65 9 1	11
12	Mandla ...	45·91	1·42	0·09	47·42	816	17 3 10	1,851	39 0 7	584	12 5 1	79	1 10 8	136 3 4	117	2 8 9	322	6 12 7	3,769 0 0	79 4 4	12
13	Chhindwara ...	34·11	2·59	2·44	39·14	660	17 15 8	1,394	35 5 9	730	18 10 0	48	1 6 6	49 7 9	21	0 9 7	297	7 9 4	3,140 0 0	77 10 8	13
14	Betul ...	49·21	3·23	0·52	52·96	1,096	20 14 4	1,892	35 11 7	816	15 6 6	68	1 6 1	40 7 6	355	7 3 5	456	8 9 9	4,683 0 0	88 7 3	14
15	Hoshangabad ..	114 47	7 85	7·98	130 30	1,921	15 11 3	2,833	21 11 10	...	.....	90	0 12 6	61 3 7	535	4 5 11	563	4 5 1	5,942 0 0	45 9 7	15
16	Narsinghpur ...	75·38	4·09	4·60	84·07	1,050	13 3 4	1,880	22 5 9	660	7 13 7	37	0 7 5	142 4 11	197	2 9 9	464	5 8 3	4,288 0 0	51 0 1	16
17	Nimar ...	64·00	8 51	3·41	75·92	1,665	22 15 4	2.249	29 9 11	672	8 13 7	17	0 4 3	33 5 6	4	0 1 0	503	6 1 1	5,115 0 0	67 5 11	17
18	Samba'pur ...	144·72	7·30	2·60	155·12	3,053	20 0 3	2,309	14 13 2	900	5 12 9	36	2 6 1	85 9 9	1,492	19 4 11	1,841	11 13 11	9,949 0 0	64 2 2	18
19	Bilaspur ...	82 54	12·25	1·55	96·34	1,106	11 10 9	1,858	19 4 6	477	4 15 2	72	0 12 2	34 15 2	169	2 0 9	144	1 7 1	3,826 0 0	39 11 5	19
	Total ...	991·65	81·95	32·76	1106·36	17,449	16 4 1	30,800	27 13 5	9,520	8 9 8	1,188	1 1 8	52 11 8	3,999	4 0 6	7,815	7 1 0	70,771 0 0	63 15 5	
	Grand Total ...	3254·18	106·09	46·11	3406·38	60,330	17 15 3	68,947	20 3 10	21,592	6 5 5	6,321	1 13 8	57 8 3	11,189	3 7 0	21,811	6 6 5	1,90,190 0 0	55 13 4	

C.—Prisons 14 —(Vital.)

Showing the net cost of the prisoners in the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Serial Number.	Jails.	Cost of maintenance (column 10, Statement No. X.)	Average cost of maintenance per head (column, 11, Statement X.)	Total cash earnings (column 11 of Statement XIII.)	Average cash earnings per head of average strength.	Net cost to Government (column 3 minus column 5.)	Average net cost per head of average strength (column 4 minus column 6.)	Serial Number.	Remarks.
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.		
1	Nagpur	46,597 0	66 15	20,657 10	29 10	25,939 6	37 5	1	
2	Jubbulpore	46,271 0	46 5	22,355 2	22 6	23,915 14	23 15	2	
3	Raipur	26,551 0	43 13	8,428 2	13 15	18,122 14	29 14	3	
	Total ...	1,19,419 0	51 14	51,440 14	22 6	67,978 2	29 8		
4	Sangor	6,907 0	64 12	1,511 8	14 2	5,395 8	50 10	4	
5	Bhandara	3,538 0	48 11	....	....	3,538 0	48 11	5	
6	Chanda	3,555 0	75 14	901 7	19 4	2,653 9	56 10	6	
7	Wardha	4,371 0	123 2	471 3	13 4	3,899 13	109 14	7	
8	Balaghat	2,818 0	63 5	823 11	18 8	1,994 5	44 13	8	
9	Sironcha	854 0	83 2	....	....	854 0	83 2	9	
10	Damoh	3,506 0	87 15	369 12	9 4	3,136 4	78 11	10	
11	Seoni	4,510 0	65 9	1,375 8	20 0	3,134 8	45 9	11	
12	Mandla	3,769 0	79 4	506 0	10 10	3,263 0	68 10	12	
13	Chhindwara	3,140 0	77 10	....	....	3,140 0	77 10	13	
14	Betul	4,683 0	88 7	497 15	9 6	4,185 1	79 1	14	
15	Hoshangabad	5,942 0	45 9	1,073 0	8 3	4,869 0	37 6	15	
16	Narsinghpur	4,288 0	51 0	545 12	6 8	3,742 4	44 8	16	
17	Nimar	5,115 0	67 5	566 13	7 7	4,548 3	59 14	17	
18	Sambalpur	9,949 0	64 2	175 11	1 2	9,773 5	63 0	18	
19	Bilaspur	3,926 0	39 11	887 0	9 3	2,939 0	30 8	19	
	Total ...	70,771 0	63 15	9,705 4 —643 12 —492 1	7 12 Loss at Bhandara. Do. Chhindwara.	61,665 12	56 3		
	Grand total ...	1,90,190 0	55 13	Balance 8,569 7 61,146 2 —643 12 —492 1 Balance 60,010 5	Loss at Bhandara. Do. Chhindwara. 17 10	1,29,043 14	38 3		

C.—Prisons 15.—(Vital.)

Showing the sickness and mortality among prisoners of all classes in the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

1	2		3			4			5			6		
Serial Number.	Jails.		Number of prisoners that can be accommodated in the parts of the Jails devoted to convicts, under-trials and civil prisoners respectively, but exclusive of hospital and observation cells.			Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into Hospital.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Nagpur	Convicts ...	1,028	102	1,130	636·27	44 03	680 30	648	46	694	926	9	935
		Under trial ...	20	...	20	8·07	0·45	8·52	13	1	14	...	...	...
		Civil ...	18	...	18	6·69	0·63	7·32	6	1	7	..	..	...
2	Jubbulpore	Convicts ...	1,058	88	1,146	940·46	46·24	986·70	993	50	1,043	1,016	48	1,064
		Under trial ...	16	...	16	7·41	0 28	7 69	28	2	30	...	...	..
		Civil ...	16	...	16	3·13	0·32	3·45	12	1	13	...	...	...
3	Raipur	Convicts ..	774	45	819	559 67	35·86	595 53	613	41	654	435	6	441
		Under trial ...	22	..	22	7·50	0 43	7·93	5	...	5	2	...	2
		Civil ...	26	...	26	2·25	0·33	2·58	2	...	2	..	...	...
	Total ...	Convicts ...	2,860	235	3,095	2136 40	126·13	2262·53	2,254	137	2,391	2,377	63	2,440
		Under trial ...	58	..	58	22 98	1·16	24·14	46	3	49	2	...	2
		Civil ...	60	.	60	12 07	1·28	13 35	20	2	22	...	...	...
4	Sangor	Convicts ...	215	32	247	90·64	9·41	100·05	113	17	130	35	8	43
		Under trial ...	21	..	21	5·40	0·28	5·68	8	1	9	1	...	1
		Civil ...	21	..	21	0 87	0·16	1·03	1	1	2	...	...	...
5	Bhandara	Convicts ...	57	12	69	61·59	4·84	66·43	115	10	125	24	1	25
		Under trial ...	11	..	11	3·86	0·25	4·11	16	2	18	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	..	...	2 08	...	2·08	6	...	6	...	...	...
6	Chanda	Convicts ...	76	9	85	34·91	5·37	40·28	58	6	64	48	7	55
		Under trial ...	...	..	...	3·97	0 07	4·04	20	2	22	2	...	2
		Civil ...	12	...	12	2 51	...	2·51	7	...	7	...	...	...
7	Wardha	Convicts ...	60	8	68	26·60	2·75	29·35	43	6	49	12	...	12
		Under trial ...	...	..	...	3·33	0·33	3·66	10	3	13	...	...	...
		Civil ...	8	..	8	2 49	...	2·49	6	...	6	...	...	...
8	Balaghat	Convicts ...	54	9	63	37 70	2·23	39·93	61	6	67	24	...	24
		Under trial ...	9	..	9	3·67	0·36	4 03	12	4	16	...	...	...
		Civil ...	9	..	9	0·52	...	0 52	5	...	5	...	...	...
9	Sironcha	Convicts ...	36	6	42	7 01	1·17	8·18	12	3	15	7	1	8
		Under trial ...	11	...	11	2 02	0·07	2·09	6	2	8	5	1	6
		Civil ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Damoh ...	Convicts ...	76	16	92	31·27	5·56	36 83	49	5	54	15	2	17
		Under trial ...	10	..	10	2·35	0·04	2 39	8	...	8	2	...	2
		Civil ...	...	..	..	0·63	...	0·63	3	...	3	...	...	...
11	Seoni	Convicts ...	114	16	130	54·88	5 38	60·26	78	8	86	117	...	117
		Under trial ..	18	...	18	8·03	0·18	8 21	15	1	16	...	...	...
		Civil ...	4		4	0·29	0·02	0·31	1	...	1	...	...	...
12	Mandla	Convicts ...	62	8	70	42·70	3 21	45·91	61	6	67	20	2	22
		Under trial ...	8	4	12	1·37	0 05	1·42	4	...	4	1	...	1
		Civil ...	4	4	8	0 09	...	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Chhindwara ...	Convicts ...	105	10	115	31·17	2·94	34 11	62	2	64	18	1	19
		Under trial ...	14	...	14	2·44	0 15	2·59	3	...	3	...	...	...
		Civil ...	6	...	6	2·29	0·15	2·44	2	...	2	...	..	...
14	Betul ...	Convicts ..	113	17	130	47 42	1·79	49 21	78	1	79	56	...	56
		Under trial ...	17	..	17	2 86	0·37	3·23	1	1	2	...	...	...
		Civil ...	4	..	4	0 39	0·13	0·52	...	...	..	...	...	...
15	Hoshangabad ...	Convicts ...	144	19	163	106·59	7·88	114·47	153	9	162	47	3	50
		Under trial ...	8	...	8	7·41	0·44	7 85	10	..	10	...	...	...
		Civil ...	10	.	10	4·99	2·99	7 98	7	...	7	...	...	...
16	Narsinghpur ...	Convicts ..	130	16	146	70·41	4·97	75·38	101	8	109	5	1	6
		Under trial ...	8	...	8	3·99	0·10	4·09	5	...	5	...	2	2
		Civil ...	6	...	6	4·48	0 12	4·60	1	...	1	...	...	...
17	Nimar ...	Convicts ...	85	16	101	61 25	2·75	64·00	83	12	95	23	1	24
		Under trial ...	18	...	18	8·36	0·15	8 51	20	1	21	...	...	...
		Civil ...	4	..	4	3·16	0·25	3·41	7	1	8	...	...	...
18	Sambalpur ...	Convicts ...	123	12	135	133·22	11·50	144·72	166	15	181	103	10	113
		Under trial ...	6	...	6	6·57	1·23	7·80	11	8	19	4	...	4
		Civil ...	6	..	6	2·35	0 25	2·60	5	1	6	...	...	...
19	Bilaspur ...	Convicts ...	72	16	88	77·40	5·14	82 54	107	13	120	110	2	112
		Under trial ...	...	..	...	11·05	1·20	12·25	26	4	30	1	...	1
		Civil ..	4	..	4	1·39	0·16	1·55	4	1	5	...	...	...
	Total ...	Convicts ...	1,522	222	1,744	914·76	76 89	991·65	1,340	127	1,467	664	39	703
		Under trial ...	159	4	163	76·68	5·27	81·95	175	29	204	16	3	19
		Civil ...	98	4	102	28·53	4·23	32·76	55	4	59	...	..	...
	Grand Total ...	Convicts ...	4,382	457	4,839	3051·16	203·02	3254·18	3,594	264	3,858	3,041	102	3,143
		Under trial ...	217	4	221	99 66	6·43	106·09	221	32	253	18	3	21
		Civil ...	158	4	162	40 60	5·51	46·11	75	6	81	...	..	...

Serial Number	Jails		7			8			9			10		
			Daily average number of sick.			Number of deaths in and out of hospital.			Deaths from fevers.			Deaths from bowel complaints.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Nagpur	Convicts	33·49	1·34	34·74	35	..	35	4	...	4	11	...	11
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Jubbulpore	Convicts	28 57	1 50	30·07	36	2	38	2	...	2	14	...	14
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	0 01	0 01	0 08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Raipur	Convicts	21 51	0 39	21 9	35	.	35	1	...	1	16	.	16
		Under trial	0 58	..	0 58	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	.	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...
	Total	Convicts	83 18	3 23	86 71	106	2	108	7	...	7	41	...	41
		Under trial	0 58	..	0 58	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	0·01	0·01	0 08	.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Saugor	Convicts	1 33	0·25	1·58	1	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	0·01	..	0 01	1	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Bhandara	Convicts	0 83	0 06	0 89	3	..	3	1	...	1	1	...	1
		Under trial	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Chanda	Convicts	1 57	0 15	1·72	...	.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	0 05	..	0·05	1	.	1	.	..	...	.	...	...
		Civil prisoners	.	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Wardha	Convicts	0 25	...	0 25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	..	.	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	..	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
8	Balaghat	Convicts	0 57	..	0·57	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...
		Civil prisoners	..	...	.	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Sironcha	Convicts	0 16	0·01	0·17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	0 11	0·01	0·12	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	..
		Civil prisoners	..	.	.	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Damoh	Convicts	0 81	0·09	0·93	1	...	1	.	...	...	..	...	...
		Under trial	0 30	...	0 30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Seoni	Convicts	4 14	..	4·14	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	2
		Civil prisoners	..	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...
12	Mandla	Convicts	0·51	0·92	0 56	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	0·02	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	.	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Chhindwara	Convicts	0·81	0 13	0·97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Betul	Convicts	1·68	..	1 68	1	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
		Civil prisoners	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Hoshangabad	Convicts	1·39	0 08	1·47	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	2	...	2
		Civil prisoners	.	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Narsinghpur	Convicts	0 15	0 10	0·25	2	1	3	2	...	2	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	0 01	0 01	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Nimar	Convicts	0·19	0·02	0·51	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	..	..	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	..	.	.	...	...	.	...	...	...	...
18	Sambalpur	Convicts	3 85	0·22	1 07	9	..	9	3	..	3	5	...	5
		Under trial	0 17	...	0 17	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Bilaspur	Convicts	2 03	0·03	2·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	Convicts	20·66	1·16	21·82	29	1	30	6	...	6	11	...	11
		Under trial	0·69	0·02	0·71	5	2	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total	Convicts	104 14	4 39	108·53	135	3	138	13	...	13	52	...	52
		Under trial	1·27	0·02	1·29	5	2	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	0 04	0·04	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(Vital).—(Continued.)

11	12																13
	Ratio per mille of average strength																
	A			B			C			D			E			
Deaths from cholera.	Of admissions into hospital.			Of daily average number sick.			Of deaths from cholera.			Of deaths from other causes.			Of deaths from all causes both in and out of hospital.			Serial Number.
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	
...	...	...	1455·36	204·40	1374·39	52·49	30·43	51·07	...	...	...	55·00	...	51·44	55 00	...	51·44				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	1080·32	1038 06	107 83	30 38	32·44	30·47	...	...	...	38·28	43 25	38·51	38·28	43·25	38·51				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	777 21	167·32	740·52	38·43	10·88	36·77	...	...	...	62·54	...	58·77	62·54	...	58·77				
...	...	...	266·66	...	252·21	77·33	...	73 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	..	1112·15	499·48	1078·43	39 07	25 52	38·32	...	...	...	49·61	15·85	47·73	49·61	15 85	47·73				
...	...	...	87 03	...	82·80	25 23	...	21 02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	3·31	31·25	5·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	386·13	850·16	429·78	13·57	26 57	15·79	...	...	...	11 03	..	9·99	11·03	..	9 99				
...	...	...	18·51	...	17·60	7·40	..	7·04	...	...	...	7·40	..	7 01	7·40	..	7 01				4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	389·67	206·61	376·32	13·17	12·40	13·40	...	...	...	48·71	..	45·16	48·71	..	45·16				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	1374·96	1393·64	1365 44	44·97	27·93	42·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	503 77	...	495 05	12 59	...	12 37	...	...	...	...	...	...	251 88	...	247·52				6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	451·12	...	408·85	9·39	....	8·57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	636·60	...	601·05	15 12	...	14·27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	998·57	854 70	977·99	22 82	8·54	20·78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	2475·24	14285·71	2870·81	54 45	142·85	57·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	479·69	359·71	461·58	26·86	16·1	25 25	...	...	...	31·98	...	27·15	31·98	..	27·15				
...	...	...	851·06	...	836 82	127·66	...	125·52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				10
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	2131·92	...	1941 58	75·43	...	68·70	...	...	...	36 44	...	33·18	36·44	...	33·18				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	124·53	...	121·80	124·53	...	121·80				11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	468·38	623·05	479·19	12·61	6·23	12·19	...	...	...	23·41	...	21·78	23·41	...	21 78				
...	...	...	729·92	...	704·22	14·59	...	14·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				12
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	577·47	340·13	557·02	26·90	44·20	28·43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				13
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	1180·93	...	1137·98	35·42	...	34·13	...	...	...	21·08	...	20·32	21 08	...	20·32				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				14
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	440·94	380·71	436 79	13·04	10·15	12·84	...	...	...	37·52	...	34·94	37·52	...	34·94				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				15
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	71·01	201·20	79·59	2·13	20·12	3·31	...	...	...	26·98	201·20	39·79	26·98	201·20	39·79				
1	1	...	...	20000·00	488·99	...	100·00	2·44	...	10000·00	244·49	...	...	...	...	10000·00	244·19				16
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	375·51	363·63	375·00	8·00	7·27	7·96	...	...	...	81·63	...	78 12	81·63	...	78·12				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				17
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	757·97	869·56	711 65	29·57	19·30	28·12	...	...	...	67·56	...	62·18	67·56	...	62·18				
...	...	...	608·84	...	512·82	25·87	...	21·79	...	...	...	304·41	...	128·20	304·41	...	128 20				18
...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	1421·19	389·10	1356·92	26·23	5·84	24·96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	90·49	...	81 63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	714·94	705·22	709·92	22·58	15·08	22·00	..	...	...	31·70	12·00	30·26	31·70	13·00	30 26				
1	...	1	208·66	569·26	231·85	8·99	3 79	8·66	...	189·75	12·20	52·16	189·75	61·01	52·16	379·50	73·21				
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
...	...	...	996·66	502·41	985·83	34·13	21·62	33·04	...	...	...	44·24	14·77	42·40	44·24	14·77	42·40				
1	1	...	180·61	466·56	197·94	12·74	3·11	12·15	...	155·52	9·43	50·17	155·52	56·55	50·17	311·04	65·98				
...	...	...	...	...	...	0·90	7·25	1·73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not enquired into under Section 157, clauses (a) and (b) Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been (committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	115 ...	Abetment of offences not committed, &c.	1	...	...	...	1
	117 ...	Abetting commission of offences by public, &c. ...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119 ...	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1	...	...	...	1
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*					
2	131 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471 ...	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government notes ...	63	1	3	2	50
4	212 to 216 ...	Harbouring an offender	14	...	...	...	12
5	224 to 226 ...	Other offences against public justice	84	...	12	2	79
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	52	...	6	1	49
7	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier	29	...	2	...	23
		Total ...	242	1	23	5	213
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the person.*					
8							
9							
10	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... by thugs	...	...	...	...	...
11		„ dacoits	1	...	...	1	2
12		„ robbers	11	...	...	1	8
		„ poison	5	...	...	...	3
13	307 ...	Other murders	77	...	7	17	69
14	304, 308 ...	Attempts at murder	16	...	...	3	12
15	376 ...	Culpable homicide	15	...	1	...	15
16	377 ...	Rape	82	...	1	1	50
17	317, 318 ...	Unnatural offences	38	...	3	...	21
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	24	...	...	...	13
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	125	...	1	1	108
20	225, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	1	...	...	...	1
21	328 ...	Grievous hurt	232	3	8	1	181
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	13	...	...	1	10
23	324 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	9	...	...	...	9
24	363 to 369 ...	Hurt by dangerous weapon	112	5	...	8	74
25	246 to 348 ...	Kidnapping or abduction	20	1	...	...	12
26	172, 373 ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret for purpose of extortion	10	...	...	...	7
27	371 ...	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...
29	304 A, 338 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	246	8	7	5	184
		Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt ...	9	...	...	...	7
		Total ...	1,046	17	28	34	277
		CLASS III—*Serious offences against Person and Property or against Property only.*					
30	395, 397, 398 ...	Dacoity	24	...	8	1	25
31	399, 402 ...	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398 ...	Robbery with hurt ... by poisonous or stupefying drugs ...	2	...	...	...	2
		by other means ...	6	...	...	...	3
33	392, 393 ...	Robbery ... in a dwelling house	20	...	...	...	5
		on the high way between sunset and sunrise ...	26	...	1	1	10
		other robberies	42	...	2	...	13
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	206	5	5	2	51
35	428, 429 ...	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal ..	112	2	9	1	62
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ...	3,735	179	218	24	1,214
37	449 to 452 ...	House trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	59	1	1	2	52
38	412, 413 ...	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ...	3	...	...	...	3
39	311, 400, 401 ...	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves ...	7	...	...	...	7
		Total ...	4,242	187	244	31	1,445

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for the year 1884.

Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Persons.							
			Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	a Ending in conviction.	b Ending in acquittal or discharge.	c Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.				Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year. Arrested by Police.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year. Appearing under order of Magistrate.	Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before Magistrate to persons arrested by police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	101	78	66	1	...	37	11	2	55	77	4	2	...	63	2	67	2	4	6	57
10	86	83	12	...	...	9	2	...	75	82	1	...	...	17	2	19	...	3	18	16
75	96	95	91	1	...	72	2	...	78	97	1	2	1	103	3	109	3	5	5	100
46	78	82	42	3	...	32	7	...	71	82	1	10	...	338	59	407	...	31	9	376
19	103	83	31	1	...	19	3	4	59	86	2	1	...	33	1	35	...	5	15	30
183	94	86	242	6	...	169	25	6	18	87	9	15	1	554	67	637	5	48	9	579
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	100	50	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	100	50	11	...	...	3	3	...	27	50	...	6	...	17	...	23	12	1	6	10
...	80	...	4	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	2	...	14	...	16	...	2	14	14
29	95	48	79	1	...	19	19	14	24	50	9	20	...	117	4	150	2	26	22	116
10	100	83	16	...	...	8	1	3	50	89	3	3	...	13	...	16	...	...	...	16
10	112	67	18	...	...	10	5	...	56	67	2	...	...	23	...	23	...	7	30	15
19	94	38	75	3	...	19	28	2	24	40	29	1	...	55	7	63	1	4	7	57
13	93	62	38	...	...	13	8	1	34	62	6	...	...	25	1	26	...	2	8	24
10	92	77	21	1	...	10	3	1	45	77	5	...	...	24	1	25	...	5	21	20
73	100	68	126	...	...	71	33	1	56	68	14	1	...	115	2	118	1	6	5	110
1	100	100	1	...	...	1	...	...	100	100	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4
143	97	79	231	1	...	142	33	6	61	81	20	1	...	288	27	316	...	17	6	293
3	100	30	13	...	...	3	4	...	23	43	8	1	...	16	...	17	...	2	12	15
6	78	67	6	1	...	6	1	...	86	86	...	...	...	13	9	22	...	...	...	22
45	87	61	97	...	...	43	24	2	44	64	9	4	...	128	10	142	1	21	16	120
7	80	58	15	1	...	5	2	1	31	71	4	...	...	16	18	34	3	4	25	26
4	100	57	10	...	...	4	2	...	40	67	3	...	...	10	2	12	...	...	...	12
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
122	89	66	224	2	...	116	54	5	51	68	31	5	...	249	26	280	1	7	3	272
5	111	71	9	...	1	5	3	...	50	37	4	1	...	10	...	11	...	3	30	8
505	94	65	995	10	1	478	227	36	48	68	147	54	...	1,143	107	1,304	22	107	9	1,159
19	116	76	37	...	...	19	6	...	51	76	1	7	...	123	...	130	3	3	2	117
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	100	100	2	...	...	2	...	...	100	100	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6
1	100	50	6	...	...	1	1	...	17	50	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3
2	100	40	20	...	...	2	3	...	10	40	3	...	...	11	...	11	...	2	18	9
6	122	60	33	...	...	6	4	...	18	60	7	1	...	25	...	26	...	8	32	18
12	84	92	37	...	...	12	1	...	32	92	16	...	...	22	...	22	...	4	18	18
22	94	43	197	1	1	22	25	2	11	47	14	2	...	78	8	88	1	4	5	82
38	88	61	106	1	...	37	21	...	35	36	14	1	...	79	8	88	...	2	3	85
995	87	82	3,430	2	4	985	202	28	29	83	96	36	8	1,603	36	1,683	14	103	6	1,557
41	98	79	58	1	...	41	9	...	69	82	9	6	...	85	6	97	...	1	1	96
12	100	67	3	...	...	2	...	...	67	100	...	...	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	9
4	100	57	7	...	...	4	3	...	57	57	...	...	...	33	...	33	...	...	...	33
1,144	80	79	3,936	5	...	1,133	275	30	29	80	160	53	8	2,077	58	2,196	18	127	6	2,034

PART I.—Return of Cognizable crime

Cases

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not enquired into under Section 157, clauses (a) and (b) Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*					
40	341, to 344 ...	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	129	1	2	1	72
41	336, 337 ...	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life ...	33	...	1	...	26
42	374 ...	Compulsory labour ...	4	...	...	...	2
		Total ..	166	1	3	1	100
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*					
43	453, 456 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	301	38	...	1	166
44	379, to 382 ...	Theft ... ... of cattle ...	727	3	45	21	582
		Theft ... ... ordinary ...	9,260	533	319	56	4,087
45	406 to 408 ...	Criminal breach of trust ...	247	5	4	6	151
46	411, 414 ...	Receiving stolen property ...	222	...	7	8	224
47	447, 448 ...	Criminal or houses trespass ...	864	30	9	8	497
48	461, 462 ...	Breaking closed receptacle ...	13	1	...	...	2
		Total ...	11,634	610	384	100	5,709
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*					
49	295 to 297 ...	Offences against religion ...	6	...	...	...	4
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874 ...	Vagrancy and bad character ...	220	...	...	14	218
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified ...	Offences against Gambling Act ..	86	...	...	...	81
52		Excise Laws ...	678	7	10	7	628
53		Opium Act ...	349	...	...	1	326
54		Railway Laws ...	48	...	...	...	35
55		Salt and Custom Laws ...	...	...	...	...	...
56		Arms Act ...	121	12	...	...	120
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291, to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or local laws ...	Public and local nuisances ...	1,360	1	...	5	1,337
		Total ...	2,868	20	10	27	2,749
58	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police ...	Forest Act ...	196	...	1	12	171
		Breach of Post Office Act ...	1	...			
		Cantonment Act ...	79	...	...	...	...
		Stamp Act ...	8	...	...	...	79
		Criminal Tribes Act XXVII of 1871 ...	...	...	...	...	...
		Army Regulation Act of 1881 Section 156 ...	4	...	...	...	4
		Total ...	288	...	1	12	254
		Grand Total ...	20,487	836	699	210	11,249

1.—(Continued.)

for the year 1884.—(Continued.)

Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in cases decided.	Number of cases decided by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Persons.							
			Sua motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	a Ending in conviction.	b Ending in acquittal or discharge.	c Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.				Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year: Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.	Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before Magistrate to persons arrested by police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
37	68	51	63	26	...	29	27	...	33	52	22	1	...	85	54	140	...	15	18	124
19	100	73	34	...	...	19	7	...	56	73	4	...	...	33	...	33	...	1	3	31
1	75	50	3	...	...	1	1	...	33	50	1	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2
57	75	57	100	26	...	49	35	...	39	58	27	1	...	120	54	175	...	16	13	157
128	87	77	260	...	2	128	36	4	49	78	18	1	...	200	1	202	...	15	7	185
495	102	85	785	2	...	476	73	15	60	87	30	32	13	931	24	1,000	63	53	6	880
3,342	89	82	8,545	19	4	3,298	726	62	38	82	504	89	14	5,773	76	5,952	32	345	6	5,545
109	84	72	192	20	...	94	38	1	44	71	25	7	...	154	42	203	6	7	5	190
160	98	71	222	3	...	156	62	6	69	71	7	9	2	271	16	298	10	11	4	277
305	60	61	462	57	1	265	141	...	51	54	117	11	...	575	275	861	...	30	5	828
1	69	50	9	...	...	1	1	...	11	50	1	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2
4,540	88	79	10,475	101	7	4,418	1,080	88	42	80	702	149	29	7,906	434	8,518	111	461	6	7,907
2	67	50	4	...	...	2	1	...	50	67	1	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6
169	104	77	221	7	...	167	41	10	73	80	13	14	...	259	23	296	1	22	8	263
68	100	84	86	...	...	68	13	3	79	84	1	...	...	695	...	695	...	4	1	664
549	85	87	565	20	...	479	64	4	82	88	23	17	...	652	119	788	3	28	4	753
263	95	81	333	...	...	260	61	6	78	81	7	1	...	442	9	452	...	9	2	443
31	62	88	30	...	..	23	4	..	77	85	...	..	...	32	15	47	...	2	5	45
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
106	90	88	105	4	...	97	10	...	89	91	2	...	...	119	24	143	...	2	2	141
1,225	94	92	1,278	1	...	1,165	98	13	91	92	26	5	..	1,490	100	1,595	...	7	1	1,587
2,413	92	88	2,622	32	...	2,251	292	36	85	89	73	37	...	3,695	290	4,022	4	74	2	3,902
144	28	84	50	5	...	46	5	1	84	90	2	12	...	65	317	394	...	4	6	389
...	100	..	1	—	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
78	100	99	57	22	...	...	...	...	99	99	...	...	...	57	22	79	...	...	...	79
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3
4	100	100	4	...	...	4	...	...	100	100	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4
226	48	89	112	27	...	128	6	1	92	95	2	12	...	129	339	480	...	4	3	475
9,068	88	81	18,483	207	13	8,636	1,941	197	46	81	1,120	321	38	15,026	1,349	17,334	166	837	5	16,215

Serial number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.
			28	29	30	31
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	...	2	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offences by public, &c.	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	2	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*				
2	131, 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government notes	15	...	40	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	2	...	14	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	8	...	91	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	125	15	227	9
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	4	...	22	...
		Total	154	15	394	9
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the person.*				
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by thugs	...	...	...	—
9		Murder „ dacoits	4	4	...	2
10		Murder „ robbers	3	5	...	6
11		Murder „ poison	4	1	...	...
12		Other murders	32	29	...	35
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	1	6	4
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	3	1	4	7
15	376	Rape	34	2	20	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	9	...	14	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	4	...	15	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	35	...	74	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	...	...	4	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	67	1	192	10
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	12	...	3	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	11	...	11	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	49	...	67	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	9	...	17	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion	4	...	8	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution	...	...	—	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	107	...	159	1
29	304 A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt	2	...	6	...
		Total	390	44	600	64
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Person and Property or against Property only.*				
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	26	8	82	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt by poisonous or stupefying drugs	...	...	6	...
		Robbery with hurt by other means	2	...	1	...
33	392, 393	Robbery in a dwelling house	5	...	4	...
		Robbery on the highway between sunset and sunrise	10	...	7	1
		Robbery other robberies	2	...	15	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	47	...	32	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal	39	...	45	1
36	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	305	1	1,187	4
37	449 to 452	House trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	37	...	59	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	...	1	8	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves	14	...	8	...
		Total	487	10	1,454	6

I.—(Continued.)

for the year 1884.—(Continued)

sons.				Number pending at end of year.				Property.						
Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.* died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Before appearance before a Magistrate.		Under trial before a Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was lost to cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
				In custody of Police.	On bail.									
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
40	63	73	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	71	86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
89	86	92	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
210	62	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
22	67	76	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
373	67	73	1	5	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	12	20	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	200	265	24	5	
5	36	36	...	...	...	...	...	10	3	30	837	238	28	One person convicted under Section 201, India Penal Code.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
35	30	31	4	6	...	4	12	4	3	75	251	83	33	
10	77	77	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	48	73	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
20	36	40	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	52	56	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14	58	74	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
72	63	67	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
198	69	74	1	3	3	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	19	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	85	85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
63	49	57	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	31	62	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	70	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
146	59	59	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	60	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
625	55	92	8	12	4	39	13	15	8	53	1,353	345	25	
82	67	70	1	7	...	...	...	21	9	43	14,916	1,510	10	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	100	226	85	38	
1	33	33	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	20	266	12	5	
4	36	44	...	...	...	...	...	17	7	41	1,105	120	11	
8	32	44	...	...	...	...	...	22	6	27	1,816	367	20	
15	68	83	...	...	...	1	...	20	10	50	1,946	1,671	86	
32	41	43	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
46	58	60	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,171	73	77	17	9	...	43	...	2,868	1,359	47	2,13,936	45,845	21	
57	67	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	89	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	24	24	11	...	...	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,438	69	78	29	17	...	48	...	2,955	1,394	47	2,34,211	49,610	21	

PART I.—Return of Cognizable crime

Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	For Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate. By Magistrate.	For Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate. By Sessions or High Court.	For Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct). By Magistrates.	For Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct). By Sessions or High Court.
			28	29	30	31
		CLASS IV—*Minor offences against the Person.*				
40	341, to 344	... Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	53	...	71	...
41	336,337	... Rash act causing hurt or endangering life ...	7	...	24	...
42	374	... Compulsory labour ...	1	...	1	...
		Total ...	61	...	96	...
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*				
43	453, 456	... Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	45	...	136	...
44	379, to 382	... Theft ... of cattle ...	144	...	710	...
		ordinary ..	1,169	1	4,291	4
45	406, to 408	... Criminal breach of trust ...	57	...	131	...
46	411, 414	... Receiving stolen property ..	85	...	185	...
47	447, 448	... Criminal or house trespass ..	391	...	437	...
48	461, 462	... Breaking closed receptacle ...	1	...	1	...
		Total ...	1,892	1	5,891	4
		CLASS VI—*Other offences not specified above.*				
49	295 to 297	... Offences against religion ...	4	...	2	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act. IX of 1874	... Vagrancy and bad character ...	82	19	153	...
51		Offences against Gambling Act ...	198	...	456	...
52		Excies Laws ...	105	...	644	...
53	Cognizable offences onder the Act specified ...	Opium Act ...	103	...	333	...
54		Railway Laws ...	8	...	37	...
55		Salt and Custom Laws ...	...	...	...	...
56		Arms Act ...	15	...	126	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291, to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or local laws ...	Public and local nuisances ...	174	...	1,393	...
		Total ...	689	19	3,144	...
58	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police ...	Forest Act ...	50	...	339	...
		Breach of Post Office Act ...	...	...	...	...
		Cantonment Act ...	...	...	...	...
		Stamp Act ...	1	...	78	...
		Criminal Tribes Act XXVII of 1871 ...	...	...	...	...
		Army Regulation Act of 1881, Section 156 ...	...	...	...	...
			...	...	4	...
		Total ...	51	...	421	...
		Grand Total ...	3,724	91	12,000	83

1.—(Continued.)

for the year 1884.—(Continued)

sons.								Property.						
Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was lost to cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
				Before appearence before a Magistrate.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
				In custody of police.	On bail.									
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
45	53	64	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
24	73	77	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
70	68	68	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
136	68	74	...	1	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
696	75	81	11	4	...	15	...	685	676	99	23,947	20,243	85	
4,258	74	78	18	29	1	61	1	8,598	4,653	54	146,713	50,947	35	
117	76	79	...	...	...	2	..	168	95	57	7,787	3,111	40	
176	65	67	...	...	...	7	...	6	24	400	589	2,234	379	
363	63	66	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5,747	73	77	29	34	5	89	1	9,457	5,448	58	179,036	76,535	43	
2	33	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
161	62	67	1	10	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
456	66	69	...	...	27	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
564	86	89	...	2	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
329	74	76	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
26	81	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
107	90	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,325	89	89	...	...	1	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2,970	80	82	1	12	30	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
62	95	86	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
57	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
123	95	90	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11,346	73	76	71	80	42	231	14	12,427	6,850	55	4,14,600	1,26,490	31	

D.—Police 2.

Part II.—Return of Non-cognizable crime.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.							
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Class I.—*Offences against the State. Public Transquillity &c. &c.*														
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	4	...	4	...	4	6	6	...	...	...	6	...	...
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228	Offences against public justice	7·83	135	14	149	38	104	147	222	39	53	1	130	1	...
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	1·88	20	1	21	5	18	25	26	7	7	...	12	...	2
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims and fraudulent deeds, and dispossession of property.	4·77	31	3	34	5	29	52	53	10	18	...	25	...	1
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents.	1·33	10	2	12	1	8	11	12	4	3	...	4	..	1
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	4·47	55	...	55	36	42	54	58	12	10	...	37	...	...
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	0·8	3	...	3	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...
10	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	3·51	41	4	45	8	44	189	198	18	41	...	140	...	7
		Total	18·74	299	24	323	96	249	475	578	90	132	1	357	1	11
		Class II.—*Serious offences against the person.*														
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	0·46	3	...	3	...	3	3	3	...	1	...	2	...	...
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	0·33	3	...	3	...	3	3	3	...	1	...	2	...	...
		Class III.—*Serious offences against property.*														
13	384 to 389	Extortion	3·20	48	1	49	12	44	72	90	27	10	...	34	...	20
		Class IV.—*Minor offences against the person.*														
14	345	Wrongful confinement	0·20	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	103·02	3,121	1	3,122	98	2,875	5,347	5,610	707	3,028	...	1,792	...	78
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	3·04	97	...	97	2	95	183	187	...	106	...	80	...	2
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	52·59	1,024	2	1,026	70	946	1,735	1,858	480	721	1	610	...	36
		Total	136·93	4,243	3	4,246	170	3,917	7,266	7,656	1,187	3,856	1	2,482	...	116

Class V.—*Minor offences against property.*																		
18	417 to 420	...	Cheating	...	4·26	88	1	89	12	70	101	105	36	23	...	45	...	3
19	403, 404	...	Criminal misappropriation of property	...	4·84	90	22	112	86	73	86	102	16	16	...	103	...	1
20	409	...	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	...	2·35	26	...	26	3	25	27	26	1	9	...	15	...	1
21	426, 427, 434	...	Mischief (simple)	...	4·16	98	1	99	13	86	169	181	12	110	...	58	...	1
			Total	...	11·55	302	24	326	64	254	383	414	65	158	...	221	...	6
Class VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*																		
22	298	...	Offences against religion	...	1·	8	...	8	...	6	12	12	8	3	...	1	...	...
23	490 to 492	...	Criminal breach of contract of service	...	...	44	...	44	...	1	1	49	...	45	...	4	...	...
24	493 to 498	...	Offences relating to marriage	...	9·36	168	...	168	8	132	147	151	81	44	...	23	...	3
25	500 to 502	...	Defamation	...	11·52	210	...	210	6	153	190	249	40	137	..	72	...	...
26	504, 506 to 510	...	Intimidation and insult	...	33·63	338	...	388	13	293	451	470	4	155	...	156	...	5
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	...	Public and local nuisances	...	2·62	13	...	13	3	13	12	19	3	1	...	15	...	...
28	291A.	...	Keeping a lottery office	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	Offences under Chapter VIII A., C P. C.	.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction.		4 37	5	...	5	...	6	16	16	...	...	...	16	...	...
30	Offences under Chapter X. C. P. C.		Public nuisances	...	25·54	6	...	6	...	6	6	6	...	1	...	5	...	...
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	...	Disputes as to immoveable property	...	1·0	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	..	...	...
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	...	Maintenance of wives and children	..	22·4	85	...	85	1	85	85	87	19	35	...	27	...	6
			Total	...	57·59	878	...	878	31	696	921	1,060	306	421	...	319	...	14
Special Laws, offences under which we are not cognizable by the Police.																		
(Detail.)																		
Police Act V of 1866		...		...	4·0	9	...	9	8	9	11	11	...	...	1	10	...	...
Post office Act XIV of 1866		...		..	...	3	...	3	1	3	3	3	...	...	...	3	...	...
Cattle trespass Act I of 1871		...		...	10·0	125	...	125	33	123	305	305	23	140	...	135	...	6
Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878		...		...	1·	3	...	3	1	3	7	7	...	...	...	7	...	...
Stamp Act I of 1879		...		...	8·51	24	...	24	4	24	42	42	...	16	...	26	...	...
Railway Act IV of 1879		...		...	6·	4	..	4	1	4	4	4	...	1	..	3	...	...
Security for keeping the peace, Section 107 C. P. Code		..			...	3	...	3	2	3	8	8	...	...	...	7	...	1
Resisting apprehension or escaping from custody, Section 651 C. P. C.		...		...	0·5	3	...	3	...	3	7	7	...	4	...	3	...	...
Municipal Act of 1873		...		...	32·72	412	1	413	260	412	458	460	2	47	...	408	...	2
Arms Act XI of 1878		...		...	...	3	...	3	3	3	3	3	...	...	...	3	...	...
Forest Act VII of 1878		..		...	...	277	...	277	7	277	285	287	2	121	...	162	...	...
Prisons Act XXVI of 1870		...		...	0·7	2	...	2	...	2	3	3	...	1	...	2	...	...
Telegraph Act I of 1876		...		...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
Inoculations		...		...	...	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...
Pound Act		...		..	9·	11	...	11	2	11	18	18	4	11	...	3	...	...
Cantonments Act III of 1880		...		...	...	29	...	29	29	29	35	33	...	2	..	33	...	...
			Total	...	39·51	911	1	912	351	909	1,192	1,194	33	343	1	896	...	9
			Grand Total	...	235 47	6,684	53	6,737	724	6,072	10,312	10,995	1,708	4,921	3	4,221	1	176

Thuggee and Dacoity administration of poisonous or stupefying drugs

Description of Crime.	Cases.				Persons.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under columns II and III brought to trial within the year.	Cases under columns II and III in which no one was brought to trial up to close of the year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in columns II and III.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thuggee. ... By strangulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...
Thuggee. ... By poison ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacoity on land	7	4	1	8	84	38	35	34	1	...	46
Dacoity on water	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(a) with murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(b) without murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other professional crimes, viz :—											
Kidnapping	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cattle theft	1	19	1	18	...	5	5	5	...	...	...

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for Criminal purposes and other professional Crimes for the year 1884.

Comparative Return.

Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			Remarks.
1882.	1883.	1884.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1882.	1883.	1884.	
13			14			15			16			17			18
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	38	5	...	35	4	...	34	899	2,078	3,915	436	234	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	24	* 10	...	24	10	...	24	10	...	495	3,503	...	495	1,583	* Five Kanjars were arrested in 1884 who were convicted in 5 separate cases of Jubbulpore District.

Statement of Additional Police collected for the protection of persons and

PART

Additional Police collected for the protection of

Districts.	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular force.		Specially employed in addition to columns V to VIII.		Total cost under columns IX & X.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To local or private funds
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Saugor ...	Garhakota	12 days.	50,000	2	20	2	20	...	...	...	...
	Garphera	3 ,,	18,000	1	5	1	5	...	...	...	...
Damoh ...	Bandakpur	4 days.	35,000	3	26	3	26	...	...	...	...
	Do.	3 ,,	12,000	1	4	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Pandwa	15 ,,	4,000	1	4	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Gysabad	7 ,,	5,000	1	4	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Chopra	8 ,,	4,000	1	6	1	6	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore ...	Tilwaraghat	3 ,,	8,000	...	...	4	20	...	...	...	...
	Bheraghat	8 ,,	10,318	...	...	6	40	...	...	...	...
Mandla ...	Hirdeynagar	21 ,,	8,350		...	3	14	...	...	...	...
	Perwa	15 ,,	1,123	..	...	2	16	...	...	...	...
	Mudhpuri	23 ,,	4,507	...	...	2	16	...	...	...	...
Seoni ...	Chapara	1 month	7,000	2	10	1	10	...	...	...	...
	Mundara	1 week	6,000	...	..	1	8	...	...	—	...
	Hirri	1 month.	not known	...	...	1	8	...	...	...	...
Nimar ...	Nakh Bhowani	1 ,,	24,000	...	...	2	12	...	...	...	...
	Singaji	15 ,,	30,000		...	4	28	...	...	...	...
	Mandhata	15 days	40,000	1	4	9	28	...	...	...	...
Narsinghpur ...	Burman	20 ,,	35,473	12	49	4	12	...	...	...	...
	Sunkul	7 ,,	40,000	1	4	1	4	...	...	...	...
Hoshangabad...	Bandrabhan	1 week.	7,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
Betul ...	Malajpur	1 month.	50,000	..	.	1	16	...	...	...	...
	Sadbarah	12 days	10,000	.	...	4	10	...	...	...	...
	Multai	1 month.	15,000	4	21	1	4	...	...	...	...
Chhindwara ...	... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagpur ..	Ramtek	...	15 days.	3,34,013	5	28	5	28	...	...	...	...
Wardha ...	Pota	...	1 month.	20,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Deorwara	...	Do.	22,000	...	..	1	6	...	...	...	...
	Seshti	...	Do	16,000	...	...	1	4	..	...	...	...
	Somargam	...	7 days.	10,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Kapsi	...	10 ,,	9,000	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
Chanda ...	Chanda Mahankali	...	1 month.	2,11,839	1	6	6	30	...	..	...	...
	Chimur	...	19 days.	19,700	3	20	2	8	...	...	...	...
	Markanda	...	23 ,,	25,938	...	...	2	8	...	...	...	...
	Vadha	...	18 ,,	917	...	...	1	4	...	...	..	...
	Vithal Rukmai	...	15,,	2,200	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...
Bhandara ...	Partabgarh	...	8 ,,	5,000	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	...
	Sukri	...	10 ,,	5,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Rampaili	...	1 month	9,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Gaemukh	...	12 days.	15,000	...	...	3	10	..	...	..	...
	Rajegbira	...	5 ,,	300	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
	Labbee	...	8 ,,	3,000	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
	Ashti	...	5 ,,	2,000	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
	Saondar	...	5 ,,	150	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
	Bandgaon	...	5 ,,	1,000	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
Balaghat ...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raipur ...	Rajim	...	1 month.	1,50,000	3	10	1	12	...	...	...	...
	Mahadeo Ghat	...	1 day.	10,790	...	...	3	12	...	...	...	...
	Bugoli	...	15 ,,	2,000	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
Bilaspur ...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sambapur ...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

lice 4.

property, or quartered as a punitive measure for the year 1884.

I persons and property.				PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.			Strength of additional Police.					Remarks.
Investigated by the police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Number of cases.	Officers.	Men.	Total cost of additional police including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or places in which the additional Police was established	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.							
16	7	400 0 0	231 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	2 1 7	2 1 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	1	1	4	411	...	3	At Gharaghat.
...	...	.....	.....	1	1	6	594	...	3	At Kutra Belkhera.
1	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	1	66 8 0	25 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	4	6 4 0	4 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	On borders of the Balaghat and Seoni districts.
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	7	9 0 0	9 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	5 6 0	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	1	51 4 3	1 2 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	2	1 10 0	1 10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	3	168 14 0	10 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	5	232 0 0	6 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	122 0 0	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	2	9 8 0	9 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	2	2 0 0	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	6	777 0 0	366 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	1 4 0	1 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	98 0 0	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	

D.—[redacted]

Showing strength, cost, distribution and employment[redacted]

District.	Sanctioned strength of Police Force,									
	Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector General	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial or Provincial revenues.							Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial or Provincial revenues.	
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents	Number of Subordinate officers on Rs. 100 and upwards. (1)	Number of Subordinate officers on less than Rs. 100 (1)	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Total.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Office of Inspector General of Police ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Saugor	..	1	3	93	14	607	...	719	...	...
Damoh	..	1	2	63	7	311	...	384	...	...
Jubbulpore ..	..	4	2	109	14	589	...	718	...	...
Mandla	..	1	2	51	5	249	...	308	...	...
Seoni ...	...	2	2	41	8	259	...	315	...	...
Nimar ...	...	2	2	68	9	310	...	421	...	...
Narsinghpur ...	...	2	2	54	5	294	...	357	...	...
Hoshangabad ..	..	2	2	83	10	452	...	550	...	...
Betul ...	...	1	2	53	5	278	...	339	...	...
Chhindwara ...	...	1	2	70	5	327	...	385	...	...
Nagpur ...	...	8	2	139	40	808	..	992	2	...
Wardha ..	..	1	2	68	12	356	..	439	...	...
Chanda ...	..	1	2	87	11	510	..	614	...	...
Bhandara ...	...	1	2	61	7	362	...	433	...	...
Balaghat ..	...	1	2	37	5	187	...	232	...	...
Raipur ...	..	1	3	74	13	427	...	518	...	...
Bilaspur ...	..	1	2	46	8	262	...	319	...	...
Sambalpur ...	...	1	2	54	10	296	...	363	...	...
Travelling allowance	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Clothing for the Police	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Purchase of arms and accoutrements	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. of tents ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Petty construction and repairs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Extra Police	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1	29	38	1,234	191	6,914	...	8,407	2	[redacted]
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Police .	...	...	3	14	...	131	...	148	...	...
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway Police	...	...	1	11	..	104	...	116	...	...
Bhopal State Railway Police ...	...	...	...	3	...	14	...	6	...	...
Watora Coal State Railway Police ..	...	...	...	1	...	6	...	7	...	...
Grand Total ...	1	99	42	1,262	191	7,159	...	8,684	2	[redacted]

[redacted] Police of the Central Provinces for the year 1884,

Cost of Police.

Pay and travelling Allowances of Controlling Officers (col. 2), and pay and travelling allowances of their establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (column 3), (2).	Other expenses of col. 3.		Total pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns IV. and V.) (4.).	Total pay of Constables of all classes (VI, VII and VIII.).	Horse and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in columns XII XIV and XV.	Average pay of		Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Columns XII to XVIII.	Total cost.	Payable from Imperial or Provincial revenues.	Payable from other sources.
		Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and travelling allowances of their establishments, 3)				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.				
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
										Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
24,292	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,212	37,504	37,504	...
...	10,200	...	1,500	24,243	45,477	4,188	...	...	3,429	89,337	89,337	..
...	6,000	...	1,380	14,331	23,304	2,568	...	...	2,680	50,266	50,266	...
...	22,884	...	1,380	23,646	43,764	4,416	..	...	5,832	1,01,922	1,01,922	...
...	6,000	...	1,200	11,145	18,612	1,818	...	...	2,166	41,271	41,271	...
...	11,40	...	1,200	12,081	19,605	2,118	...	...	2,831	49,568	49,568	...
...	10,200	...	1,380	17,142	29,898	3,000	...	...	6,568	68,188	68,188	...
...	12,000	...	1,380	13,425	21,825	2,040	...	...	3,350	54,020	54,020	..
...	16,200	...	1,380	20,604	33,744	3,456	...	...	5,112	84,196	80,496	...
...	6,000	...	1,2[illegible]	14,367	20,721	1,944	...	...	2,273	46,505	46,505	...
...	12,000	...	1,[illegible]	13,122	24,258	2,136	...	...	2,546	55,262	55,262	...
...	18,000	..	1,380	30,285	62,847	8,880	21-12-0	6-1-4	7,790	1,29,182	1,28,768	414
...	14,400	...	1,260	11,859	26,991	3,408	...	...	3,584	64,502	64,502	...
...	6,000	...	1,380	20,337	38,715	4,224	...	...	3,510	74,166	74,166	...
...	6,000	...	1,380	13,824	27,075	2,376	...	...	3,260	53,915	53,915	...
...	7,200	...	1,200	9,321	14,115	1,752	...	...	2,150	35,738	35,738	...
...	7,200	...	1,380	20,985	32,298	4,224	...	...	3,614	69,701	69,701	...
...	7,200	...	1,200	12,558	19,893	2,640	...	...	2,334	45,825	45,825	...
...	6,000	...	1,380	12,630	22,545	2,880	...	...	2,342	47,777	47,777	...
...	...	22,400	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	23,400	23,400	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49 014	49,014	49,014	...
...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	8,000	8,000	8,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	380	380	380	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40,000	40,000	40,000	...
										13,15,939		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,000	..	7,000
24,292	1,84,884	22,400	24,760	2,98,908	5,25,687	58,728	21-12-0	6-1-4	1,66,280	13,22,939	13,15,525	7,414
...	3,600	...	...	11,175	12,183	...	...	7-12-0	5,012	31,970	10,657	21,313
...	...	...	...	3,183	9,672	..	...	7-12-0	1,050	13,905	13,905	...
...	600	...	...	996	1,302	...	...	7-12-0	456	3,354	3,354	...
...	...	...	...	105	450	...	...	6- 4-0	42	597	597	...
[redacted]	1,89,084	22,400	24,760	3,14,367	5,49,294	58,728	...	...	1,72,840	13,72,765	13,44,038	28,727

Districts.	Distribution of force.									
	In district.								On Town, Municipal or Harbour duty.	In Cantonment.
	Guards at District, Central or Subsidiary jails.		On station duties.		Guards over lock-ups and treasuries or escort to prisoners and treasure or in reserve.		Total,			
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.		
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
Office of Inspector General of Police ..	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saugor ...	2	10	61	319	21	159	84	479	118	41
Damoh ...	...	...	43	178	20	126	63	304	19	...
Jubbulpore ..	..	..	68	312	25	173	93	485	134	25
Mandla ...	..	...	49	235	3	13	52	248	9	...
Seoni ...	1	6	31	156	11	93	46	255	16	...
Nimar ..	1	6	60	283	15	76	76	365	66	2
Narsinghpur ...	...	...	38	189	17	92	55	281	32	...
Hoshangabad ..	...	...	69	346	12	94	81	440	76	4
Betul ...	1	9	40	196	10	62	51	267	13	...
Chhindwara ..	1	6	31	179	2	8	34	193	32	...
Nagpur ...	4	45	60	261	31	316	95	622	258	118
Wardha ...	1	6	56	276	18	98	75	380	...	...
Chanda ...	1	9	70	424	17	77	88	510	27	...
Bhandara ..	1	8	43	223	15	75	59	306	41	...
Balaghat ...	1	6	29	132	2	8	32	146	11	...
Raipur ...	...	...	58	298	14	83	72	381	49	...
Bilaspur ...	1	6	42	187	8	78	51	271	...	...
Sambalpur ...	...	...	44	215	12	90	56	305	...	...
Travelling allowance ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Clothing for the Police ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Purchase of Arms and Accoutrements ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do of Tents ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Petty construction and repairs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Extra Police	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	15	117	898	4,409	253	1,711	1,166	6,237	904	[illegible]
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Police...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bhopal State Railway Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Warora Coal State Railway Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total ...	15	117	898	4,409	253	1,711	1,166	6,237	904	[illegible]

Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole district.	Proportion of the whole force (officers and men)						Proportion of the Police on station duties, (officers and men.)						Total amount of cognizable crime reported (Cols. 4 and 6 of Statement A, Part I.)	Proportion of cognizable crime to the Police Force on station duties (Cols. XXVII and XXVIII.)
		To area (6)			To population (7,)			To area.			To population.				
		Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of towns (5,)	Of Towns (5.)	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of towns (5).	Of Towns (5).	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of towns (5).	Of Towns (5)	Of the whole District.	Of the District exclusive of Towns (5).	Of Towns.		
35	36	37	38	49	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	59	50
...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4,005	5,64,950	5·51	..	...	781	683	98	16·54	...	..	1,486	1,300	186	1,887	4·97
2,799	3,12,957	7·25	7 67	1·90	810	821	789	12 66	12 96	1·90	1,416	1,318	789	535	2·42
3,918	6 87,233	5·3	6 8	0 19	93	810	122	7 3	..	...	1,273	1,106	167	1,794	4 72
4,719	3,01,760	15 27	15 67	...	97·3	1,0 2	5?1	16·61	16 61	...	1,062	1,045	5?4	634	2·23
3,247	3,34,739	10·21	10 76	2·6	1,0	1,077	647	15 85	17 05	2·6	1,625	1,707	647	602	2·92
3,340	2,91,241	6 55	.	...	45	21	..	9 74	9·.	8·9	674	434	6·7	879	2·56
1,916	3,65,173	5 21	6·	4	99	1,03	575	8	8	0·25	1,698	1,627	57	973	4·28
4,437	4,88,787	7·38	6 5	0 5	813	717	65	10 69	9·7	0·5	1,178	1,078	98	1,342	3·28
3,905	3,04,905	11·52	...	...	899	...	...	16 51	...	...	1,202	...	...	706	2·99
3,915	3,72,899	10·	...	...	·97·3	85	251	18	...	...	1,750	1,631	119	527	2·47
3,786	6,97,353	3·16	5·10	10·	633	6??	512	1·75	...	...	1,9?0	...	..	1,892	5·89
2,401	3,87,221	5 27	..	...	851	771	52?	7 2	...	...	1,166	1,0?1	134	850	2·56
10,785	6,40,146	17·56	18·3	2 2	1,057	1,061	894	21·83	2?·3	2·3	1,3?1	1,? 5	891	903	1·83
3,922	6,83,779	9·09	9·1	3·	1,5?6	1,5?0	778	14 71	...	..	2, 7?	2,4?2	5?3	1,211	4 55
3,146	3,40,554	13·50	..	...	1,451	...	...	19 51	..	...	2,115	...	...	8?9	5·02
11,885	14,05,171	23·07	26·4	..	2,728	2,662	66	33·38	...	...	3,917	3,8?1	95	2,950	8·28
7,798	10,17,3?7	24 21	23 00	16·	3,159	3,127	41	34 07	33·	1(	4,4??	4,3?3	58	1,347	5·88
4,521	6,93,499	12·49	12	...	1,915	1,877	39	17·45	18·	...	2,077	2,02?	51	1,339	5·17
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
84,445	98,38,791	10·04	12·12	4 36	1,170	1,193	434	15·91	16 07	365	1,854	1,787	370	21,180	4·00
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
84,445	98,38,791	9·72	12·12	4·36	1,170	1,193	434	15·91	16·07	365	1,854	1,787	370	21,180	4·00

D.—Police 5.

Return showing equipment, discipline, and general internal management of the Force in each district of the Central Provinces for the year 1884.

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.										
						Punishment by their own Departmental Officers.										
						Dismissed		Fined.		Degraded.		Suspended.		Total.		Amount of Fines.
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only	Officers.	Men	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
																Rs. a. p.
Saugor	98	624	320	243	159	...	1	2	1	11	9	1	8	14	19	1 12 0
Damoh	65	318	166	33	182	...	2	3	..	6	1	..	11	9	14	17 0 0
Jubbulpore	113	622	123	38	574	1	1	6	1	4	3	1	18	12	23	35 8 6
Mandla	53	254	152	13	140	3	8	4	8	4	2	1	12	12	30	12 7 7
Seoni	46	267	175	20	158	..	1	2	...	1	..	2	7	5	8	4 0 0
Nimar	83	423	137	29	340	..	..	1	...	1	...	...	3	2	3	0 2 0
Narsinghpur	57	316	147	17	204	...	1	..	...	6	...	...	7	6	8	.....
Hoshangabad	94	530	353	29	232	1	3	..	..	2	..	...	1	3	4	.....
Betul	55	283	174	16	148	...	3	22	7	2	2	2	5	26	17	75 12 0
Chhindwara	52	332	132	17	203	...	4	2	6	4	...	...	15	6	25	5 11 0
Nagpur	156	934	316	70	704	...	4	21	21	12	9	...	10	33	44	81 0 0
Wardha	74	383	149	26	278	...	6	22	4	11	7	2	6	35	23	95 8 0
Chanda	90	523	299	33	251	1	5	..	..	3	..	..	3	4	8	.....
Bhandara	70	434	134	18	291	...	4	6	3	3	3	...	6	9	16	49 2 3
Balaghat	39	192	97	5	129	...	3	6	6	6	1	1	9	13	19	28 14 4
Raipur	78	450	204	33	286	...	6	1	48	4	2	.	6	5	62	38 12 7
Bilaspur	50	273	140	21	161	...	1	12	37	5	3	2	16	19	57	80 9 11
Sambalpur	58	308	167	21	178	...	1	2	2	1	3	2	12	5	18	14 9 7
Total ...	1,331	7,466	3,375	682	4,714	6	54	112	144	86	45	14	155	218	398	549 9 [illegible]

D—Police 5. (Continued)

Districts.	Punishments.—(Contd.) Punished judicially by a Magistrate. Under Police Act. Officers.	Under Police Act. Men.	Under Sections 330, 348, Penal Code. Officers.	Under Sections 330, 348, Penal Code. Men.	Under Chapter IX, Penal Code. Officers.	Under Chapter IX, Penal Code. Men.	Other offences. Officers.	Other offences. Men.	Rewards. Number of Police rewarded during the year. By promotion.	By money reward.	Education. Number of Police who can read and write. Officers.	Men.	Number of Police under instruction during the year. Officers.	Men.	Number enlisted during the year.	Number who have left the Force during the year. Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten year's service and upwards.	On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissals (Columns 7 and 8.)	By discharge otherwise than under preceding Columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Percentage in hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of men punished departmentally to the strength in each district.
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
Saugor								2	26	104	98	49	...	8	39	354	336	7	4	10	1	2	2	7	26·0	1·0	4·57
Damoh ...							2	8	16	19	51	6	...	16	3	190	156	5	...	9	2	4	6	9	39·37	2·35	6·01
Jubbulpore		1						3	23	58	103	11	1	60	58	384	292	4	3	18	2	4	1	18	44·6	2 45	4·76
Mandla		2					1		24	5	49	7	1	167	39	175	86	6	1	11	11	2	4	8	33·0	2 60	13 68
Seoni		1							21		44	9	...	12	34	142	137	6	5	4	1	4	1	7	96·0	2·24	4·15
Nimar				2			1	1	38	31	66	151	...	..	84	209	213	9	..	5		51	2	11	72 87	2·17	0·99
Narsinghpur ...								2	14	24	56	141	6	62	34	134	204	7	1	10	1	2	...	5	35·0	1 34	3 75
Hoshangabad ...		1		1		5			31	...	88	121	...	19	53	202	362	2	..	11	4	13	1	24	23·06	3·85	1·12
Betul							1	7	38	24	53	78	...	65	33	147	151	7	1	13	3	.	...	9	32 01	2·66	12·72
Chhindwara ...							1	8	18	7	46	68	5	114	34	176	171	9	...	7	4	2	2	6	37·04	1 56	8·07
Nagpur		1					1	1	56	2	170	525	...	22	55	405	630	4	2	17	4	..	5	8	23·0	0 73	7·66
Wardha		1						3	39	11	58	84	...	95	66	211	172	6	2	27	6	16	1	3	22 04	0·66	12·89
Chanda		2				2	1	4	48	15	84	274	4	12	62	402	149	14	7	13	6	3	1	7	43·01	1·14	1 90
Bhandara		1						2	37	7	62	246	12	174	65	220	217	5	1	13	4	3	6	5	51·19	0·99	4 95
Balaghat								3	...	4	28	48	..	70	18	165	48	2	2	4	3	...	...	5	3·79	2·16	13·85
Raipur			1					2	31	33	74	122	..	20	38	326	157	4	5	9	6	1	10	5	29·2	0·95	12·69
Bilaspur								4	19	7	47	86	4	185	21	172	128	5	..	2	1	11	3	6	42·07	1·86	24·15
Sambalpur		1						1	34	5	54	117	8	88	25	235	106	3	6	15	1	2	2	2	71·0	0·55	6·29
Total ...	.. 11	1	3	...	7	11	54	513	358	1,231	2,879	47	1,189	786	4,249	3,715	105	40	198	60	120	47	145	40·14	1·65	7·00

		Officers.	Men
District Executive Force	Foot Police	1,271	6,821
Do.	Mounted Police	11	180
	Excise Police	1	93
	Railway Police	33	255
	Ferry Police	2	2
	Extra Police	13	115
	Total ...	1,331	7,466

E.—Military 1.

STATEMENT showing the strength, cost and other particulars of the Army attached to the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

	Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting officers and men.							Detail of Force at the end of year.							Average annual pay and allowance of each.					Total cost including Contingencies.
		Remaining at the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at the end of year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.				Paid Camp followers and non-combatants.	European Commissioned Officer.	Native Commissioned Officer.	Non-Commissioned Officer.	Fighting man.	Camp follower.	
				In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.							
European.	Cavalry	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	.....	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sappers	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Artillery	325	60	...	11	11	5	38	331	2 Batteries	12	9	...	54	268	179	5,550	...	513	251	77	1,93,949
	Infantry	1,840	548	...	14	14	39	36	1,970	2 Battalions and 1 Company	...	58	...	191	1,777	160	4,675	...	580	200	85	8,53,898
	Total ...	2,165	608	...	25	25	44	40	2,301	2 Batteries, 2 Battalions and 1 Company	12	67	...	245	2,045	339	4,793	...	565	207	80	10,47,847
Native.	Cavalry	882	61	..	8	8	14	22	899	2 Regiments	...	18	23	106	752	517	9,284	1447	361	259	63	4,66,676
	Sappers	123	3	...	4	4	1	3	118	1 Company	...	1	3	15	99	6	5,700	836	32	132	112	26,868
	Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Infantry	4,600	444	...	36	36	158	48	4,802	7 Regiments	..	62	97	480	4,163	444	6,689	840	214	133	90	12,05,294
	Total ...	5,605	508	...	48	48	173	73	5,819	9 Regiments and 1 Company	...	81	123	601	5,014	967	7,253	954	243	152	76	16,98,838
	Grand Total ...	7,770	1,116	...	73	73	217	476	8,120	2 Batteries, 2 Battalions, 1 Company and 9 Regiments and 1 Company.	12	148	123	846	7,059	1,306	6,140	954	836	168	77	27,46,685

E. Military—2.

Statement showing distribution and employment of the Army attached to the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Arm of Service		Employment on last day of the year.							Employment during the year.						
		Number of Regiments, Batteries, &c., on active service.	Number of permanent Cantonments occupied.	Number of out-posts occupancy.	Average number of men at head quarters of each Regiment, Battery not on active service.		Average number of men of each Regiment, &c. detailed for out post duty.		Average number of days spent by each man on active service.	Average number of days spent by each man not on active service.			Number of Divisional or Station parades during the year.	Number of Regimental parades during the year.	Average number of days devoted to musketry instruction, &c.
					On duty.	Off duty.	On duty.	Off duty.		On duty.	With corps or company not on duty.	On furlough.			
European.	Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
	Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Artillery	...	2	...	15	150	...	...	...	30	335	...	7	818	40
	Infantry	...	3	2	68	801	12	75	...	24	341	...	14	854	135
Native.	Cavalry	...	3	...	74	354	...	...	...	54	294	17	12	282	66
	Sappers	...	1	...	11	101	...	...	...	36	325	4	3	36	10
	Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Infantry	...	8	...	88	569	...	...	...	66	282	17	14	335	141

E. Military.—3.

STATEMENT showing religion, races and classes of the Native Officers and men of the Army attached to the Central Provinces on the last day of the year 1884.

	Classification according to religion, races, &c.	Average. Age. Yrs.	ms.	Height. Ft.	ins.	Weight. lbs.	General physiognomy and characteristics of each race and caste.
According to Religion.	Muhammadans	28	0	5	6	132	
	Hindus	29	6	5	6	134	
	Seikhs	28	8	5	7	129	
	Christians	28	6	5	5	125	
	Parsis	.....		.....		...	
	Others	31	0	5	5	130	
According to Countries and Races.	Hindustanis	27	0	5	6	133	
	Punjabees	29	3	5	7¼	126	
	Afghans	27	9	5	6¼	127	
	Beloochees	.....		.....		...	
	From Western Himalayas	.....		.....		...	
	„ Eastern „	.....		.. ...		...	
	Bengalees	.....		.....		...	
	From Maratha countries	45	0	5	7	137	
	Telingas	30	1	5	5½	132	
	Canarese	21	6	5	5	125	
	Tamils	31	0	5	6	128	
	Malabars	.....		.....		..	
	Others	36	6	5	6	118	
Hindus according to Caste.	Brahmins	26	6	5	7	132	
	Rajputs	27	4	5	6¾	131	
	Other castes	29	0	5	5½	127	

F.—Marine 1.

STATEMENT showing the strength and other particulars of the Marine Force attached to the Provinces

Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting Officers and men.							Detail of Force at the end of the year.							Average annual pay and allowance of each.					
	Remaining at end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalid.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at end of last year.	Number of ships.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.	Paid non-combatants.	Total cost, including contingencies.
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.	Paid non-combatants.					

F.—Marine 2.

STATEMENT showing Religion and Races and Classes of the Native Officers and men of the Marine Force attached to the on the last day of the year.

Classification according to religion, race, &c.	Average age.	Average height.	Average weight.	General physiognomy and characteristics of each caste and race.

III.—STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

A.—Finance I.

Account of the Gross and Net revenues of the Central Provinces for the year 1884-85.

	Gross Receipts.	Charges against Income.				Total Charges.	Net Receipts.	Deficit.
		Refund and Drawbacks.	Charges for collecting, including cost of opium and maintaining Productive works.	Allowances and Assignments, including Territorial and Political pensions payable under treaties and engagements.	Allowances to District and Village officers and charitable grants.			
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
IMPERIAL.								
Land Revenue (Imperial share)	31,03,618	2,921	.....	4,48,446	.....	4,51,367	26,52,251	
Tributes and contributions from Native States	1,35,909	.....	.....	.... .	.....	.....	1,35,909	
Forest (Imperial share)	5,13,601	787	2,47,123	.....	.....	2,47,910	2,65,691	
Total Territorial ...	37,53,128	3,708	2,47,123	4,48,446	....	6,99,277	30,53,851	
Opium	2,15,039	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,15,039	
Stamps	6,84,941	6,805	18,610	.....	.....	25,415	6,59,526	
Excise	12,46,466	198	32,924	.....	... ..	33,122	12,13,344	
Assessed Taxes	1,19,534	3,975	170	.....	.....	4,145	1,15,389	
Registration	34,046	44	.....	.....	.. ...	44	34,002	
Interest	10,411	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,411	
Miscellaneous	297	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	297	
Gain by Exchange	175	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175	
Total Imperial ..	60,64,037	14,730	2,98,827	4,48,446	.....	7,62,003	53,02,034	
PROVINCIAL.								
Land Revenue	**29,59,468**	**2,829**	**6,60,511**	.....	.....	**6,63,340**	**22,96,128**	
Stamps	**6,84,941**	**6,805**	**18,610**	.....	.....	**25,415**	**6,59,526**	
Excise	**12,46,466**	**198**	**32,924**	.....	.....	**33,122**	**12,13,344**	

Provincial Rates	2,75,336	20	...	...	...	20	2,75,316
Assessed Taxes	1,19,534	3,975	170	...	...	4,145	1,15,389
Forest	5,13,601	787	2,47,124	...	...	2,47,911	2,65,690
Registration	34,046	44	...	...	...	44	34,002
Law and Justice	4,26,361	...	...	...	...	...	4,26,361
Police	88,849	...	...	...	...	...	88,849
Education	1,04,596	...	...	...	...	...	1,04,596
Medical	8,698	...	...	...	...	...	8,698
Scientific and other Minor Departments	4,038	...	...	...	...	...	4,038
Receipts in aid of Superannuations, &c. ...	6,870	...	...	...	...	...	6,870
Stationery and Printing...	21,366	...	...	...	...	...	21,366
Miscellaneous	9,143	...	...	...	...	...	9,143
Civil Buildings, Roads and Services	40,502	...	...	...	...	...	40,502
Total Provincial ...	65,43,815	14,658	9,59,339	...	...	9,73,997	55,69,818
LOCAL.							
Provincial Rates	3,72,881	1	...	...	...	1	3,72,880
Police	1,63,143	..	...	...	..	...	1,63,143
Education	1,525	...	...	...	...	...	1,525
Medical	13,900	...	...	...	...	...	13,900
Scientific and other Minor Departments	12,880	...	...	...	...	...	12,880
Miscellaneous	80,997	...	...	...	...	...	80,997
Civil Buildings, Roads and Services	73,440	...	...	...	...	...	73,440
Total Local ...	7,18,766	1	...	...	...	1	7,18,765
EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS.							
Cantonment Funds	72,929	...	...	...	...	...	72,929
Police Remount Fund	4,628	...	...	...	...	...	4,628
Police Butchat Fund	331	...	...	...	...	...	331
Dispensary Fund	64,541	...	...	...	...	...	64,541
Museum Fund	2,549	...	..	...	...	...	2,549
Total Excluded Local Funds ...	1,44,978	...	...	...	...	...	1,44,978
Gross Receipts ...	1,34,71,596	29,389	12,58,166	4,48,446	...	17,36,001	1,17,35,595

A.—Finance II.

Account of Expenditure from the net income of the Central Provinces, for the year 1884-85.

Head of expenditure.	Amount. Last year.	Amount. Present year.	Cause of Increase or Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	
IMPERIAL.			
Civil and Political Establishment ...	1,12,698	1,10,053	
Civil Contingencies ...	13,508	16,432	
Interest on ordinary debt ...	3,098	10,466	
Interest on other obligations ...	23,107	22,527	
Registration ...	14,910	17,878	
Police ...	2,018	2,472	
Miscellaneous ...	5,670	4,837	
Total Imperial ...	1,73,009	1,84,665	
PROVINCIAL.			
Civil and Political Establishment ...	3,39,036	3,58,601	
Civil Contingencies ...	74,150	65,310	
Judicial charges, Courts, &c. ...	7,11,599	7,09,047	
Registration ...	14,909	17,878	
Post Office ...	45,075	50,660	
Law and Justice—Jails ...	4,75,734	4,52,832	
Police ...	13,20,682	13,67,707	
Education ...	5,77,829	5,71,747	
Medical ...	2,72,991	2,81,153	
Superannuation ...	1,50,189	1,47,765	
Stationery and Printing ...	1,23,012	1,37,100	
Miscellaneous ...	29,709	28,529	
Charges in respect of Capital interest on debt, Railways ...	3,49,032	3,71,718	
Civil Buildings, Roads and Services ...	9,853	12,369	
Total Provincial ...	44,93,800	45,72,416	
LOCAL.			
Land Revenue ...	...	...	
Administration ..	1,26,210	1,40,230	
Police ...	48,180	53 415	
Education ...	2,408	25,755	
Medical ...	30,305	25,905	
Scientific and other Minor Departments ..	51,291	54,977	
Superannuation ...	632	612	
Stationery and Printing ...	...	57	
Miscellaneous ...	24,437	18,667	
Civil Buildings, Roads and Services ...	2,65,049	2,14,383	
Total Local ...	5,48,512	5,34,001	
EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS.			
Cantonment Funds ...	66,574	69,172	
Police Remount Fund ..	5,716	4,874	
Police Butchat Fund ...	291	336	
Dispensary Fund ...	51,783	1,30,003	
Museum Fund ...	1,399	3,032	
Total Excluded Local Funds ...	1,25,763	2,07,417	
Grand Total ...	53,41,084	54,98,499	
Surplus ...	...	62,37,096	
Deficit ...	..	..	

A.—Finance III.

Amount of Receipts and and Disbursements of the treasuries of the Central Provinces in the year 1884-85.

Receipts.	Amount.	Disbursements.	Amount.
	Rs.		Rs.
Cash balance of last year ..	69,71,812		
IMPERIAL.		IMPERIAL.	
Net Revenue as per Statement No. 1	53,02,034	Expenditure as per Statement No. II	1,84,665
PROVINCIAL.		PROVINCIAL.	
Net Revenue as per Stotement No. 1	55,69,818	Expenditure as per Statement No II	45,72,416
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Net Revenue as per Statement No. 1	7,18,765	Expenditure as per Statement No. II	5,34,001
EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS.		EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS.	
Revenue as per Statement No. 1	1,44,978	Expenditure as per Statement No. II	2,07,417
Government of India Stock Notes	463	Government of India Stock Notes	
Savings Bank Deposits	2,77,180	Savings Bank Deposits	274,375
Civil Deposits	25,83,488	Civil Deposits	23,85,400
Municipal Funds	9,54,673	Municipal Funds	9,45,454
Miscellaneous Debt Accounts	29,36,850	Miscellaneons Debt Accounts	29,18,500
Account Current with Native States	42,403	Account Current with Native States	61,270
Coinage Accounts	1,000	Coinage Accounts	...
Departmental Accounts	5,404	Departmental Accounts	2,950
Loans to Municipalities, Native States &c.	101,219	Loans to Municipalities, Native States &c.	70,000
Cash Remittances and Adjustments	79,62,210	Cash Remittances and Adjustments	79,61,417
Remittances by Bills ... { Local ...	9,17,657	Remittances by Bills ... { Local	9,27,691
Remittances by Bills ... { Foreign ..	12,33,390	Remittances by Bills ... { Foreign	13,20,227
Remittances by Bills ... { Other Governments ..	8,33,915	Remittances by Bills ... { Other Governments ...	12,38,509
Civil ... { Service Funds ...	70,412	Civil-Miscellaneous	5,29,286
Civil ... { Miscellaneous	5,23,707	Foreign Remittances	39,27,698
Foreign Remittances	4,00,000	Post Office Department	2,61,139
Post Office Department	25,97,692	Telegraph Department	1,15,475
Telegraph Department	29,398	Account Current with Marine	30
Military Depatment	1,15,924	Military Department	36,02,964
Public Works Department... { Ordinary Branches ...	1,20,038	Public Works Department... { Ordinary Branches ...	18,87,137
Public Works Department... { Railway Branches ...	14,04,963	Public Works Department... { Railway Branches	17,83,243
Accounts between England and India	348	Accounts between England and India	...
Grand Total ...	4,18,19,741		
Disbursements ...	3,57,01,264	Grand Total ...	3,57,01,264
Cash at end of year ...	61,18,477		

B.—Public Works I.

Statement showing the expenditure incurred on Imperial and Provincial Services in the Public Works Department, Central Provinces, during the year 1884-85.

Details.	Total of each Station			Total of each Class.		
	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.
IMPERIAL ORDINARY.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
MILITARY WORKS.						
Buildings for the accommodation of European Troops at Kamptee ...	29,929	8,404	38,333			
Do. do. Asirgarh ...	324	1,556	1,880			
Do. do. Khandwa ...	1,565	3,083	4,648			
Do. do. Nagpur ...	129	827	956			
				31,947	13,870	45,817
Buildings for the accommodation of Native Troops at Kamptee ...	179	1,565	1,744			
Do. do. Nagpur ...	410	996	1,406			
Do. do. Asirgarh ..	254	167	421			
Do. do. Hoshangabad ...	...	626	626			
Do. do. Raipur ...	4,414	1,015	5,429			
Do. do. Sambalpur ...	403	232	635			
Do. do. Chanda ...	...	160	160			
Do. do. Sironcha ...	...	46	46			
				5,660	4,807	10,467
Rents of Buildings or compensation for Quarters ...	...	...	...	...	742	742
Ordnance Works	...	...	...	73	828	901
Commissariat	...	...	...	625	1,594	2,219
Staff and Miscellaneous	...	...	...	5,143	3,776	8,919
Roads to hill stations or lines of Military communication.	...	...	...	5,431	1,625	7,056
General Cantonment works	...	...	...	144	5,780	5,924
Fortifications	...	...	...	38,160	1,099	39,259
Total Works and Repairs ...	...	...	...	87,183	34,121	1,21,304
Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	27,900
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...	...	1,872
Profit and loss	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,51,076
Decrease in Suspense balances	...	...	...	...	...	— 17,788
Total Military ...	...	...	..	..	...	1,33,288
BARRACK DEPARTMENT.						
New supplies	...	...	..	...	...	566
Repairs and Carriage	...	...	...	...	...	760
Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	4,040
Total Barrack Department ...	...	...	...	...	...	5,366
Total Military Works ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,38,654
CIVIL BUILDINGS, ROADS AND SERVICES.						
CIVIL BUILDINGS.						
Buildings for Postal Department ..	...	...	...	5,329	1,528	6,857
Do. Telegraph Department ...	...	...	...	32,733	258	32,991
Total Civil Buildings ...	...	...	...	38,062	1,786	39,848

B.—Public Works I.—(Continued).

Details.	Total of each Station			Total of each Class.		
	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.
MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Boring operations in the Coal Fields near the Hengir Road Station in Raipur District	...	...	...	9,313	...	9,313
Experiments in the manufacture of Pig Iron with Umaria Coal and Murwara Ore in the Jubbulpore Division	...	...	...	524	...	524
Total Miscellaneous Public Improvements ...	...	...	...	9,837	...	9,837
Total Works and Repairs ...	...	...	...	47,899	1,786	49,685
Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	9,286
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...	...	625
Total Civil Buildings, Roads and Services ...	...	...	...	...	..	59,596
Grand Total Imperial Ordinary ...	...	...	..	...	...	1,98,250
PROVINCIAL SERVICES.						
CIVIL BUILDINGS.						
Imperial Services. Administration	...	...	...	16,341	10,295	26,636
Imperial Services. Minor Department	...	...	...	...	1,727	1,727
Imperial Services. Law and Justice	...	...	...	23,809	10,128	33,937
Imperial Services. Ecclesiastical	...	...	...	3,678	5,705	9,383
Provincial Services. Jails	...	...	...	65,582	12,556	78,138
Provincial Services. Police	...	...	...	14,131	6,806	20,937
Provincial Services. Educational	...	...	...	575	1,431	2,006
Provincial Services. Medical	...	...	...	29,258	1,523	30,781
Provincial Services. Miscellaneous or General	...	...	...	7,873	3,933	11,806
Total Civil Buildings ..	...	...	...	1,61,247	54,104	2,15,351
COMMUNICATIONS.						
Jubbulpore and Mandla Road	...	...	...	12,158	17,849	30,007
Saugor and Jubbulpore Road *via* Damoh ...	...	...	...	50,892	22,252	73,144
Great Northern Road from Nagpur to Jubbulpore ...	...	...	...	2,604	91,232	93,836
Road from Seoni to Chhindwara	...	...	...	8,444	...	8,444
Balaghat and Gondia Road	...	...	...	25,379	...	25,379
Road from Gondia to Pulchoor	...	...	...	4,182	...	4,182
Tumsar and Katangi Road	...	...	...	43,629	...	43,629
Eastern Road from Nagpur to Bhandara and thence to Raipur eastward...	...	...	...	25,676	1,25,283	1,50,959
Southern Road from Nagpur to Chanda ...	...	...	...	13	21,987	22,000
Road from Betul to Itarsi	...	...	...	8,882	26,845	35,727
Piparia and Pachmarhi Road	...	...	...	11,429	16,086	27,215
Road from Budnoor to Chichenda	...	...	...	9,691	2,712	12,403
Saugor and Kareli Road	...	...	...	5,766	57,831	63,597
Saugor and Jhansi Road	...	...	...	5,601	9,705	15,306
Saugor Northern Road to Banda and Cawnpur ..	...	...	...	11,545	...	11,545
Road from Raipur to Bilaspur	...	...	..	3,426	3,614	7,040
Road from Nagpur to Betul	...	...	...	11,364	4,364	15,728
North-west Road from Nagpur, Kamptee to Chhindwara	...	...	...	38,601	22,836	61,437
Road from Raipur to Sambalpur	...	...	...	86,095	12,865	98,960
Road from Drug to Damteri	...	...	...	3,434	...	3,434
Khundwa to Mhow Road	...	...	...	2,467	8,356	10,823

Details.	Total of each station.			Total of each class.		
	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.
Hoshangabad and Etarsee road	...	...	...	591	1,079	1,670
Chegaon and Echapur road	...	...	...	...	6,880	6,880
Jubbulpore and Mirzapur road	...	...	..	...	15,872	15,872
Railway feeder road (Kanhan Division) ...	...	...	...	...	16211	16,211
Road from Dongargarh to Khyragarh ...	...	...	...	1,342	...	1,342
Pulgaon and Arvi road	...	...	...	2,953	...	2,953
Other roads	...	...	...	9,349	11,502	20,851
Total Communications ...	...	...	...	3,85,213	4,95,361	8,80,574
MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.						
Hinganghat water works	2,663	...	2,663	...	...	...
Extension of water supply to old town of Hinganghat ...	13	...	13	...	...	...
Babooria Reservoir at Seoni	...	...	1,260	...	...	...
Lake at Pachmari	302	1,433	1,735	..	...	...
Telinkheri water works	1,377	2,092	3,469	...	...	...
Petty works	187	...	187	...	...	...
Total Miscellaneous Public Improvements ..	...	...	...	5,802	3,525	9,327
Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	2,77,564
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...	...	20,948
Profit and Loss	...	...	...	...	...	52
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	14,03,816
Increase in the Suspense Balances	...	...	...	...	...	1,173
Total Outlay Provincial Services ...	...	...	...	...	...	14,04,989
CONTRIBUTION WORKS.						
Civil Buildings	...	...	...	3,277	...	3,277
Communication	...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous Public Improvements	...	...	...	18,667	415	19,082
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	22,359
Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	2,589
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...	...	287
Grand Total Contribution Works ...	...	...	...	...	...	25,185
INCORPORATED LOCAL FUNDS						
Expenditure incurred by Public Works Officers.—						
Civil Buildings	...	...	...	...	...	...
Communication	...	...	...	25,755	2,334	28,089
Miscellaneous Public Improvements	...	...	...	2,396	2,019	4,415
Total ...	...	..	...	...	...	32,504
Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	1,894
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...	...	284
Grand Total Incorporated Local Funds ...	...	...	...	...	...	34,682

B.—Public Works 2.—(State Railways.)

Statement showing the (Capital) Income and Expenditure on Re-productive works in the Central Provinces, for the year 1884-85.

Name of Railway.	Total outlay on construction to end of 1884-85.	Total income realized during 1884-85.	Deduct charges 1884-85.			Net surplus or deficit.	Remarks.
			Working Expenses including Establishment.	Interest on capital at 4 per cent.	Total charges.		
	Rs.	Rs.	R.s	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Wardha Coal State Railway	66,19,103	6,78,220	4,76,027	2,61,356	7,37,383	—59,163	This is for the combined undertaking Railway and Colliery.
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway ...	104,34,969	13,62,392	8,04,797	4,04,798	12,09,595	1,52,797	Line first opened for traffic on 6th April 1880.

C.—Railway.

Statement showing the (Capital) Income and Expenditure on Re-productive Works in the Central Provinces, for the year 1884-85.

Name of work.	Miles opened during the year.	Total miles open.	Passengers during the year.					Receipts from passengers.	Receipts from merchandise.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total receipts.	Working expenses.	Net profits.	Number of European staff.	Number of Native staff.	Total Capital expenditure.
			1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Cooly or 4th Class.	Total.									
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.
Wardha Coal State Railway ..	...	47	346	344½	1,718	1,30,373	1,32,781½	30,177	1,70,463	4,73,987	6,83,627	4,78,445	2,05,182	30	439	66,19,103
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway.	...	149	2,992	10,872	13,132	7,04,139	7,31,135	2,13,555	11,49,915	9,052	13,72,522	8,38,752	5,33,770	115	1,713	104,34,969

D.—Marine 1.

STATEMENT showing the various Government Ships and Vessels employed under the Government of—in the **year 188**

Detail of Vessels.	Tonnage of each vessel and horse power of engines, if a steamer.	No. of officers.	No. of men.	Total annual cost.	Total annual earnings of the vessels.	**Remarks.** (In this column should be **stated the** nature of the duties on which **each vessel was employed.)**
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Sea-going Vessels						
River-going Vessels-						
All other craft, boats &c.						

After the name of the vessel, it should be stated whether she is a steamer or a sailing vessel.

D.—Marine 2.

STATEMENT showing the number of officers and men employed otherwise than in Government Vessels under the Government of—in the year 188

*Description of Establishment.	No. of officers.	No. of men.	Total annual cost.	Total annual earnings.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Superintending Establishment ...					
Dock-yard Establishment ...					
Pilot Establishment ...					
Government salaried ...					
Government free ...					
Licensed ...					
Any other Establishment ...					

* When necessary the description of Establishments here shown should be altered to suit local circumstances.

STATEMENT III E.1—Agriculture—Crops cultivated in acres.

Districts.	Cereals and pulses.				Oilseeds.	Sugar-cane.	Fibres.				Indigo.	Coffee.	Tea.	Tobacco.	Cinchona.	Miscellaneous.		Total area of crops.	Deduct area cropped more than once.	Actual area on which crops were grown.
		Wheat.					Cotton.													
	Rice.	Grown alone.	Grown mixed with other crops.	Other food grains including pulses.			Grown alone.	Grown mixed with other crops.	Jute.	Other sorts.						Food crops.	Non-food crops.			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Sangor ...	11,483	4,93,210	36,128	1,81,668	70,163	2,957	16,074	9,505	1,312	245	52	...	...	1,629	.	52,474	1,594	8,78,494	4,894	8,73,600
Damoh ...	50,286	2,19,224	...	1,49,004	69,968	743	8,579	...	260	276	61	..	....	954	...	24	2,545	5,01,924	9,157	4,92,767
Jubbulpore...	1,19,695	3,02,409	1,43,366	3,59,936	1,13,070	1,727	1,780	17,811	798	...	...	..	..	515	...	3,328	352	10,64,787	55,167	10,09,620
Mandla ...	76,742	68,246	1,424	58,355	24,896	839	525	...	...	1,544	...	...	..	802	...	1,38,321	5,498	3,77,192	4,072	3,73,120
Seoni ...	1,07,151	2,49,210	20,351	1,79,135	54,457	757	5,989	...	1,300	95	..	..	...	17	...	502	33	6,18,997	11,243	6,07,754
Narsinghpur.	17,876	1,70,545	90,755	2,47,105	23,050	1,677	4,635	23,554	1,046	...	6	.	..	794	..	302	488	5,81,833	4,939	5,76,894
Hoshangabad.	11,661	5,55,136	55,606	1,19,211	42,376	412	8,391	1,469	...	1,066	..	.	..	1,484	...	1,57,990	265	9,55,067	709	9,54,358
Nimar ...	13,393	32,430	299	2,76,168	51,606	125	36,066	...	...	1,294	7	..	...	294	...	5,144	3,324	4,20,150	19,972	4,00,178
Betul ...	13,856	1,65,829	24,516	2,70,101	89,173	6,109	2,161	...	2	2,391	...	..	...	91	.	47,139	2,455	6,23,823	2,052	6,21,771
Chhindwara.	7,035	1,51,318	35,123	2,83,970	62,298	5,700	9,668	39,000	...	2,496	..	..	...	544	...	20,695	227	6,18,074	1,526	6,16,548
Wardha ...	1,307	2,12,549	...	2,18,607	2,06,674	293	2,06,177	24,192	542	...	...	...	...	1,255	...	5,786	428	8,77,810	849	8,76,961
Nagpur ...	34,857	3,53,346	...	4,51,305	2,20,347	838	15,588	88,846	...	743	...	.	...	724	..	11,243	7,481	11,85,318	1,332	11,83,986
Chanda ...	1,85,552	87,766	...	2,37,955	1,46,945	4,123	9,274	...	...	708	...	...	..	515	.	6,318	9,703	6,88,859	50,650	6,38,209
Bhandara ...	2,89,091	1,03,371	...	1,84,897	75,026	3,837	...	...	468	...	...	...	..	248	...	6,214	2,491	6,65,643	98,342	5,67,301
Balaghat ...	2,07,469	10,498	...	85,615	22,924	1,260	...	...	70	...	..	.	..	774	...	501	19	3,29,130	71,210	2,57,920
Raipur ...	10,51,538	1,03,991	...	4,76,530	2,43,837	1,807	6,910	...	1,055	...	.	..	....	2,584	...	4,714	...	18,92,966	2,26,617	16,66,349
Bilaspur ...	7,16,620	58,480	...	2,83,160	1,07,371	5,798	7,917	12,108	391	1,517	...	...	.	2,790	...	8,398	609	12,05,159	1,25,946	10,79,213
Sambalpur ...	1,76,013	125	...	32,976	8,651	5,282	11,372	...	...	...	...	.	.	194	...	2,032	2,105	2,38,750	...	2,38,750
Total ...	30,91,625	33,37,683	4,07,568	40,95,698	16,32,822	44,284	3,51,106	2,16,485	7,244	12,375	126	...	...	16,208	...	4,71,135	39,617	1,37,23,976	6,88,677	1,30,35,299

Statement III. E 2.—Extent of Irrigation.

Districts.	Total area of crops in column 18, Statement III. E.1.	Area irrigated.						Detail.			
		By canal.		Tanks.	Wells.	Other sources.	Total area of crops irrigated.	Wheat grown alone or in a mixture.	Other cereals and pulses.	Miscellaneous food crops.	Miscellaneous non-food crops.
		Government.	Private.								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Saugor ...	8,78,494		...	452	4,336	331	5,119	1,050	238	3,831	...
Damoh ...	5,01,92[illegible]	...	...	41	1,605	120	1,766	114	15	1,477	160
Jubbulpore ..	10,64,787	...	...	25	3,677	65	3,799	...	...	3,799	...
Mandla ...	3,77,192	32	...	...	1,616	...	1,616	...	...	...	1,616
Seoni ...	6,18,997	...	...	...	1,255	24	1,279	...	..	1,279	...
Narsinghpur ...	5,81,833	...	...	...	4,077	...	4,077	...	...	4,077	...
Hoshangabad ...	9,55,067	...	...	1	1,448	286	1,735	...	...	1,735	...
Nimar ...	4,20,150	...	...	203	12,697	1,334	14,234	8,225	1,713	3,728	568
Betul ...	6,23,823	...	...	...	6,785	...	6 785	...	...	...	6,785
Chhindwara ...	6,18,074	...	...	...	7,693	229	7,922	...	...	7,695	227
Wardha ...	8,77,810	...	...	...	3,354	...	3,354	...	...	2,507	847
Nagpur ...	11,85,318	...	...	...	10,976	218	11,194	...	...	11,194	...
Chanda ...	6,88,859	...	697	1,43,810	1,853	1,075	1,47,435	...	...	1,40,227	7,208
Bhandara ..	6,65,643	...	...	1,85,714	1,329	3,214	1,90,257	...	...	...	...
Balaghat ...	3,29,130	...	...	..	3,036	4	3,040	...	1,933	1,107	...
Raipur ...	18,92,966	...	...	1,415	5,299	...	6,714	...	...	6,714	...
Bilaspur ..	12,05,159	...	...	4,835	2,168	...	7,003	...	...	7,003	...
Sambalpur ...	2,38,750	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Total ...	1,87,23,976	32	697	3,36,496	73,204	6,900	4,17,329	9,389	3,899	1,96,373	17,411

Statement III F.—Prices of produce.

| Districts. | Price of produce per maund of 80 lbs. | | |

III. G.—Mines and Quarries.

District.	Where situated.	Mineral produced.	Number of Mines.	Remarks.
Saugor ...	Amarmau, Tigora, Hirapur, Ujaoti, Odeypur and others	Iron ore and stone...	18	
Damoh ...	....	.....		
Jubbulpore ..	Jubbulpore, Sihora and Murwara.. ...	Do. do.	199	
Mandla ...	Tahsils Mandla and Ramgarh	Iron ore and limestone ..	47	
Seoni ...	Dhutra, Khumeria, Jatama and 9 others ...	Iron ore, millstone and white ochre...	15	
Narsinghpur...	Mohpani, Sihora and Setarewa	Coal ...	*3	*Leased to Nerbudda Coal and Iron Company.
	Tendukhera, Umarkheri, Umerpani, Kishanpur, Latgaon, Nandia and Jhirri ..	Iron ore ...	38	
	Khariri, Bambori and Bichua	Limestone ..	3	
	Nagwara, Bagaspur, Pitehra, Barehta, Bhainsa, Imjhiri, Khairi, Kishanpur, Chargaon, Bachai and Kachnaghat	Sandstone ...	47	
Hoshangabad ...	Tahsils Hoshangabad, Sohagpur, Seoni and Harda...	Building stone ..	18	
Nimar ..	Chandgarh, Uchaca, Changukheri, Monesai, Smod	Stone and limestone.	23	
Betul ...	Sonada, Kotmi, Mardanpur, Pandra and Dhori	Coal ...	5	
	Chickla, Kanjitalao	White ochre ...	2	
Chhindwara ...	Barkoi, Senda and 38 other places ..	Coal, iron and slate..	40	
Wardha ...	Saonji, Injarpur and Nandgaon	Building stone ..	4	
Nagpur ..	Tahsils Nagpur, Ramtek, Katol and Umrer ...	Building stone ..	30	
Chanda ...	Tahsils Chanda, Bastar and Sironcha taluq ...	Iron ore, coal, building stone, red and yellow ochre ...	330	
Bhandara ..	Tahsils Sakoli and Tirora	Iron ore and various kinds of stone ...	199	
Balaghat ...	Dhansua, Lanji, Hatta, Badra, Kenhi, Paraswara, Bhanpur and Saletekri	Iron ore ...	27	
Raipur ..	Kondkasar, Bhundo, Lahora, Dalli, Sambarsingha and Magarkand	Iron ...	5	
	Mahadeo Ghat	Blue limestone ...	1	Worked by D. P. W.
	Gandia and Murum	Red ochre ...	2	
	On the hills 3 miles from Chicholi. ...	Galena or sulphate of lead ...	1	
Bilaspur ...	Lapha, Pendra, Keda, Korba, Uprora and Kawarda Zamindari	Iron ...	2	Not regularly worked.
	Bilaspur and Seorinarain	Building stone ...	3	
	Korba	Coal ...	1	
Sambalpur ..	Lohera, Behra, Magurgura and 6 other places..	Iron ...	8	About 240 mds. iron produced annually.

III.H.—1.

Total External Railway borne Trade of the Central Provinces during the year ending 31st March 1885.

IMPORTS.

Articles,	From Sindh Punjab and N. W. P.	From Bengal excluding Calcutta.	From Calcutta Port.	From Rajputana.	From Bombay Presidency excluding Bombay Port.	From Bombay Port.	From Berars.	From Madras and Hyderabad.	Total. Weight.	Total. Value.
Coal ...	...	34,527	...	27	3,653	1,35,729	1,749	...	1,75,685	52,706
Cotton raw ...	697	3	2	146	308	206	1,190	...	2,552	37,802
Cotton Twist and Yarn ... 1 European ...	20	...	5,008	...	183	18,044	4	...	23,259	16,28,130
Cotton Twist and Yarn ... 2 Indian ...	1,952	15	64	55	8,182	3,642	11,726	...	25,636	7,69,080
Total Cotton Twist and Yarn	1,972	15	5,072	55	8,365	21,686	11,730	..	48,895	23,97,210
Cotton Piece goods ... 1 European ...	1,835	...	7,133	162	11	74,055	99	151	83,446	71,81,470
Cotton Piece goods ... 2 Indian ...	5,750	38	19	525	2,615	8,837	535	566	18,888	9,53,475
Total Cotton Piece goods ...	7,585	38	7,152	690	2,626	82,892	634	717	1,02,334	81,34,945
Grains ... 1 Wheat ...	67	31	...	43,985	1,223	..	13,893	...	59,199	88,798
Grains ... 2 Rice ...	1,016	19	23	738	258	84	78	3	2,199	4,810
Grains ... 3 Juar and Bajra ...	261	..	...	5,735	55	3	22,113		28,167	52,813
Grains ... 4 Gram ...	4,547	...	...	951	26	...	11		5,535	8,302
Grains ... 5 Others ...	1,705	.	...	3,007	261	55	2,027	5	7,058	8,823
Total Grains ...	7,596	50	23	54,416	1,803	142	38,122	6	1,02,158	1,63,546
Hides and Skins ... 1 Hides of Cattle ...	44	...	...	41	44	41	317	5	492	6,642
Hides and Skins ... 2 Skins of Sheep &c. ...	98	...	9	303	144	7	273	...	834	26,532
Jute, Gunny bags and cloth ...	3,500	15,092	21,455	1,110	7,317	1,63,150	4,501	62	2,16,517	11,36,714
Liquors—										
1 Beer ...	21	...	6,169	42	29	5,528	3	1	11,793	5,30,685
2 Wines ...	19	...	253	45	32	1,880	1	30	2,279	1,13,950
3 Spirits ...	217	...	43	1	30	3,450	2	13	3,796	94,900
Total Liquors ...	257	...	6,465	88	91	10,908	6	53	17,868	7,39,535
Metals—										
1 Copper ...	793	...	355	150	580	3,247	100	4	5,229	2,38,005
2 Iron ...	7,163	2,538	2,979	850	5,862	1,07,499	1,859	155	1,28,915	6,92,918
3 Tins ...	129	3	522	51	74	1,802	25	1	2,607	59,961
Others ...	7,370	69	366	148	1,221	20,083	567	59	30,773	3,07,730
Total Metals ...	15,455	2,610	4,222	1,199	7,737	1,33,330	2,621	219	1,67,584	12,98,614
Oils ... 1 Kerosine ...	20	...	734	67	11	48,954	16	...	49,802	1,55,631
Oils ... 2 Others ...	432	23	16	904	1,180	3,074	470	...	6,099	83,861
Total Oils ...	452	23	750	971	1,191	52,028	486	...	55,901	2,39,492
Oilseeds—										
1 Linseed ...	495	...	...	318	5	...	...	...	818	2,403
2 Rape and Mustard ...	331	4	2	62	40	2	20	...	461	2,017
3 Til ...	1,189	...	...	1,183	316	...	3,901	...	6,570	25,048
4 Niger ...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...
5 Castor ...	...	...	...	..	..	...	9	...	9	26
6 Others ...	1,201	...	...	2,052	3,516	51	276	1	7,097	14,194
Total Oilseeds ...	3,207	4	2	3,615	3,867	53	4,206	1	14,955	43,688

Opium			...	334	...	...	...	...	...	...	334	2,41,860
Salt			...	9,079	16	...	34,421	11,31,282	15,973	358	11,91,484	42,44,662
Sugar		Drained	...	23,494	10,715	542	200	105	83,961	652	1,19,669	14,21,068
		Undrained	...	1,27,216	99,477	2,576	528	22,943	1,554	3,248	2,57,545	12,55,532
		Total Sugar	...	1,50,710	1,10,192	3,118	728	23,048	85,515	3,900	3,77,214	26,76,601
Tobacco			...	14,599	20,893	70	121	15,367	437	5,630	58,525	5,77,935
		Total Principal Commodities	...	2,16,085	1,83,463	48,340	97,931	12,06,843	7,02,627	75,718	25,33,832	22,018,484
Drugs and Chemicals—												
	1	Intoxicating other than Opium	...	29	...	195	2	89	28	...	343	51,450
	2	Non-intoxicating ...	...	2,518	41	281	260	1,100	9,501	4,629	18,333	1,83,330
		Total Drugs and Chemicals	...	2,547	41	476	262	1,189	9,529	4,629	18,676	2,34,780
Dyes and Tans—												
	1	Indigo ...	...	2,198	23	13	13	51	13	36	2,349	3,75,840
	2	Myraboluns ...	...	128	3	28	...	...	26	19	204	522
	3	Aniline Dyes ...	...	335	1,430	569	42	1,187	2,522	2,281	8,366	83,660
	4	Others ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	160
		Total Dyes and Tans	...	2,661	1,456	582	87	1,238	2,561	2,336	10,923	4,60,982
Horns			...	58	...	...	223	4	8	19	312	5,616
Lac—												
	1	Stick ...	...	717	4	...	122	10	8	26	877	15,966
	2	Shell lack ...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	760
Leather Manufactured		...	...	714	6	21	40	82	2,168	23	3,216	2,57,280
Paper and Paste Board		...	...	772	179	58	66	16	2,603	32	3,731	44,772
Provisions—												
	1	Ghi ...	...	1,824	345	4	731	54	3	885	3,846	1,12,976
	2	Dried fruits and nuts ...	...	3,444	89	11,104	896	1,950	1,30,153	891	1,48,834	1,125,557
	3	Others ...	...	4,342	27	336	3,346	17,683	6,662	770	33,187	3,31,870
Railway Plant and Rolling Stock		...	...	1,08,773	72,785	19,021	13,231	65,303	3,24,655	26,086	6,30,034	2,520,136
Saltpetre		...	...	1,919	...	4	419	43	1,239	71	3,695	35,103
Silk Raw—												
	1	Foreign ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	...	48	24,000
	2	Indian ...	...	30	95	356	...	...	12	2	496	99,200
		Total Silk Raw...	...	30	95	356	...	...	60	2	544	1,23,200
Silk Piece goods—												
	1	Indian ...	...	14	70	5	...	...	7	...	96	67,200
Spices		...	...	5,098	431	1,547	1,661	594	30,600	1,755	41,793	6,68,688
Stone and Lime		...	...	2,232	20	19	3,965	27,815	196	3	34,251	2,740
Tea		Foreign ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52	...	52	3,900
		Indian ...	...	89	5	461	15	1	147	...	914	54,840
		Total Tea	...	89	5	461	15	1	199	...	966	58,740
Timber		...	...	806	7	287	735	250	5,332	140	7,557	26,450
Umbrellas		...	...	4	...	...	...	8	1,907	...	1,919	38,380
Wool Raw		...	...	115	43	...	11	185	10	179	543	10,860
Woollen piece goods—												
	(a)	European ...	...	3	...	9	...	...	105	...	119	7,140
	(b)	Indian ...	...	960	10	2	282	31	128	93	1,653	66,120
		Total Woollen piece goods	...	963	10	11	282	31	233	93	1,772	73,260
Woollen Shawls		...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3,600
All other articles—												
	1	Manufactured ...	...	6,044	177	1,456	2,681	2,905	37,210	1,286	53,548	2,67,740
	2	Unmanufactured ...	...	92,264	3,978	6,900	3,398	7,960	27,896	4,354	1,47,582	36,747
		Total Minor Commodities	...	1,89,319	77,779	39,228	30,472	1,23,331	5,69,596	41,403	10,74,142	66,34,238
		Grand Total All Commodities	...	4,05,404	2,61,242	87,568	1,28,403	13,30,174	1,27,2223	1,17,121	36,07,974	28,652,722

III.II.—2.

Total External Railway borne trade of the Central Provinces during the year ending 31st March 1885.

EXPORTS.

Articles.	To Sindh, Panjab and N. W. P.	To Bengal excluding Calcutta.	Calcutta Port.	To Rajputana	To Bombay Presidency excluding Bombay Port	To Bombay Port.	To Berars.	To Madras and Hyderabad.	Total.	
									Weight.	Value.
Coal	...	...	...	72,011	6,64,860	6,237	5,56,728	...	12 99,836	3,89,951
Cotton, raw	14,308	1,730	4,030	1,892	25,058	21,609	4,096	...	72,723	10.77,209
Cotton twist and yarn—										
(1) European	...	...	...	36	...	...	1	...	37	2,590
(2) Indian	298	...	1	4	253	4,512	1,627	3	6,698	2,00.940
Total Cotton twist and yarn ...	298	...	1	40	253	4,512	1,628	3	6,735	2,03,530
Cotton piece-goods—										
(1) European	60	...	...	498	32	3	1	...	594	50 640
(2) Indian	4,388	68	15	739	2,301	517	9,834	39	17,901	8,96,300
Total Cotton piece-goods ...	4,448	68	15	1,237	2,333	520	9,835	39	18,495	9,46,940
Grains—										
1 Wheat	15,118	26,027	31,187	581	5,536	97,10,524	1,690	458	97,91,130	1,46,86,695
2 Rice	37,180	13,156	...	1,06,612	3,63,025	5,10,672	2,51,431	996	12,83,019	28,06,604
3 Juar and bajra	200	...	...	605	93,609	1,09,595	169	...	2,04 178	3 82,834
4 Gram	3,352	34,514	30,104	1,423	41.963	5,65,894	16,083	3	6,93,336	10,40,004
5 Others	990	1,131	1,074	8,892	16,618	2,07,363	54,452	740	2,91,260	3.64,075
Total Grains ...	56,849	74,828	62,365	1,18,143	5.20,749	1,11,04,048	3,23,834	2,107	1,22,62,923	1,92 80,212
Hides and skins—										
(1) Hides of cattle	11,113	912	231	697	30,459	6,237	191	8,299	67,139	9,06,376
(2) Skins of sheep, &c.	30	11	2	197	1,950	718	778	6,666	10.352	3,29 323
Jute—Gunny bags and cloth	1,835	553	6	2,682	2,263	2,531	887	15	11,072	58.128
Liquors—										
1 Beer	10	...	...	15	...	...	26	...	51	2,295
2 Wines	11	1	1	...	1	2	16	...	32	1.600
3 Spirits	4	...	2	...	..	2	8	...	16	400
Total Liquors ...	25	1	3	15	1	4	50	...	99	4.295
Metals—										
1 Copper	3	1	1	162	26	17	6	31	247	11.115
2 Iron	8,615	2,924	298	6,394	930	662	357	49	20,229	1,08,731
3 Tins	48	1	...	90	9	22	78	1	249	5.727
4 Others	158	9	12	312	187	55	415	46	1,194	11,940
Total Metals ...	8,824	2,935	311	6.958	1,152	756	856	127	21,919	1,37,513
Oils—										
1 Kerosine	7	...	...	230	...	...	1	...	238	744
2 Others	5	...	...	85	47	104	1,233	...	1.474	20,268
Total Oils ...	12	...	...	315	47	104	1,234	...	1,712	21,012
Oilseeds—										
1 Linseed	71	...	66,498	...	14	24.44.062	536	...	25,11.181	73 76,494
2 Rape and mustard	37	267	9,805	106	92	44.641	82	...	55,030	2,40 756
3 Til	14	..	253	43	242	2,60.194	35	...	2,60,781	9,94.227
4 Niger	...	...	...	...	...	434	...	...	434	1,243
5 Castor	...	...	...	...	...	7	100	...	107	308
6 Others	56	1	634	30	2,556	27,621	3,047	...	33,945	67,890
Total Oilseeds ...	178	268	77,190	179	2,904	27,76,959	3,800	...	2,861,478	86,81,023
Opium	...	...	...	9	...	1,831	...	6	1,846	5,35,340
Salt	80	...	...	3,678	282	5	...	...	4,045	14,410
Sugar—										
1 Drained	60	10	...	1,572	30	...	93	...	1,765	20.959
2 Undrained	90	5	...	3,110	353	...	919	...	4,477	21.826
Total Sugar ...	150	15	...	4,682	383	...	1,012	...	6,242	42,785
Tobacco	161	3	...	2,055	289	19	199	2	2,728	26,939
Total principal Commodities ...	98,311	81,324	1,44,154	2,14,790	12,61,983	1,39,26,390	9,05,128	17,264	1,66,49,344	3,26,54,986

Drugs and Chemicals—											
(1) Intoxicating other than opium	2,099	70	...	1,622	179	13	219	...	4,202	6,30,300
(2) Non-intoxicating	991	4	5	416	566	1,173	829	1	3,985	39,850
Total Drugs and Chemicals	3,090	74	5	2,038	745	1,186	1,048	1	8,187	6,70,150
Dyes and Tans—										
(1) Indigo	10	2	131	9	14	134	38	...	338	54,080
(2) Myrabolams	5,265	...	...	1,943	1,398	2,13,086	2,501	...	2,24,193	5,74,495
(3) Aniline Dyes	...	...	...	135	...	...	...	...	135	32,400
(4) Others	1,805	5	...	7,370	4,228	10,618	1,725	83	25,834	2,58,340
Total Dyes and Tans	7,080	7	131	9,457	5,640	2,23,838	4,264	83	2,50,500	9,19,315
Horns	486	19	89	1	376	7,958	59	4	8,992	1,61,836
Lac—										
(1) Stick	65,363	242	82	100	461	352	629	53	67,282	12,11,076
(2) Shell lac	56	...	229	...	...	...	...	...	285	11,400
Leather Manufactured	223	4	21	51	12	20	105	14	453	36,240
Paper and Pasteboard	2	...	9	141	4	3	16	...	178	2,136
Provisions—										
(1) Ghi	201	36	1,556	290	3,757	20,680	59	21	26,600	7,81,375
(2) Dried fruits and nuts	697	43	...	1,405	477	832	794	3	4,251	32,148
(3) Others	210	9	9	2,935	1,938	7,194	4,311	52	16,658	1,66,580
Railway Plant and Rolling stock	18,593	22,899	1,114	58,563	1,37,348	39,813	57,521	21	3,35,872	13,43,488
Saltpetre	...	...	2	114	60	8	31	...	215	2,043
Silk Raw—										
(1) Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(2) Indian	...	3	...	...	...	10	20	...	33	6,600
Total Silk Raw	...	3	...	...	...	10	20	...	33	6,600
Silk piece goods—Indian	5	...	...	...	2	...	9	...	16	11,200
Spices	324	1	...	2,247	1,360	3,468	2,076	179	9,655	1,54,480
Stone and Lime	48,971	36,494	68,571	70,349	84,770	2,755	3,944	...	3,15,857	25,268
Tea—										
(1) Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(2) Indian	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	4	240
Total Tea	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	4	240
Timber	292	4	5	34,248	36,430	10	54,928	2	1,25,919	4,40,717
Umbrellas	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	20
Wool, Raw	3	...	1	2	...	...	12	...	18	360
Woollen piece goods—										
(a) European	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(b) Indian	29	4	27	22	34	20	360	3	499	19,960
Total Woollen Piece-goods	29	4	27	22	34	20	360	3	499	19,960
Woollen Shawls	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	5,400
All other articles										
(1) Manufacturrd	2,033	35	107	7,700	6,320	5,912	10,177	1,260	33,553	1,67,765
(2) Unmanufactured	14,606	9,814	6,155	1,18,282	1,68,017	56,791	46,303	377	4,20,345	8,40,690
Total Minor Commodities	1,62,267	69,688	78,113	3,07,954	4,47,760	3,70,855	1,86,666	2,073	16,25,376	70,10,507
Grand Total All Commodities	2,60,578	1,51,012	2,22,267	5,22,744	17,09,743	142,97,245	10,91,794	19,337	182,74,720	396,65,493

K.—Coinage and Currency.

1.—*Coinage.*

Bullion and Silver Coins imported during the year.						Coined during the year.									Sovereigns imported during the year.	Estimated value of coin in circulation.					
Gold.		Silver.		Copper.												Gold.		Silver.		Copper.	
By State.	Private.	By State.	Private.	By State.	Private.	Gold Mohurs.	Rupees.	Half-rupees.	Quarter rupees.	One-eighth rupees.	Double pice.	Single pice.	Small coin.	Total value.		Government.	Native.	Government.	Native.	Government.	Native.
										NIL											

K 2.—Paper Currency.

Number of Notes in circulation at the beginning of the year.			Total value of Notes cashed during the year.	Total value of Notes issued during the year.	Number of Notes in circulation at the end of the year.			Reserve at the end of the year stated in rupees.							
								Coin.			Bullion.			Securities.	
Small Notes under 50 rupees.	Notes of 50 rupees and under 500 rupees.	Large Notes of 500 rupees and upwards.			Small Notes under 50 rupees.	Notes of 50 rupees and under 500 rupees.	Large Notes of 500 rupees and upwards.	Gold.	Silver.	Copper.	Gold.	Silver.	Copper.	Class of Securities being stated.	
								Nil.							

Showing the current Income and Expenditure of D

1	2	3															
		Income.															
		a	b							c	c‡	d	d‡	e			
			From Government.														
Number.	Names of Dispensaries.	Cash balance on 1st January.	As salaries.	As registers and forms.	As European medicines.	For diet of Police cases.	Sale of medicines.	Special allowance given by Government.	Total.	From Local or other funds.	From Municipal funds.	Interest on investments.	Sale of securities or withdrawal of deposits.	Total.			
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
1	Saugor Main ...	819 3 5	835 0 0	...	348 7 0	.....	.....	6 8 0	1,189 15 0	6 2 3	1,730 0 0	30 0 0	.....	126			
2	Garhakota ...	244 13 7	375 0 0	...	.....	.....	... ..	9 12 0	384 12 0	... ..	1,265 0 0	24 0 0	.....	...			
3	Kurai ...	2,264 10 8	420 0 0	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	420 0 0	.... .	660 0 0	18 0 0	.....	...			
4	Sadar Bazar ...	—10 14 11	300 0 0	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 0 0	995 0 2	.....	.....	.....	...			
5	Rohli ...	932 11 6	314 3	1	59 12 0	.....	.....	18 14 0	422 13 1	.....	440 0 0	24 0 0	.....	...			
6	Deori ...	373 12 3	660 0	0	73 11 0	.....	.....	... ..	733 11 0	.....	845 0 0	24 0 0	.....	...			
7	Shahagarh ...	542 6 2	660 0	0	26 8 0	.....	.....	... ..	686 8 0	820 0 0	.....	30 0 0	.....	...			
8	Banda ...	845 1 4	360 2	5	.....	.....	.....	18 6 0	378 8 5	295 0 0	.....	30 0 0	.....	...			
	Total ...	6,011 12 0	3,954 5	6	508 6 0	.....	.....	53 8 0	4,516 3 6	2,116 2 5	4,940 0 0	180 0 0	.. ...	126			
9	Damoh Main ...	—182 11 10	857 12	10	.....	.....	...	.....	857 12 10	.....	335 0 0	20 0 0	.....	46			
10	Damoh Town	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	... ...	... ..	.....	...			
11	Hatta ...	536 10 10	615 0	0	.....	.....	...	.....	615 0 0	.....	270 0 0	.....	.....	...			
12	Jabera ...	—6 0 9	695 0	0	.....	.....	...	6 12 0	701 12 0	250 0 0	.....	.....	.....	...			
13	Pathuria ...	71 8 9	430 10	8	.....	.....	...	.....	430 10 8	250 0 0	.....	.....	.....	...			
	Total ...	419 7 0	2,598 7	6	.....	.....	.....	6 12 0	2,605 3 6	500 0 0	605 0 0	20 0 0	.....	46			
14	Jubbulpore Mn.		1,200 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,200 0 0	.....	2,000 0 0	160 0 0	2,000 0 0	204			
15	City Branch	—1,403 5 7	656 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	656 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	...			
16	Civil Station	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	... ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...			
17	Sehora ...	285 9 8	297 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	297 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	...			
18	Murwara ...	565 14 1	300 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	...			
19	Bijeragogarh ...	670 4 1	420 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	420 0 0	300 0 0	.....	.....	.....	...			
20	Thaggi Village ...	.....	... ...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...			
	Total ...	118 6 3	2,873 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,873 0 0	300 0 0	2,000 0 0	160 0 0	2,000 0 0	204			
21	Narsinghpur Main	497 7 0	721 7	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	721 7 1	.....	... ...	.....	.....	345			
22	Chhindwara ...	—198 15 6	435 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	435 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	...			
23	Gadarwara ...	270 0 2	736 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	736 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	...			
	Total ...	568 7 8	1,892 7	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,892 7 1	.....	.....	.....	.....	345			
24	Hoshangabad Mn.	857 9 1	660 0	0	.....	.....	10 5 3	... ..	670 5 3	.....	1,000 0 0	40 0 0	.....	221			
25	Seoni ...	2,108 6 4	285 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	285 0 0	.....	600 0 0	90 0 0	.....	...			
26	Sohagpur ...	867 1 6	300 0	0	.....	.....	5 14 7	.....	305 14 7	.....	300 0 0	.....	.....	...			
27	Harda ...	216 3 4	1,260 0	0	.....	.....	5 2 0	.....	1,265 2 0	.....	132 0 0	40 0 0	... ..	30			
28	Pachmarhi ...	—10 11 3	660 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	660 0 0	.....	100 0 0	.....	.....	149			
29	Kothi Bazar ...	1,055 5 8	240 0	0	.....	.....	5 1 6	... ..	245 1 6	.....	200 4 0	65 0 0	... ..	...			
	Total ...	5,093 14 8	3,405 0	0	.....	.....	26 7 4	.....	3,431 7 4	.....	2,332 4 0	235 0 0	.....	350			
30	Khandwa Main...	3,347 5 0	660 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	660 0 0	30 8 0	1,012 0 0	.....	500 0 0	422			
31	Burhanpur ...	7,674 0 5	660 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	660 0 0	11 4 1	1,012 0 0	80 0 0	.....	...			
32	Mandhatta ...	302 2 6	300 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	300 0 0	3 0 0	60 0 0	.....	.....	...			
33	Phandhana ...	666 7 7	240 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	240 0 0	345 6 0	24 0 0	.....	.....	...			
34	Asirgarh ...	96 7 7	363 14	6	320 5 11	.....	.....	200 0 0	884 4 9	200 10 0	.....	53 11 7	28 0 0	...			
	Total ...	12,086 7 1	2,223 14	10	320 5 11	.....	.....	200 0 0	2,744 4 9	590 12 1	2,108 0 0	133 11 7	528 0 0	422			
35	Mandla Main ...	1,221 2 5	420 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	420 0 0	.....	.....	110 6 0	.....	126			
36	Ramgarh (Dindori)	78 0 0	360 0	0	.....	.....	... ..	.....	360 0 0	.....	.....	30 2 0	.....	...			
	Total ...	1,299 2 9	780 0	0	.....	.....	.. ...	.....	780 0 0	.....	.....	140 8 0	.....	126			
37	Badnur Main ...	1,068 4 1	361 14	0	.....	4 11 9	.....	.....	366 9 9	7 0 0	.....	.....	.....	107			
38	Multai ...	13 0 9	660 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	660 0 0	13 5 9	.....	.....	.....	...			
	Total ...	1,081 4 10	1,021 14	0	.....	4 11 9	.....	.....	1,026 9 9	20 5 9	.....	.....	.....	107			
39	Chhindwara Main.	566 12 9	660 0	0	.....	.....	11 0 9	.....	671 0 9	... ..	.....	47 3 0	.....	3			
40	Lodikhera ...	1,398 8 9	340 0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	340 0 0	... .	7 1 9	.....	.....	...			
	Total ...	1,965 5 6	1,000 0	0	.....	.....	11 0 9	.....	1,011 0 9	.....	7 1 9	47 3 0	.....	3			

...n the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

From Medical.	4									5	6	7	
	Expenditure.												
	f	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h				
	Total income.	On establishment.	On bazar medicines.	On European medicines, whether from Government stores or purchased.	On diet.	On Miscellaneous charges.	On buildings or repairs.	Invested during the year.	Total expenditure during the year.	Cash balance on 31st December 1884.	Average cost of each diet.	Percentage of total cost paid by Government.	Number.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
	4,276 9 10	1,465 8 0	109 12 7	1,140 6 2	298 11 0	191 14 1	.....	1,000 0 0	4,206 3 10	70 6 0	0 1 0	37·10	1
	2,274 0 3	631 6 8	17 15 8	433 9 0	83 8 0	104 6 11	32 14 6	800 0 0	2,103 12 9	179 3 6	0 0 10	29·62	2
	4,353 2 3	612 0 0	13 0 1	380 6 5	68 8 9	101 12 3	332 13 11	600 0 0	2,108 9 5	2,244 8 10	0 0 11	27·83	3
	1,284 1 3	480 0 0	22 4 7	309 1 1	14 12 0	57 15 7	400 0 0	.....	1,284 1 3	.....	0 0 6	23·37	4
	2,226 3 11	507 1 1	16 8 7	188 0 6	.....	34 14 0	.....	800 0 0	1,545 8 2	679 11 9	.....	55·70	5
	2,308 4 2	846 0 0	10 6 3	215 12 6	6 13 8	38 4 0	53 6 11	800 0 0	1,970 11 4	337 8 10	0 1 0	69·68	6
	2,151 3 9	803 8 0	17 9 8	89 3 0	.....	49 2 10	...	1,000 0 0	1,959 7 7	191 12 2	.....	71·75	7
	1,748 13 1	522 8 5	8 2 5	159 0 0	... ..	41 9 7	27 10 2	1,000 0 0	1,758 14 7	—10 1 6	.....	49·80	8
	20,622 6 6	5,868 0 2	215 11 11	2,915 6 8	472 5 5	619 15 3	846 13 6	6,000 0 0	16,938 4 11	3,684 1 7	0 0 11	41·30	
	1,799 7 7	1,205 12 10	44 1 5	168 7 2	131 7 10	85 9 0	17 14 3	.....	1,653 4 6	—112 2 1	0 1 0	45·66	9
	.....	122 2 0	20 7 4	87 3 4	... ..	19 8 6	.....	.....	249 5 2		.....		10
	1,808 7 10	771 0 0	21 12 1	118 4 10	26 13 5	72 15 6	226 0 5	.....	1,236 14 3	566 9 7	0 0 11	49·72	11
	1,043 11 3	796 13 1	12 0 0	88 0 3	13 2 6	14 10 6	9 10 6	.....	933 4 10	110 6 5	0 1 0	75·24	12
	878 12 2	586 10 8	16 7 3	88 2 5	22 12 1	16 13 11	... ..	.....	730 14 4	147 13 10	0 1 2	58·96	13
	5,516 6 10	3,481 6 7	114 12 1	550 2 0	194 3 10	209 9 5	253 9 2	.....	4,803 11 1	713 11 9	0 1 0	54·23	
	4,849 15 11	1,700 0 0	65 2 11	823 14 3	838 10 1	461 15 0	89 5 11	.....	3,979 0 2	—844 13 5	0 1 4	30·16	14
		836 0 0	51 13 4	29 15 10	.....	158 0 9	350 0 0	.....	1,425 13 11		.....	43·85	15
		75 12 9	8 10 1	59 1 11	.....	49 10 6	26 11 0	.....	219 14 3		.....	...	16
	706 8 10	381 0 0	33 5 3	48 5 2	39 3 1	76 1 4	252 1 2	.....	830 13 0	—124 4 2	0 1 6	35·74	17
	1,376 5 1	396 0 0	27 8 3	69 6 1	42 0 6	63 13 3	447 3 8	.....	1,045 15 9	330 5 4	0 1 3	28·68	18
	1,390 4 1	462 0 0	21 10 7	20 15 9	6 11 5	51 10 6	10 13 0	.....	573 13 3	816 6 10	0 0 8	78·39	19
	.....	... ..	.....	.....	. ....	...	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	...	20
	8,923 1 11	3,850 12 9	208 2 5	1,121 11 0	926 9 1	861 3 4	1,176 15 9	.....	8,145 6 4	177 11 7	0 1 4	35·27	
	1,063 3 9	1,104 15 1	22 5 7	239 3 0	64 8 2	86 8 9	8 9 6	.....	1,516 13 1	146 6 8	0 1 10	47·52	21
	236 0 6	615 0 0	2 5 2	108 0 0	1 1 1	3 10 11	.....	.....	730 1 2	—494 0 8	0 0 5	59·59	22
	1,904 15 6	964 0 0	22 3 10	131 1 0	6 3 8	20 15 6	... ..	.....	1,144 8 0	760 7 6	0 2 4	64·33	23
	3,804 3 9	2,683 15 1	46 14 7	469 4 0	71 7 11	111 3 2	8 9 6	.....	3,391 6 3	412 13 6	0 1 9	55·79	
	2,985 2 4	1,234 8 0	36 12 0	80 9 1	162 10 8	84 1 4	192 13 4	.....	1,791 6 5	1,193 11 11	0 1 3	37·41	24
	3,611 11 10	773 0 0	25 0 9	55 0 7	148 7 5	72 8 8	246 0 0	.....	1,320 1 5	2,291 10 5	0 1 3	21·59	25
	1,921 15 4	600 0 0	34 15 5	55 13 5	133 13 6	91 4 1	75 0 0	.....	970 14 5	951 0 11	0 1 2	31·51	26
	2,763 5 4	1,940 10 3	10 9 6	50 4 0	88 5 6	37 6 3	.....	.....	2,127 3 6	636 1 10	0 1 2	59·47	27
	966 12 9	900 0 0	10 7 9	137 9 0	.....	27 13 3	.....	.....	1,075 14 0	—109 1 3	.....	61·33	28
	1,742 11 2	312 0 0	12 6 9	58 1 11	.....	52 15 0	8 0 0	... ..	443 7 8	1,299 3 6	.....	55·30	29
	13,991 10 9	5,760 2 3	130 4 2	437 6 0	513 5 1	366 0 7	521 13 4	.....	7,728 15 5	6,262 11 4	0 1 2	44·39	
	6,065 11 0	1,105 8 0	66 8 2	1,123 9 8	264 0 4	139 14 8	239 11 0	3,000 0 0	5,936 3 10	129 7 2	0 0 11	22·48	30
	10,368 2 6	1,048 0 0	36 10 6	882 6 3	114 4 3	154 2 8	87 7 3	8,000 0 0	10,320 14 11	47 3 7	0 1 1	28·34	31
	1,579 2 6	576 0 0	33 2 2	187 6 1	115 10 7	102 14 5	208 4 9	.....	1,223 6 0	355 12 6	0 1 1	24·58	32
	1,816 5 7	324 0 0	41 1 11	175 5 10	.....	62 15 3	506 5 1	.....	1,108 12 1	207 9 6	.....	21·64	33
	1,263 1 11	516 10 1	12 3 7	230 8 11	3 3 5	102 3 0	22 10 6	176 3 0	1,063 10 6	199 7 5	.....	99·55	34
	20,592 7 6	3,568 2 1	189 10 4	2,599 4 9	494 2 7	562 2 0	1,063 6 7	11,176 3 0	19,652 15 4	939 8 2	0 1 0	32·35	
	2,276 7 2	660 0 0	17 0 2	436 13 3	36 0 7	45 2 0	89 8 0	1,014 6 0	2,248 14 0	27 9 2	0 0 7	34·01	35
	705 7 4	492 0 0	5 8 0	150 0 0	.....	8 0 0	9 8 0	6 2 0	670 13 0	34 10 4	.....	54·13	36
	2,981 14 6	1,152 0 0	22 3 2	586 13 3	36 0 7	53 2 0	49 0 0	1,020 8 0	2,919 11 0	62 3 6	0 0 7	41·05	
	2,033 9 10	624 6 0	16 3 6	262 0 4	47 7 10	51 8 8	190 9 10	.....	1,191 15	841 10 8	0 1 0	30·79	37
	971 14 6	813 6 8	18 10 6	126 0 1	3 6 4	47 3 6	58 14 3	.....	1,067 9 4	—95 10 10	0 0 10	61·79	38
	3,005 8 4	1,487 12 8	34 14 0	388 0 5	50 14 2	98 7 2	249 8 1	.....	2,259 8	745 15 10	0 1 0	45·46	
	2,691 8 0	967 12 0	49 10 5	298 8 8	196 8 7	179 15 6	14 4 0	47 8 0	1,658 14 2	1,032 9 10	0 1 0	41·62	39
	2,000 2 1	808 0 0	9 10 6	72 0 4	6 4 11	20 9 5	7 1 9	.....	623 10 11	1,376 7 2	0 1 1	56·49	40
	4,691 10 1	1,475 12 0	59 4 11	365 9 0	112 13 6	200 8 11	21 5 9	47 8 0	2,282 9 1	2,409 1 0	0 1 0	45.21	

IV.—STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.

A.—Ecclesiastical.

Return of persons according to religious denomination in the Central Provinces for the year 1884-85.

1	2		3	4	5	6
Denominations.	Number of persons.		Number of Ministers or Priests.	Number of Churches or Buildings designed for worship.	Total annual income from Government.	Remarks.
	Natives.	Others.				
					Rs.	
Church of England	389	1,637	7	13	16,044	
,, of Scotland	284	74	4	5	72	
Protestant Dissenters	196	229	7	6	72	
Roman Catholic	3,972	2,212	19	19	10,872	
Methodists	90	160	4	2	.....	
Lutheran Church	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	
Greek Church	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	
Armenians	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	
Syrians	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Jews	104	154	.....	.....	.....	
Parsis	197	434	1	.....	.....	
Hindus	5,961,883	14,855	* 375	497	3,873	* Manifestly incorrect in the Census of 1881, 9,701 persons are returned as Clergymen Priests, Church and Temple officers.
Arya Samajees	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Mahomedans	195,298	13,150	.....	.....	.....	
Buddhists	1,265	45	.....	.....	.....	
Jains	31,148	95	.....	.....	.....	
Sikhs	85	19	.....	.....	.....	
Other Sects	1,312,936	9,289	.....	.....	.....	
Total ..	7,507,872	42,377	417	542	30,933	

B.—EDUCATION.

1.—The University.

Return showing the results of Prescribed Examinations in the Central Provinces during the official year 1884-85.

Nature of Examination.	Number of institutions sending Examinees.				Number of Examinees.					Number Passed.					Race or creed of passed scholars							Remarks.
	Institutions under Public management.	Aided Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Total.	Institutions under Public management.	Aided Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Institutions under Public management.	Aided Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Gonds.	Jains.	Parsis.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16*a*	16*b*	16*c*	16*d*	16*e*	16*f*	16*g*	16*h*	
Arts Colleges.—																							
1. Master of Arts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	..	...	..	..	...	..	..	.	.	.	
2. Bachelor of Arts ...	4	...	...	4	10	...	..	..	10	10	...	..	.	10	..	..	8	1	.	.	.	1	
3. B. Sc.	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	.	...	..	..	..	...	.	.	.	.	
4. { First B. A.	...	...	..	...	..	..	..	.	..	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	..	..	.	.	.	.	
4. { First B. Sc.	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	.	..	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	..	..	.	.	.	.	
4. { First Arts	1	1	..	2	19	9	..	.	28	7	3	.	..	*a* 10	..	..	9	...	.	.	.	1	*a* 7 passed in April 1885
4. { Previous Examination ...	†c 1	...	..	1	1	...	..	.	1	1	...	...	..	1	...	...	1	..	..	.	.	.	†c Already included in 4.
Colleges for Professional Training—																							
Law—																							
1. Doctor of Law ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	.	..	...	...	...	.	...	...	..	...	...	..	.	.	..	
2. Bachelor of Law ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	...	...	...	..	.	...	...	...	...	..	.	.	.		
Medicine—																							
4. { First M. B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	..	.	.		
4. { First L. M. S.... ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	.	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	..	..	.	.		
Engineering—																							
3. L. C. E.	*1	..	...	1	1	...	..	.	1	1	...	...	.	1	..	..	1	...	..	..	.	...	
4. First L. C. E.	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	.	..	...	...	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	..	.	.	..	
Schools of General Education—																							
Matriculation ... { Boys ..	1	5	...	6	70	97	...	34	201	23	27	..	..	*b* 50	1	..	47	2	..	.	.	.	*b* passed in April 1885
Matriculation ... { Girls ..	...	..	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	..	..	..	..	..	...	..	..	.	.		
Middle School Examination ... { Boys ..	*34	15	...	49	428	245	...	57	730	251	†162	..	7	*b* 420	..	1	392	24	..	.	.	5	
Middle School Examination ... { Girls ...	...	..	..	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	.	...	..	...	...	..	..	.	.		
Upper Primary Examination ... { Boys ...	792	104	17	913	8,408	1,019	192	...	9,619	5,210	553	127	.	5,890	18	19	5,313	373	137	27	3	.	
Upper Primary Examination ... { Girls ...	18	7	...	25	111	79	..	..	190	83	21	2	..	106	18	2	78	5	3	..	..	.	
Lower Primary Examination ... { Boys ...	883	196	39	1,118	11,384	1,911	322	.	13,617	7,687	1,250	242	..	9,179	37	16	8,209	629	204	73	8	3	
Lower Primary Examination ... { Girls ...	57	10	4	71	478	161	23	...	665	303	34	11	.	348	24	1	299	8	9	3	4	.	
Public Service Certificate Examination. { English A &C.	6	3	3	12	18	4	4	27	53	3	1	2	26	32	...	1	29	2	..	.	.	.	
Public Service Certificate Examination. { Vernacular B.	36	8	13	57	122	13	15	64	214	80	9	9	55	153	...	...	109	44	...	.	.	..	
Schools of Special Instruction—																							
1. Training School Examination for Masters ... { Upper...	3	..	...	3	103	...	...	1	104	83	...	...	...	83	...	...	78	5	..	.	.	..	
1. Training School Examination for Masters ... { Lower...	2	..	16	18	84	...	57	6	147	55	...	6	.	61	...	...	55	4	2	.	..	...	
2. Training School Examination for Mistresses... { Upper...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Training School Examination for Mistresses... { Lower...	1	...	...	1	7	...	...	.	7	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	4	1	..	..	..	...	
3. Examination in Engineering ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Examination in Surveying ...	7	...	...	7	118	...	...	2	120	70	...	...	...	70	...	...	70	...	...	...	...	...	
5. Industrial School Examination..	2	...	...	2	9	...	...	...	9	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	

*Foreign Colleges receive our Senior College Students. †Includes 9 Students from Sihore.

Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars

Class of Institutions.	Public Institutions.													
	Under Public Management.													
	Maintained by the Department				Maintained by the District Council and Local Boards.				Maintained by Feudatory States.				Aided by the the District nicipal	
	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the rolls on 31st March.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
University Education. Arts Colleges. English ..	1	31	31	27	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	1	24
Colleges or Departments of Colleges for Professional Training ..	..	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	.	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1	31	31	27	..	..	...	...	.	...	...	...	1	24
School Education General. Secondary Schools. For Boys. English ..	37	2,410	2,173	1,798	2	67	76	61	.	...	...	...	21	1,071
Vernacular ..	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...
For Girls. English ..	..	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	.	..	...	...	3	46
Total ..	37	2,410	2,173	1,798	2	67	76	61	.	...	...	...	21	1,117
Primary Schools. For Boys ...	285	21,178	20,91[illegible]	16,950	639	41,422	39,896	26,862	35	2,212	2,250	1,520	574	23,193
For Girls ..	38	1,905	1,8[illegible]	1,[illegible]	25	1,023	984	662	1	64	71	49	29	1,288
Total ...	323	23,083	22,756	17,[illegible]	664	42,445	40,880	27,524	36	2,276	2,321	1,569	603	24,481
School Education Special. Schools for Special Instruction. Training Schools for Masters .	3	189	188	1[illegible]	..	...	...	..	.	...	...	...	...	...
Training Schools for Mistresses ...	1	29	29	2[illegible]	..	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...
Schools of Arts ...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...
Law Schools ..	..	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
Medical Schools ..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering and Surveying Schools ..	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...
Industrial Schools ...	15	267	261	180	4	49	53	34		...	...	...	..	...
Other Schools ...	2	89	92	34	...	..	...	...		...	...	...	...	...
Total ..	21	574	570	408	4	49	53	34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Colleges and Schools of Public Instruction ..	382	26,098	25,521	19,532	670	42,561	41,009	27,619	36	2,276	2,321	1,569	628	25,622

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS ...

1.—Advanced, Teaching—
(a) Arabic or Persian ... ...
(b) Sanskrit .. ..
(c) Any other Oriental Classic ... ...

2. Elementary, teaching a Vernacular only or mainly ... ...

3. European and Eurasian Schools not conforming to Departmental Standards ...

4. Other Schools not conforming to Departmental Standards ... ...

tion 2.

in the Central Provinces for the official year 1884-85.

Under Private Management.																	
Department or by Council or Municipal Boards.		Unaided.						Number of Scholars on the 31st of March Learning.			Classification of Scholars on the 31st March according to Race or Creed.							Remarks.
Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Grand Total of Public Institutions.	Grand Total of Scholars on the 31st of March.	English.	A classical language.	A vernacular language.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Parsis.	Gonds and other aboriginal tribes.	Others.	
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27a	27b	27c	27d	27e	27f	27g	
24	21	1	1	1	1	3	56	56	56	...	1	...	50	4	1	...	...	
...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
24	21	1	1	1	1	3	56	56	56	..	1	...	50	4	1	...	...	
1,065	846	...	...	...	...	60	3,548	3,548	760	3,209	80	48	3,033	358	6	9	14	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
51	45	..	...	...	...	3	46	46	...	38	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,116	891	...	..	...	...	63	3,594	3,594	760	3,247	126	48	3,033	358	6	9	14	
21,161	15,071	87	2,254	1,808	1,246	1,620	90,259	2,894	98	90,062	287	296	79,024	7,209	16	1,302	2,125	
1,336	902	5	198	170	125	98	4,478	[illegible]	..	4,145	372	208	3,648	205	12	8	25	
22,497	15,973	92	2,452	1,978	1,365	1,718	94,737	3,349	98	94,205	659	504	82,672	7,414	28	1,310	2,150	
...	...	..	...	...	...	3	189	...	...	189	..	...	175	11	...	...	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	29	...	...	29	...	...	27	2	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
....	...	...	...	...	...	19	316	...	..	227	..	2	289	23	...	1	1	
...	...	..	...	23	15	2	89	...	...	89	...	...	89	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	23	15	25	623	...	.	534	...	2	580	36	...	1	4	
23,637	16,885	92	2,453	2,002	1,381	1,809	99,010	6,999	914	97,986	786	554	86,335	7,812	35	1,320	2,168	215 Girls in Boys' schools. 15 Boys in Girls' schools.
...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...			...	...	...	1	15	...	15	...	...	..	15	...	...	...	...	
...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...			...	For Boys ...	...	2	36	...	...	36	...	2	10	...	...	1	23	
				„ Girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...			...	For Boys ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
				„ Girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...			...	For Boys ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
				„ Girls ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
				Total ...	3	51	...	15	36	...	2	25	...	...	1	23		
				Grand Total ...	1,812	99,061	6,999	929	98,022	786	556	88,360	7,812	25	1,321	2,191		

Return of Expenditure on Public Instruction in the

Objects of Expenditure.	Under public management.							Under Public			
	Maintained by the Department.							Maintained by the District Boa			
	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.
1	2a	2b	2c	2d	2e	2f	2	3a	3b	3c	3d
	Rs.	R.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
University Education. — *Arts Colleges.*											
English	9,753	.	...	761	...	...	10,514	...	...	...	...
Oriental	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colleges or Departments of Colleges for Professional Training.											
Law	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medicine	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ..	9,753	.	...	761	...	...	10,514	...	...	...	...
School Education, General. — *Secondary Schools.*											
For Boys ... ... English ...	49,864	..	9,408	10,202	961	706	71,141	911	...	...	168
For Boys ... ... Vernacular	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For Girls ... ... English ..	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For Girls ... ... Vernacular	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ..	49,864	.	9,408	10,202	961	706	71,141	911	...	...	168
Primary Schools.											
For Boys	61,713	..	20,250	14,355	1,783	1,031	99,135	3,924	1,22,249	576	7,942
For Girls	7,890	.	1,946	...	37	24	9,897	...	4,561	50	...
Total ..	69,603	..	22,196	14,355	1,820	1,058	1,09,032	3,924	1,26,810	626	7,942
School Education, Special. — *Schools for Special Instruction.*											
Training schools for Masters ..	20,254	...	...	...	...	...	20,254	...	...	...	...
Training schools for Mistresses ...	6,058	.	...	...	...	...	6,058	...	...	...	...
Schools of Arts	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medical schools	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering and Surveying schools ...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Industrial schools	3,326	..	24	...	...	...	3,350	...	372	...	...
Other schools	...	..	...	...	...	930	930	...	...	...	...
Total ..	29,638	..	24	...	...	930	30,592	...	372	...	...
University	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Direction	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Inspection	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in... Arts Colleges ...	8,507	...	...	...	...	126	8,633	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in... Professional Colleges ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in... Secondary schools ...	10,077	...	...	...	...	358	10,435	124	...	...	...
Scholarships held in... Primary schools ...	3,858	...	66	...	...	49	3,973	1,451	461	...	...
Scholarships held in... Special schools other than training schools.	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
Buildings	12,659	..	2,088	...	360	250	15,357	14,493	1,963	50	...
Furniture and Apparatus (special grants only).	1,554	...	175	...	...	...	1,729	...	119	...	...
Miscellaneous	315	...	...	...	...	30,101	*30,416	...	...	...	...
Total ...	36,970	...	2,329	...	360	30,884	70,543	16,068	2,543	50	...
Total Expenditure on Public Instruction ...	1,95,828	...	33,057	25,318	3,141	33,578	2,91,822	20,903	1,29,725	676	8,110

* Book Depot charges ... ... Rs. 27,797
Value of books Lithographed in the Press ... ... „ 2,304
Grant for Vernacular literature ... ... „ 315

Total ... Rs. 30,416

tion.—3.

Central Provinces for the official year 1884-85.

INSTITUTIONS.

Management.										Under Private management.										
Council and Local rds.			Maintained by Feudatory States.							Aided by the Department or by the District Council or Municipal Boards.							Un-aided.			
Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Native State Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses levied in Native States.	Municipal Funds raised in Native States.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.
3e	3f	3	4a	4b	4c	4d	4e	4f	4	5a	5b	5c	5d	5e	5f	5	6a	6b	6c	6
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R.	R.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,335	...	...	546	...	3,433	6,313	36	...	600	636
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	.	...	...	...	..	..	..	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
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...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	..	..	..	..	...	...	..	2,335	...	...	546	...	3,432	6,313	36	...	600	636
840	...	1,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,249	..	3,132	5,070	1,774	8,112	31,337	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,101	...	135	957	320	478	2,991	...	...	...	...
840	...	1,919	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	14,350	...	3,267	6,027	2,094	8,590	34,328	...	...	...	...
2,465	409	1,37,565	3,575	...	..	...	...	...	3,575	28,231	...	4,230	7 112	6,067	8,687	54,327	330	37	2,604	2,971
...	...	4,611	305	...	...	...	...	..	305	6,815	...	1,284	4,714	7,220	1,461	21,494	...	1,236	968	2,204
2,465	409	1,42,176	3,880	...	...	...	...	...	3,880	35,046	..	5,514	11,826	13,287	10,148	75,821	330	1,273	3,572	5,175
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	372	...	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	326	326
...	...	372	...	.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	326	326
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1,021	...	..	..	...	..	1,021	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	1,625	.	...	...	...	...	1,625	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...
...	...	124	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	2,780	..	...	...	...	75	2,855	...	...	...	...
10	...	1,922	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
936	96	17,538	245	...	...	...	...	...	245	3,126	...	2,050	...	...	6,420	11,596	...	...	...	...
43	...	162	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
989	96	19,746	1,266	...	...	...	..	...	1,266	7,576	...	2,050	...	..	6,495	16,121	...	...	...	...
4,294	505	1,64,213	5,146	...	...	...	...	...	5,146	59,307	..	10,831	18,399	15,381	28,665	1,32,583	366	1,237	4,498	6,137

Return of Expenditure on Public Instruction in the Central Provinces for the official year 1884-85.

Objects of Expenditure.			Total Expenditure from.					Grand Total.
			Provincial revenues.	Local rates or cesses	Municipal funds.	Fees.	All other sources.	
			7a	7b	7c	7d	7e	7
University Education.	*Arts Colleges.*		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	English	...	12,088	...	...	1,343	4,032	17,463
	Oriental	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Colleges or Departments of Colleges for Professional Training.							
	Law	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Medicine	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Engineering	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	12,088	...	...	1,343	4,032	17,463
School Education, General.	*Secondary Schools.*							
	For Boys ...	English ...	64,024	...	12,540	15,440	12,393	1,04,397
		Vernacular.	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For Girls ...	English ..	1,101	...	135	957	798	2,991
		Vernacular.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	65,125	...	12,675	16,397	13,191	1,07,388
	Primary Schools.							
	For Boys	... ...	93,868	1,22,249	25,056	29,739	26,661	2,07,573
	For Girls	... ...	14,705	4,561	3,280	4,714	11,251	38,511
		Total ...	1,08,573	1,26,810	28,336	34,453	37,912	3,36,084
School Education, Special.	*Schools for Special Instruction.*							
	Training schools for Masters	...	20,254	...	...	...	...	20,254
	Training schools for Mistresses	...	6,058	...	...	...	...	6,058
	Schools of Arts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Law schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Medical schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Engineering and Surveying schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial schools	...	3,326	372	24	...	...	3,722
	Other schools	...	...	...	...	...	1,256	1,256
		Total ...	29,638	372	24	...	1,256	31,290
University	... ...		...	...	...	...	...	...
Direction	... ...		25,743	...	...	...	...	25,743
Inspection	... ...		83,501	...	...	...	1,021	84,522
Scholarships held in...	Arts College	..	10,132	...	...	...	126	10,258
	Professional Colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Secondary schools	...	12,981	...	...	...	433	13,413
	Primary schools	...	5,354	461	66	...	59	5,940
	Special schools other than Training schools.		...	...	...	...	...	...
Buildings	... ...		30,278	1,963	4,188	...	8,307	44,736
Furniture and Apparatus (Special grants only).			1,554	119	175	...	43	1,891
Miscellaneous	... ...		315	...	...	...	30,101	30,416
		Total ...	1,69,858	2,543	4,429	...	40,090	2,16,920
Total Expenditure on Public Instruction		...	3,85,282	1,29,725	45,464	52,193	96,481	7,09,145

B.—Education

List of Government Colleges and Scholars of all schools and colleges aided and inspected by Government in the several districts under the administration of the Central Provinces.

Name of Districts and Native States.	Vernacular spoken.	Area in square miles.	Estimate of population.	Number of Schools.	Number of Scholars on the roll on the 31st March 1885.	Average number of square miles to each school.	Percentage of scholars to population.	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Balaghat ...	Hindi	3,146	340,554	49	2,285	64·2	·67	
Betul ...	Hindi and Marathi	3,905	304,905	65	3,167	60·0	1·03	
Bilaspur ..	Hindi	7,798	1,017,327	89	5,422	87·6	·53	
Bhandara ...	Marathi	3,922	683,779	155	6,303	25·3	·92	
Chanda ..	Marathi and Telugu ...	10,785	649,146	90	4,649	119·8	·71	
Chhindwara ...	Marathi and Hindi	3,915	372,899	45	2,161	87·0	·59	
Damoh ...	Hindi and Urdu	2,799	312,957	67	3,028	41·7	·96	
Hosbangabad ...	Marathi, Hindi and Urdu ...	4,437	488,787	96	4,835	46·2	·98	
Jubbulpore ..	Hindi and Urdu	3,918	687,233	167	9,567	23·4	1·39	
Nagpur ..	Marathi	3,786	697,356	198	11,748	19·1	1·06	
Mandla ..	Hindi and Urdu	4,719	301,760	40	1,663	117·9	·55	
Nimar ...	Hindi and Marathi	3,340	231,341	89	4,676	37·5	2·02	
Narsinghpur ...	Hindi and Urdu	1,916	365,173	95	5,644	20·1	1·54	
Seoni ...	Hindi	3,247	334,733	43	2,326	75·5	·69	
Saugor ...	Hindi and Urdu	4,005	564,950	96	6,463	41·7	1·14	
Raipur ...	Hindi	11,885	1,405,171	178	12,047	66·7	·85	
Sambalpur ...	Hindi and Uria	4,521	693,499	144	8,220	31·3	1·18	
Wardha ...	Marathi	2,401	387,221	106	4,857	22·6	1·25	
		84,445	9,838,791	1,812	99,061	54·8	1· 0	

C.—Scientific and Literary.

1.—Scientific and Literary Societies for 1884-85.

Names.	Object.	Income.		Number.	When established.	Remarks.
		Fund endowments.	Fund subscriptions.			
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
SAUGOR.						
Hit Sabha Saugor, with its branches at the following places ...	Political and Educational objects having separate sections ...	.....	90 8 0	17	15th December 1874.	
Rebli ...	Do. do. ...	.....	.....	20	May 1879.	
Khurai ...	Do. do. ...	.....	... ..	12	25th August 1879.	
Banda ...	Do. do. ..	.....	.. ...	27	September 1879.	
HtS abha, Newspaper and Reading Club ...	The purchase and circulation of newspapers ...	.....	62 7 10	5	1st November 1873.	
BURHANPUR.						
Native General Library, Burhanpur..	Reading newspapers and books ...	.....	488 8 6	45	1870.	
Morris Memorial Library, Khandwa..	Do. do. ...	75 0 0	206 14 6	51	1875.	
Prayatnik Sabha, Burhanpur ..	To encourage vernacular literature ...	.....	.....	25	1882.	
Students Meeting, Burhanpur ..	To lecture upon education ...	.....	.. ...	25	1882.	
DAMOH.						
General Library and Club ..	To enable persons of limited means to increase their knowledge by the perusal of respectable newspapers and periodicals ...	.....	49 8 0	365	17th July 1877.	
BETUL.						
Badnur Reading Club ..	Self-improvement ...	66 0 0	70 0 0	48	1st August 1884.	
Betul Reading Club ..	Do. do. ...	.....	87 0 0	50	1st February 1885.	
NAGPUR.						
Native General Library, Nagpur ...	Propagation of general knowledge ...	150 0 0	300 0 0	41	1863.	
Sitabaldi Reading Room ..	Reading newspapers ...	.....	225 0 0	55	1866.	
Umrer ...	To promote learning ...	.....	48 0 0	10	1st January 1867.	

WARDHA.							
Native General Library, Wardha	... Public Improvement	...	.....	250 0 0	30	September 1870.	
Arvi Elocution Encouraging Society	... Encouragement to Elocution	...	50 0 0	75 0 0	200	1877.	
Native General Library, Arvi	... Diffusion of knowledge	...	*75 11 6	60 0 0	20	1874.	*60 Municipal grant. 9 From Government. 36 From Government.
Public Library, Hinganghat	... To promote the cause of Education	...	.....	500 0 0	73	July 1883.	
Balsabha do.	... To create emulation amongst pupils of Primary schools	...	.....	59 0 0	200	1884.	
BHANDARA.							
Bhandara Public Library	... Public Improvement	...	.....	†485 2 6	42	February 1864.	†Out of this sum the Municipal contribution is Rs. 100.
CHHINDWARA.							
Station Library and Reading Club	... Self-Improvement	...	.....	141 3 0	23	January 1881.	
SAMBALPUR.							
Sambalpur Book Club	... Purchase and circulation of useful books, newspapers and periodicals.	.....		420 0 0	8	1862.	
JABALPUR.							
Vidhya Prasarak Sabha	... Scientific and Literary	...	.....	.....	...	.....	Has long ceased to exist.
Swedesh Hitai Shirri Sabha	... Literary and Political	...	.....	35 4 0	125	11th March 1883.	
Majani Sabha, Murwara	... For Sanscrit Education	...	32 0 0	79 0 0	27	1st September 1884.	
Balbodhini Sabha, Sihora	... Scientific and Literary	...	.....	.....	60	16th August 1884.	
Anjuman Islamia, Jabalpur	... The object of this Association as its name implies is as follows:— (1) To educate Mahomedan boys both in religious and secular subjects. (2) To maintain orphans and unclaimed children and to look after their Education. (3) To assist the poor and to look after Mahomedan vagrants. (4) To look after Mosques and Maqbaras and other Mahomedan buildings. (5) To accept the proprietorship of property which any Mahomedan holds for charity or for social benefit. (6) The improvement of Mahomedans and the care of their rights and privileges with especial appeals to the Government if necessary. (7) To consider the legislative enactment of Government and the action of the Local Administration.		240 0 0	420 0 0	35	1877.	

2—.The Press.

1	2	3	4	5	6
District.	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	Newspaper.	Periodicals.	Remarks.
Hoshangabad ...	The Niyaya Sudha ...	Sadasheo Ramchandra Patwardhan, Harda ...	Nyaya Sudha ...	...	Anglo-Marathi paper.
Do. ..	The Satya Prakash ...	Balwant Rao Gopal Kekre, Harda. .	Do. ...	...	Only Miscellaneous forms are lithographed.
Do. ...	The Mouj-i-Narbada ...	Moulvi Abdul Karim ...	The Mouj-i-Narbada ..	...	One Urdu and one Hindi paper.
Nimar { Khandwa ..	Subodh Sindu ...	Laxmon Anant ...	Weekly paper ...	...	
Nimar { Burhanpur ...	Arya Vaibhao ...	Raghunath Balkrishna Bhide ...	Do. ...	...	
Seoni ...	Hatty Daroo Press ...	Cawasji Meharwanji Hatty Daroo .	Do. ...	...	Job work only.
Jubbulpore ..	Star Press ...	Mrs. J. Blanchett ...	Do. ...	...	Job work and Miscellaneous forms, &c., are executed at the Press.
	Albert Press ...	Anjuman Islamia ...	Do. ...	...	Only job work.
	Anjuman Press ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	...	Do.
	Imperial Press, Sadar Bazaar ...	N. Narainsawmy Naidu ...	Do ...	Saraswati Vilas.	A Monthly Magazine in Hindi, published from 1st March 1885—Price Rs. 2 per annum inclusive of postage: circulates 200 copies only. Job work is executed.
Nagpur	Nagpur News ...	Sitaram Pant ...	Nil. ...	Nil.	Job work is done at these Presses.
	Empress Times ...	Narain Waijnath ...	Weekly Newspaper ...	,,	
	Muthba-usmania ...	Moulvi Abdul Rahim ...	Nil. ...	,,	
	Chandrodya ...	Sakharam Vittal ...	,, ...	,,	
	Famindrapur ...	Krishnaji Pant ...	,, ...	,,	
	Albert Press ...	J. Bailey ...	,, ...	,,	
	Tarjuman ...	Mahomed Oosman ...	English and Urdu ...	,,	

VI.—STATISTICS OF LIFE.

V. 1.—Deaths registered from different causes in the Districts and Towns of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8					9	10	11							
Number.	Districts and Towns.	Population according to Census of 1881.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Bowel complaints.	Injuries					All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.							
							Suicide.		Wounding or accident.	Snake bite or killed by wild beasts.	Total.			Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Bowel complaints.	Injuries.	All other causes.	From all causes.	
							Males.	Females												For the year.	Mean of previous 5 years.
	A.—DISTRICTS.																				
	Vindhyan Division.																				
1	Saugor ...	491,106	...	38	8,813	2,189	22	27	161	108	318	4,581	16 207	0·00	0·79	17·94	4 29	0·65	9·33	33·00	36·58
2	Damoh ...	297,967	...	39	4,730	1,043	14	9	113	87	223	3,316	9,708	0·00	1·53	15·87	3 50	0·75	11·13	32·58	37 43
3	Murwara ...	119,104	...	79	2,187	512	4	8	57	23	92	1,661	4,831	0·00	0·53	16·68	3·43	0 62	11·14	32·40	31·78
	Nerbudda Division.																				
4	Jubbulpore ..	442,533	15	38	6,741	1,913	26	12	141	47	220	5,699	14,626	0·03	0·09	15·23	4·32	0·50	12·88	33·05	39·59
5	Narsinghpur ..	346,851	5	93	8,978	858	14	10	111	42	177	1,497	11,608	0·01	0·27	25·88	2·47	0·51	4·32	38·46	36·90
6	Hoshangabad ..	443,657	...	51	9,907	2,489	17	7	107	47	178	1,028	13,653	0·00	0·11	22·33	5·61	0·40	2·32	30·77	28·20
7	Nimar ..	138,858	79	24	2,422	513	3	2	52	22	79	1,202	4,319	0·57	0·17	17·44	3·69	0·57	8·66	31·10	36·02
	Satpura Division.																				
8	Burhanpur ..	47,106	3	1	750	142	1	...	11	3	15	265	1,176	0·06	0·02	15 92	3 01	0·32	5·63	24·96	30·25
9	Mandla ..	295,498	...	43	5,489	479	6	5	69	83	163	1,083	7,257	0·00	0·15	18·58	1·62	0·55	3·66	24·56	32·49
10	Betul ..	292,609	...	91	2,554	919	6	12	95	37	150	3,655	7.369	0·00	0·31	8 73	3·14	9 51	12·49	25·18	30 61
11	Chhindwara ...	282,917	...	318	4,533	672	6	15	61	27	109	2,783	8,415	0·00	1 12	16·02	2·38	0·38	9 84	29 74	30·43
12	Seoni ..	323,024	..	76	6,764	231	5	17	81	51	154	725	7,950	0·00	0 24	20·94	0·71	0·48	2 24	24·61	31·06
13	Balaghat ..	336,418	...	20	7,061	135	7	8	125	56	196	942	8 354	0 00	0·06	20·99	0 40	0·58	2·80	24·83	33·60
	Wainganga Division.																				
14	Bhandara ...	650,326	...	486	13,935	83	30	28	196	57	311	2,578	17,393	0·00	0·74	21 43	0·13	0·48	3 96	26·74	33 49
15	Nagpur ..	480,737	...	743	3,852	513	17	28	90	28	163	7,909	13,180	0·00	1·55	8 01	1·07	0·34	16·45	27·42	31·78
16	Wardha ...	342,462	...	788	3,057	545	5	7	99	33	144	3,565	8,049	0·00	2·15	8·93	1·59	0 42	10 41	23 50	29 52
17	Chanda ..	501,926	29	355	6,713	815	14	20	159	44	237	5,092	13,241	0 00	0·71	13 40	1·63	0·47	10·16	26 43	29·62
	Mahanadi Division.																				
18	Raipur ...	1,098,630	...	40	18,822	2,295	32	12	623	92	759	5.196	27,112	0·00	0·04	17·13	2·09	0·69	4·73	24 68	32·12
19	Bilaspur ...	743,321	...	285	17,178	379	18	17	160	47	242	1,079	19,163	0·00	0 38	23·11	0·51	0·33	1·45	25·78	33 85
20	Sambalpur ..	355,943	...	15	2,676	3,089	7	7	96	40	150	1,364	7,894	0·00	0·04	7·52	10 36	0·42	3 83	22·17	25·70
	Total of Districts ...	8,060,093	131	4,279	1,37,462	20,334	248	251	2,607	974	4,080	55,220	221,505	0·02	0·53	17·05	2 52	0·51	6·85	27·48	31·90

V. 2.—STATEMENT showing the diseases of the in-door and out-door patients treated in the Dispensaries of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

1	2	3																													4	5	
		DISEASES																														Operations.	
		General Diseases.																															
		Order A. Febrile or Zymotic diseases.			Order B. Constitutional diseases.																												
Number of Dispensaries.	Name of District.	Small pox.	Malarious fever, ague and remittent.	Cholera.	Other diseases of this order	Rheumatic affections.	Syphilitic affections.	Scrofula.	Anæmia.	Leprosy.	Phthisis	Dropsy.	Other diseases of this order	Opthalmia.	Inflammation of the external ear.	Goitre.	Respiratory affections.	Heart diseases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Worms.	Liver diseases.	Spleen diseases.	Gonorrhœa and its complications.	Abscess, boils, and whitlow.	Skin diseases.	Ulcer.	Labour premature, natural and difficult.	Other local diseases.	Debility and old age.	Poison and poisoned wounds.	Injuries.	Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated in each district.	Major.	Minor.
8	Saugor ...	4	8,807	...	639	2,880	600	115	208	68	9	35	151	10,565	2,467	1	3,098	8	1,182	1,040	133	28	276	598	2,665	7,188	6,455	1	7,083	488	187	1,213	58,137	48	2,227
5	Damoh ...	4	1,989	...	178	613	103	5	60	20	2	22	16	2,010	861	...	685	2	315	267	24	25	65	78	758	2,718	1,652	...	1,986	68	9	474	15,919	13	415
7	Jubbulpore...	2	9,456	...	993	2,844	796	34	352	50	38	64	179	4,985	2,053	...	5,920	32	1,674	2,212	457	263	729	1,088	2,777	5,132	4,786	6	10,093	880	191	1,325	59,445	116	2,683
3	Narsinghpur....	...	2,859	11	41	719	207	11	85	21	3	21	15	2,807	629	1	910	2	318	421	21	40	124	243	827	2,500	1,503	1	2,871	151	28	531	18,047	60	483
6	Hoshangabad	2	8,796	7	465	1,560	313	7	41	15	12	20	23	3,113	963	1	2,835	15	750	1,065	104	70	209	578	1,485	3,900	264	42	4,737	187	183	692	35,433	50	1,363
5	Nimar ...	...	6,837	11	165	1,121	630	27	272	21	20	29	92	2,038	1,172	...	2,570	17	1,015	1,516	300	204	345	588	1,065	3,420	2,815	6	4,456	206	175	567	32,267	34	785
2	Mandla ...	..	1,764	..	16	295	51	...	28	7	4	3	1	441	153	...	460	3	175	172	11	11	61	52	179	364	330	...	1,192	60	35	116	6,711	2	197
2	Betul ...	..	2,673	1	97	479	77	11	68	9	8	11	83	474	236	1	780	59	252	222	256	11	80	138	212	1,397	1,580	5	2,202	68	37	109	11,631	7	192
2	Chhindwara..	1	1,589	...	31	433	47	17	5	20	2	3	219	1,324	558	6	785	1	185	114	32	19	83	85	314	890	1,715	...	1,141	2	43	335	9,999	22	467
2	Seoni ...	11	5,020	...	120	556	105	15	82	22	...	29	287	1,508	374	...	1,231	8	506	422	291	52	131	190	926	1,611	906	..	2,036	128	52	291	16,999	21	926
3	Balaghat ...	..	2,721	...	10	536	140	2	47	12	3	13	18	976	203	2	1,131	2	203	236	153	17	147	130	526	1,048	1,228	1	1,910	94	24	130	12,552	8	114
5	Bhandara ...	1	9,625	...	46	1,185	147	7	37	18	1	12	310	2,435	1,115	...	2,504	3	540	2,405	2,582	40	381	304	992	3,501	4,983	3	3,985	113	135	516	37,997	24	787
10	Nagpur ...	20	36,913	...	621	5,557	1,795	235	905	210	198	100	620	15,939	9,011	15	13,766	91	2,619	4,216	4,814	391	746	2,586	6,450	12,460	22,273	12	27,172	2,131	1,203	5,631	178,696	230	4,483
5	Wardha ...	3	5,633	...	117	936	213	20	138	34	20	9	111	1,596	823	...	1,189	7	397	317	552	52	125	93	995	2,456	3,151	10	4,189	170	109	600	24,647	14	617
7	Chanda ...	2	8,963	...	3	2,256	182	6	93	16	12	28	6	4,243	1,493	1	2,478	2	527	702	2,701	72	209	348	1,378	3,907	4,714	1	10,289	195	94	433	45,442	8	432
5	Raipur ...	...	10,824	..	25	2,031	403	8	148	29	5	66	60	3,280	1,743	7	3,630	8	914	1,[illegible]	2,362	43	277	747	1,395	3,944	5,427	2	9,243	345	92	648	48,607	53	957
3	Bilaspur ...	7	4,212	...	342	783	327	26	156	28	16	25	38	2,349	427	6	1,538	9	811	880	519	25	145	419	412	926	1,445	11	3,190	141	106	386	19,308	37	608
2	Sambalpur ...	..	2,645	...	42	1,160	189	8	108	5	11	16	7	820	467	...	953	...	342	793	3,317	3	143	222	340	1,497	1,947	3	5,302	7	15	421	20,783	32	605
82	Total ...	57	131,386	30	3,951	25,947	6,352	554	2,829	615	376	506	2,235	62,402	24,691	44	46,737	269	12,711	17,335	18,748	1,366	4,271	8,729	23,634	60,163	70,351	104	103,071	5,523	2,714	14,418	652,620	779	18,341

V. 3.—STATEMENT showing particulars of Vaccination in the Central Provinces during the year 1884-85.

Number.	District.	Population of districts according to Census of 1881.	Average population per square mile.	Average number of vaccinators employed throughout the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated			Average number of persons vaccinated by each vaccinator.	Primary vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of successful cases.		Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Average annual number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years.		Average annual number of deaths from Small-pox during previous five years.	
									Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.		Number.	Ratio per 1,000.	Number.	Ratio per 1,000.
										Under one year.	Over one and under six years	Total of all ages.									
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
					Male.	Female.	Total.														
1	Saugor ..	564,950	141·06	12	9,507	9,201	18,708	1,556	18,216	12,708	4,408	17,349	492	373	95·24	75·08	31·37	19,651	34·78	528	0·93
2	Damoh ...	312,957	111·81	6	5,186	5,113	10,599	1,745	10,589	9,338	665	10,087	...	...	95·17	...	32·23	10,603	33·88	353	1·13
3	Jubbulpore ..	686,606	175 40	13	14,763	12,556	27,319	2,101	27,305	12,804	10,847	25 988	14	6	95 18	42·86	37 86	21,453	31·24	1,063	1·55
4	Narsinghpur ..	365,173	190·59	8	6,565	6,303	12,868	1,608	12,868	10,236	2,251	12 676	..	...	98·51	.	34·71	12,671	34 70	185	0·51
5	Hoshangabad ..	488,594	110·12	9	7,268	7,335	14,603	1,623	14,379	10,975	3,441	13,968	224	217	97·14	96 87	29 03	15,906	32 55	198	0·41
6	Nimar ...	231,123	69 26	6	6,456	5,882	12,338	1,971	12 313	8,529	2,824	11,959	25	5	97·12	20 00	51·76	9,907	42·86	206	0·89
7	Mandla ..	301,760	62 94	7	8,305	7,599	15,904	2,261	15,904	4,936	5,50	15,733	...	...	98 94	...	52·14	12,970	42·98	273	0·90
8	Betul ...	304,905	78 08	8	5,342	6,401	11.743	1,468	9.913	9,036	493	9,567	1,830	1,324	96·51	72 35	35·72	11,021	36·15	161	0·53
9	Chhindwara ...	366,040	95 65	8	8,728	12,099	20.827	2,609	12,897	10,753	1,507	12.757	7,932	5,608	98·93	70·70	50·05	13,443	36 64	46	0 13
10	Seoni ...	334,733	103 09	8	9,052	8,437	17.489	2,165	17,427	9,605	7,344	16,911	62	62	97 04	100·00	50·71	14,683	43·86	349	1·04
11	Balaghat ...	340,554	108·27	6	7,278	7,019	14.297	2 370	12,285	6,345	5,087	11,890	2,012	1,230	96 78	61·13	38·53	10,674	31·34	473	1·39
12	Bhandara ..	683,779	174 34	10	9,799	9.555	19,354	1,903	19,335	7,472	11,038	18,753	19	17	96 99	89·47	27·45	18,059	26·41	487	0·71
13	Nagpur ..	697,356	184·19	15	12,709	11.513	24.213	1.614	24,045	14,581	8,582	23,407	168	150	97 34	89·29	33·78	23,063	33·07	103	0·15
14	Wardha ..	387,221	161 27	7	8,761	7.311	16,075	2,154	15,896	8,949	6,800	15.382	179	175	96 77	97 77	40·18	13,828	35 71	93	0·24
15	Chanda ...	534.245	49 53	11	9,060	8,235	17 295	1 544	16,665	6,811	6,454	14,878	630	499	89·28	79·21	28·78	16,533	30·94	243	0·45
16	Raipur ..	1,240,345	142·17	21	23,335	21.125	44.460	2,079	44,372	8,577	30,947	42,712	88	76	96·26	86 36	34·50	32,340	26·07	2,373	1·91
17	Bilaspur ...	1,021,972	150 33	19	18,450	17,584	36,034	1,883	36,034	10,451	21,229	34,650	...	..	96 16	..	33·91	29,007	28·38	879	0·86
18	Sambalpur ...	551,358	146·71	12	13,286	13,036	26,322	2,193	26,302	2,775	21,551	26,106	20	20	99 25	100·00	47·38	24,476	44·39	275	0·50
	Total for the Province (Exclusive of Feudatory States.)	9,414,571	118 51	186	184,144	176,304	360,448	1,918	346,753	161,581	150,981	334,775	13,695	9,762	96·55	71·28	36·59	310,288	32·96	8,288	0·88

V. 4.—STATEMENT showing the cost of the Vaccination Department in the Central Provinces, during the year 1884-85.

Number.	District.	Establishment.								Expenditure.				Paid from.					Total.	Number of all successful vaccinations and re-vaccinations.	Average cost of each successful case.
		Superintendent General.	Superintendent of District.	Deputy Superintendent.	Native Superintendent	Vaccinators. 1st class.	Vaccinators. 2nd class.	Vaccinators. 3rd class.	Buggies and other servants.	Pay of establishment.	Travelling allowance.	Contingencies.	Total cost.	Imperial funds.	Provincial funds.	Local funds.	Municipalities.	Native States.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
										Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
1	Saugor ...	...	1	..	1	5	4	3	3	1,821 0 0	141 4 0	28 13 0	1,991 1 0	...	1,571 1 0	... ..	420 0 0	... ..	1,991 1 0	17,722	0 1 8¾
2	Damoh ...	..	1	..	1	4	1	1	2	1,136 0 0	210 0 0	11 12 6	1,357 12 6	...	1,357 12 6	.....	... ..	.....	1,357 12 6	10,087	0 2 1¾
3	Jubbulpore ...	..	1	...	1	3	4	6	2	1,937 14 5	170 10 0	10 4 6	2,118 12 11	...	2,022 12 11	... ..	96 0 0	... ..	2,118 12 11	25,994	0 1 3¼
4	Narsinghpur ...	..	1	...	1	3	4	1	2	1,211 6 10	243 13 0	... ..	1,485 3 10	...	1,485 3 10	.....	... ..	.....	1,485 3 10	12,676	0 1 10½
5	Hoshangabad ...	...	1	...	1	4	3	2	2	1,416 2 0	146 0 0	16 4 0	1,578 6 0	..	1,578 6 0	.....	.....	.....	1,578 6 0	14,185	0 1 9½
6	Nimar ...	.	1	..	1	2	1	3	3	1,029 6 10	553 5 6	18 12 9	1,601 8 4	...	1,601 8 4	.....	.....	.....	1,601 8 4	11,964	0 2 1¾
7	Mandla ...	..	1	..	1	4	2	1	1	1,262 0 0	63 0 0	8 6 0	1,333 6 0	...	1,333 6 0	.. ..	.....	.....	1,333 6 0	15,735	0 1 4¼
8	Betul ...	..	1	..	1	4	2	2	2	1,325 14 9	3 14 2	5 0 0	1,334 12 11	...	1,334 12 11	.....	.....	... ..	1,334 12 11	10,891	0 1 11½
9	Cuhindwara ...	..	1	..	1	6	2		3	1,244 9 5	291 8 0	11 8 9	1,547 10 2	...	1,547 10 2	... ..	... ..	... ..	1,547 10 2	18,365	0 1 4
10	Seoni ...	..	1	..	1	6	2	..	2	1,494 0 0	163 8 0	21 10 2	1,679 2 2	...	1,679 2 2	.....	... ..	... ..	1,679 2 2	16,973	0 1 5⁷
11	Balaghat ...	..	1	..	1	....	2	4	1	1,003 4 11	79 8 0	1 3 6	1,084 0 5	..	1,084 0 5	.....	.....	.....	1,084 0 5	13,120	0 1 3¾
12	Bhandara ...	..	1	..	1	6	1	3	2	1,678 13 4	238 8 0	6 13 6	1,924 2 10	..	1,924 2 10	.....	.....	.....	1,924 2 10	18 770	0 1 7¼
13	Nagpur ...	..	1	..	1	5	6	4	2	2,242 5 2	14 0 0	73 10 6	2,329 15 8	...	1,924 9 6	... ..	405 6 2	.....	2,329 15 8	23,757	0 1 7
14	Wardha ...	..	1	..	1	4	3	...	2	1,372 11 4	55 4 0	14 4 0	1,440 3 4	...	1,440 3 4	.....	.....	.....	1,440 3 4	15,557	0 1 5¾
15	Chanda ...	..	1	..	1	4	2	5	2	1,639 13 7	118 4 0	1 12 0	1,759 13 7	..	1,759 13 7	... ..	.....	.....	1,759 13 7	15,377	0 1 10
16	Raipur ...	..	1	..	2	3	7	11	2	2,882 2 8	287 0 0	34 5 0	3,202 7 8	...	3,202 7 8	.....	... ..	.....	3,202 7 8	42,788	0 1 2¼
17	Bilaspur ...	..	1	..	1	6	3	10	2	2,459 8 0	259 8 0	14 10 6	2,733 10 6	...	2,733 10 6	.....	.....	.....	2,733 10 6	34,650	0 1 3
18	Sambalpur ...	..	1	..	1	3	3	6	1	1,491 7 8	380 0 0	15 0 0	1,886 7 8	...	1,886 7 8	.....	...8.	.....	1,886 7 8	26,126	0 1 1¼
	One-third of salary of Sanitary Commissioner.	...	...	....	....	....	....	..	..	7,200 0 0	.. ...	... ..	7,200 0 0	..	7.200 0 0	.....	.....	.....	7,200 0 0	...	.....
	Total of Province... (Exclusive of Feudatory States.)	.	18	...	19	72	52	62	36	35,877 8 11	3,416 14 8	294 1 11	39,588 9 6	...	38,667 3 4	.....	921 6 2	.....	39,588 9 6	344,537	0 1 10¾

NOTE.—The figures for Raipur, Bilaspur and Sambalpur include those of the Zamindaris in which vaccination is carried on at the expense of the Zamindaris.

V. 5—STATEMENT showing Dispensary Vaccination in the Central Provinces during year 1884-85.

District.	Number of dispensaries in each district to which a vaccinator is attached.	Average number of vaccinators attached to dispensaries during the season.	Total number of persons vaccinatdd.	Average number of persons vaccinated by each vaccinator.	Primary Vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of successful cases.	
					Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.
						Under one year.	One and under six.	Total of all ages.				
1	2	3	4	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Saugor	.....	.....	1,474	.....	1,386	1,171	167	1,344	88	82	96 97	93·18
Damoh	.....	.....	974	.....	974	607	171	874	.....	.....	89·61	.....
Jubbulpore	.....	.....	5,571	.....	4,891	3,071	1,230	4,508	680	452	92·17	66·47
Narsinghpur	.....	.....	733	.....	733	596	90	688	.....	...	93 86	.....
Hoshangabad	.....	.....	2,493	.....	2,493	1,963	222	2,210	.....	...	88·65	.....
Nimar	.....	.....	413	.....	409	317	48	365	4	...	89·24	.....
Mandla	.....	.....	368	.....	368	267	90	367	.....	...	99 73	.....
Betul	.....	.....	442	.....	428	338	60	404	14	8	94 39	57·14
Chiudwara	.....	.....	2,229	.....	1,500	1,421	36	1,480	729	593	98·67	81·34
Seoni	.....	.....	661	.....	661	253	329	633	.....	.....	95·76	.....
Balaghat	.....	.....	410	.....	371	180	137	354	39	20	95·42	51·28
Bhandara	.....	.....	1,140	.....	1,136	540	564	1,104	4	3	97·18	75·00
Nagpur	.....	.....	1,272	.....	1,205	869	182	1,056	67	59	87·63	88·06
Wardha	.....	.....	1,117	.....	1,109	515	377	973	8	6	87·74	75·00
Chanda	.....	.....	1,350	.....	1,350	727	452	1,238	.....	.....	91·70	...
Raipur	.....	.....	2,558	.....	2,551	1,285	917	2,303	7	6	90·28	85·71
Bilaspur	.....	.....	669	.....	669	233	362	607	.....	.....	90·73	.....
Sambalpur	.....	.....	586	.....	578	66	424	504	8	7	87·20	87·50
Total of Province (exclusive of Feudatory States)..	.....	.....	24,460	.....	22,812	14,749	5,858	21,012	1,648	1,236	9,211	75·00